

REF: CHEMFAB/SEC/2023-2024

Date: 05th August 2023

BSE Limited	National Stock Exchange of India Limited
Corporate Relationship Department	The Manager, Listing Department
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,	"Exchange Plaza"
Dalal Street,	Bandra - Kurla Complex, Bandra (E)
Mumbai- 400 001.	Mumbai - 400 051
BSE – Scrip Code: 541269	NSE Symbol: CHEMFAB

Sub: Submission of Annual Report for the Financial Year 2022-2023

Ref: Regulation 34, 42, 43 & 44 of Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015

We wish to inform you that the 14th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company is Schedule to be held on Tuesday, 29th August 2023 at 10:00 AM (IST) through Video Conferencing ("VC")/Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM")

In line with requirement of Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, we are submitting herewith the Notice of Annual General Meeting along with 14th Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year 2022-2023. The Annual Report has been uploaded on the website and it is available at <u>https://chemfabalkalis.com/investors/</u>.

The Schedule of the AGM is set out below:

Event	Date	Time
Relevant Date/Cut-off Date to vote on AGM resolution	22-08-2023	NA
Record Date for Dividend	22-08-2023	NA
Book Closure Period	23-08-2023 to	NA
	29-08-2023 (both	
	days inclusive)	
Commencement of E-voting	26-08-2023	09:00 AM (IST)
End of E-voting	28-08-2023	05:00 PM (IST)
Annual General Meeting	29-08-2023	10:00 AM (IST)

Kindly take above information on records.

Thanking You,

Yours Faithfully,

For CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED

B. Vignesh Ram Company Secretary & Compliance officer







ANNUAL REPORT 2022-23

Technological dynamism with environmental commitment



A tribute to one of the greatest Technocrats, Innovators and Visionaries of our times



Dr C.H.Krishnamurthi Rao 7.11.1940-19.1.2012

Founder Chairman-Chemfab Team Group of Companies Dr Rao Holdings Pte Ltd., Singapore

We at CCAL pledge to carry forward your legacy and fulfil your cherished dreams.

DIRECTORS

Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Mr. C.S. Ramesh Mr. R. Mahendran Mr. Nitin S Cowlagi Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan Mr. A. Janakiraman Mrs. Drushti Desai Mr. T. Ramabadhran

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER Mr.V.M.Srinivasan

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER Mr.S. Prasath

COMPANY SECRETARY Mr.B.Vignesh Ram

AUDITOR

M/s Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP ASVN Ramana Tower, #52, Venkatanarayana Road, T. Nagar, Chennai-600017

BANKERS TO THE COMPANY

Axis Bank Limited, 6, St. Ange Street, Puducherry Branch, Puducherry-605001

REGISTERED OFFICE

"TEAM House", GST Salai, Vandalur, Chennai-600048 Phone : +91-44-22750323/24, Fax:+91-44-22750860 Email : chemfabalkalis@drraoholdings.com Website : www.chemfabalkalis.com CIN No : L24290TN2009PLC071563

FACTORIES PUDUCHERRY

'Gnanananda Place', Kalapet, Puducherry-605014 Phone : +91-413-2655111, Fax: +91-413-2655125 Email : chemfabalkalis@drraoholdings.com Website : www.chemfabalkalis.com

SALT FIELDS

Kanthadu Village, Tindivanam Taluk, Villupuram District Mariyur Salai, Sayalkudi, Ramnad District

MARKETING OFFICE

1A, Jeyam Kondar Towers, First floor 12/40, Murray's Gate Road, Alwarpet, Chennai - 600018 Phone : +91-44-42031444 / +91-44-24987874 Email :chemfabmktg@drraoholdings.com Website : www.chemfabalkalis.com

REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

M/s Cameo Corporate Services Ltd. Subramanian Building, 1 Club House Road, Chennai-600002 Phone: +91-44-28460390 / 28460395, Fax:+91-44-28460129 Email : cameo@cameoindia.com, Website:www.cameoonline.net Chairman, Non - Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Independent Director Independent Director Independent Director Independent Director

HDFC Bank Ltd 16, Centigo Bldg, 100 Feet Rd, Ellaipillaichavady, Puducherry - 605005

SRI CITY

No.650, Chigurapalem Road Sri City, Tada, Andhra Pradesh 517646







Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Chairman

CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH FY 2022-2023

Dear Shareowners,

Reflecting on the Financial Year 2022-23, I am pleased to share some remarkable achievements and notable developments of our company amid the challenging global landscape.

In the past year, the world made significant progress in managing the impact of COVID-19, leading to a return to normalcy. However, the global economy faced uncertainty and volatility due to geopolitical tensions arising from the ongoing Russia-Ukraine conflict. Despite these challenges, our company remained resilient and leveraged on market opportunities, ultimately enhancing shareholder value. I am delighted to share that the year witnessed remarkable improvements in our performance, with record-breaking revenue and profits, making it a highly satisfactory year for all stakeholders.

Chlor-Alkali Segment:

During the year, the Caustic Soda Lye market experienced huge volatility throughout the year. Prices had a huge surge starting in Q2, reached their peak during Q3, and later declined sharply in Q4 due to improved product availability with the enhancement of the Natural Gas scenario in Europe. During this time, India progressed from being a net importer of Caustic to becoming a net exporter.

Looking ahead, we anticipate continued growth in Caustic demand, aligned with the country's GDP growth. To leverage this growth potential and to bolster our presence in the Chlor-alkali industry, we are investing in a Greenfield 250 TPD Caustic Chlor Project in Karaikal, Puducherry, through our fully-owned subsidiary, Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited. The project is well underway and is expected to be commissioned by September 2024. Additionally, we are investing in a 10,000 TPA Aluminium Chloride project in Karaikal, scheduled to be commissioned by December 2023. This project is part of our strategic forward integration for Chlorine-based downstream products.

PVCO Pipes-Segment:

The Financial Year 2022-23 marks a significant milestone for our PVCO business segment. The company had forayed into this segment four years back. Despite initial setbacks due to the pandemic, we persevered and succeeded in securing product acceptance by State Water Boards in many states. As a result, PVCO Pipes have been included in various projects under Jal Jeevan Mission and other state Government projects. Our persistent efforts are underway to expand the number of states in the coming year.

With both Union and State Governments emphasising providing potable water to each household, the demand for high-pressure pipes is encouraging. To cater to this demand, we are enhancing capacity with two more lines in the coming year, effectively doubling our capacity and positioning ourselves to cater to the market requirements.

Moreover, we are pleased to share that the price of PVC Resin experienced a significant correction in Q4, returning to pre-COVID levels. The price outlook for PVC resin in the short to medium term appears favourable, which is expected to positively impact our company's margins in the PVCO pipes business for the coming year.

In conclusion, we remain optimistic about future growth opportunities and are confident in our ability to seize them effectively. We extend our sincere gratitude to the governments, CCAL mates, and all stakeholders for their continued support and patronage and for reposing confidence in the company.

I would also like to express my heartfelt appreciation to the Board of Directors for their invaluable guidance and valuable inputs.

Wishing you the best of health and an abundance of all things good.

Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Chairman

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CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED (Regd. Office: 'TEAM House', GST Road, Vandalur, Chennai-600 048) CIN: L24290TN2009PLC071563

NOTICE OF THE 14th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Fourteenth Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held on Tuesday 29th August 2023 at 10:00 AM (IST), through Video Conferencing ("VC") Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. ADOPTION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the with or without modification, the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT the Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company i.e., Balance Sheet of the Company as at 31st March 2023 and the Statement of Profit and Loss A/c (incl. Comprehensive income), Statement of Cash Flow and Statement of Changes in Equity along with the notes forming part of the accounts for the year ended on that date, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors ("the Board") and the Auditors along with the notes thereon as presented to this Annual General Meeting, be and are hereby approved and adopted".

2. RETIREMENT BY ROTATION:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification, the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT Mr. C.S Ramesh (DIN: 00019178), Director, who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation."

3. DIVIDEND:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification, the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT a Dividend at the rate of Rs 1.25 per Equity Share (12.50%) be and is hereby declared, on the fully paid-up Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in the Paid-up Capital of the Company, to those Members whose names appear in the Register of Members of the Company as on the record date."

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

4. RATIFICATION OF COST AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and read with Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, (including any amendment/

modification thereof), the decision to pay a professional fees of Rs. 1,90,000/- (Rupees One Lakh and Ninety Thousand only) to M/s. A.Madhavan, Mohan & Associates, (Firm Registration No. ICAI Firm No. - 003483)the Cost Auditors of the Company for the year 2023-2024, as recommended by the Audit Committee and as approved by the Board of Directors, be and is hereby ratified".

5. PAYMENT OF COMMISSION TO NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as an **Special Resolution**:

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of sections 197, 198 of the Companies Act 2013 ("Act") and rules made thereunder, consent of the Company be and is hereby accorded for payment of Commission to Directors, including the payment of Commission to Independent Directors and the reimbursement of expenses for participation in the Board and Board's Committees' Meetings, out of the net profits of the Company within the ceiling of 11% of the net profits of the Company as prescribed under Section 197 (1) and such other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013"

"**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the commission be divisible among the Directors in such proportion as the Board of Directors may decide."

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to Regulation 17(6) (ca) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 including any amendment thereof the consent of the members of the company be and is hereby accorded for the payment of commission to a single non-executive director, if it exceeds fifty per cent of the total annual remuneration payable to all non-executive directors of the Company for the Financial Year 2022–23."

"**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Company Secretary of the Company or any one of the directors of the Company be and are hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary to give effect to the foregoing resolutions."

6. ALTERATION OF THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIA-TION WITH RESPECT TO REMOVAL OF COM-MON SEAL CLAUSE

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as a **Special Resolution:**

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of the Section 14 of the Companies Act, 2013 (including the statutory modification(s) and including the rules framed thereunder and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 or any other regulations as amended from time to time), the Articles of Association of the Company be and is hereby altered by the deletion of the word "seal" where ever it is used in the Articles of association thereby enabling the Company to dispense with the usage of the Common Seal of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Mr. S. Prasath, Chief Financial Officer or Mr. B. Vignesh Ram, Company Secretary of the company are hereby severally authorized to file all the necessary forms and other necessary documents as may be required by the statutory authorities including the Registrar of Companies (ROC) and to do such acts, deeds and things that may be required for the purpose of alteration of Articles of Association of the Company that may be suggested by the Registrar of Companies or such other statutory authorities in the implementation of the aforesaid resolutions and to authorize such person or persons to give effect to the above resolutions and to submit all documents to the concerned authorities with regard to the same and to take all the necessary steps in this regard

By Order of the Board of Directors For **Chemfab Alkalis Limited** Sd/-

Place: Chennai Date: 27th July 2023 B. Vignesh Ram, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

NOTES:

- 1. In view of the ongoing pandemic, the 14th (Fourteenth) AGM of the Company is being conducted through Video Conference ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM"). In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), read with the Rules made thereunder and General Circular No. 10/2022 dated 28th December 2022, and other circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA Circulars") read with Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022 and other circular issued by SEBI from time to time ("SEBI Circulars") the companies are allowed to hold Annual General Meeting (AGM) through VC or OAVM up to 30th September 2023, without the physical presence of members at a common venue. Hence, in compliance with the Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC/OAVM. In terms of the Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, the venue of the 14th (Fourteenth) AGM shall be deemed to be the Registered Office of the Company situated at "TEAM House", GST Salai, Vandalur, Chennai - 600048. In accordance with Clause No. 1.2.4 of the Secretarial Standards -2 the route map to reach the venue of the Meeting is to be attached along with this Notice of the meeting. Since, the meeting the conducted through VC/OAVM the map is not attached to the notice of the meeting.
- 2. The MCA Circulars read with the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") Circular no. SEBI/ HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022 ("SEBI Circular") and other circulars issued from time to time by the regulators, has dispensed with the requirement of sending the physical copies of the AGM Notice and Annual Report to the members. In compliance with the above circulars the Annual Report for the Financial Year 2022-2023 along with the Notice of the Annual General Meeting of the Company are being sent only through electronic mode to those members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company / Depositories.
- 3. Members of the Company under the category of Institutional Investors are encouraged to attend and vote at the AGM through VC. Institutional / Corporate Shareholders (i.e., other than individuals / HUF, NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/ JPG Format) of its Board or governing body Resolution/ Authorization etc., authorizing its representative to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM and vote on its behalf. The said Resolution/Authorization can be sent to the Company at ccalcosecy@drraoholdings.com not before the 48 hours of the meeting. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members of body corporates can attend the

AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.

- 4. The facility to appoint a proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. In the case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names in the Register of Members will be entitled to vote.
- 5. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to the Special Businesses set out in the Notice is annexed hereto.
- 6. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through "VC/OAVM" will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 107 and 108, read 7. with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 read with notification GSR 207(E) dated March 19 2015, and as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8,2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, and Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, Circular No.20/2020 dated January, 13, 2021 ,Circular No.2/2022 dated May 5,2022 & Circular No. 10/2022 dated 28th December 2022 and in terms of Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") the Company is providing the option of remote and AGM E-Voting facility to all the Members of the Company. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL). The Members can vote electronically either in advance during the e-voting period ("remote e-voting") or on the day of AGM. The Company has appointed Mr. S.A Inbavadivu, Advocate, as Scrutinizer.
- 8. The details as required under Regulation 36(3) of the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, in respect to brief resume of Directors proposed to be reappointed, nature of their expertise in specific functional areas, names of listed companies in which they hold directorships and the Memberships of Board Committees, shareholding and relationships between directors inter-se, are provided in the Annexure to the explanatory statement attached to this Notice.
- 9. Members are requested to intimate changes, if any, pertaining to their name, postal address, e-mail address, telephone/mobile numbers, Permanent Account Number (PAN), mandates, nominations, power of attorney, bank details such as, name of the bank and branch details, bank account number, MICR code, IFSC code, etc.,

- a. For shares held in electronic form: to their Depository Participants (DPs)
- b. For shares held in physical form: to the Company/Registrar and Transfer Agent in prescribed Form ISR-1 and other forms pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/ HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2021/655 dated November 3, 2021. The Company has sent letters for furnishing the required details.
- c. Members may please note that SEBI vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD RTAMB/P/ CIR/2022/8 dated January 25, 2022 has mandated the listed companies to issue securities in dematerialized form only while processing service requests viz. Issue of duplicate securities certificate; claim from unclaimed suspense account; renewal/ exchange of securities certificate; endorsement; sub-division/splitting of securities certificate; consolidation of securities certificates/folios; transmission and transposition. Accordingly, Members are requested to make service requests by submitting a duly filled and signed Form ISR - 4, the format of which is available on the Company's website at https:// chemfabalkalis.com and on the website of the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agents, Company at https:// chemfabalkalis.com. It may be noted that any service request can be processed only after the folio is KYC Compliant.
- d. As per Regulation 40 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 read with SEBI notification dated January 24, 2022, has mandated that all requests for transfer of securities including transmission and transposition requests shall be processed only in dematerialized form. In view of the same and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and avail various benefits of dematerialization Members are advised to dematerialize the shares held by them in physical form. Members can contact the Company, for assistance in this regard.
- e. Members holding shares in physical form, in identical order of names, in more than one folio are requested to send to the Company, the details of such folios together with the share certificates along with the requisite KYC Documents for consolidating their holdings in one folio. Requests for consolidation of share certificates shall be processed in dematerialized form.
- f. As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act and SEBI Circular, the facility for making nomination is available for the Members in respect of the shares held by them. Members who have not yet registered their nomination are requested to register the same by submitting Form No. SH-13. If a member desires to opt out or cancel the earlier nomination and record a fresh nomination, he/ she may submit the same in Form ISR-3 or SH-14 as the case may be. The said forms can be downloaded from the Company's website https:// chemfabalkalis.com. Members are requested to submit the said details to their DP in case the shares are

held by them in dematerialized form and to Company in case the shares are held in physical form.

- g. In case of joint holders, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote during the AGM.
- 10. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act, and the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the Directors are interested maintained under Section 189 of the Act and all the information/ documents mentioned in this notice shall be available for inspection through electronic mode.
- 11. Pursuant to the Finance Act, 2020, dividend income will be taxable in the hands of shareholders w.e.f. April 1, 2020, and the Company is required to deduct tax at source from dividend paid to shareholders at the prescribed rates. For the prescribed rates for various categories, please refer to the Finance Act, 2020 and the amendments thereof. However, no tax shall be deducted on the dividend payable to a resident individual if the total dividend to be received by them during financial year 2023 - 24 does not exceed ` Rs. 5,000 and also in cases where members provide Form 15G / Form 15H (applicable to individuals aged 60 years or more) subject to conditions specified in the IT Act. PAN is mandatory for members providing Form 15G/15H.The shareholders are requested to update their valid PAN with the DPs (if shares held in dematerialized form) and the Company (if shares are held in physical form).

A Resident individual shareholder with PAN and who is not liable to pay income tax can submit a yearly declaration in Form No. 15G/15H, to avail the benefit of non-deduction of tax at source by e-mail to 22nd August 2023.

Shareholders are requested to note that in case their PAN is not registered, or having invalid PAN or Specified Person as defined under section 206AB of the Incometax Act ("the Act"), the tax will be deducted at a higher rate prescribed under section 206AA or 206AB of the Act, as applicable.

Non-resident shareholders [including Foreign Institutional Investors (FIIs)/Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPIs)] can avail beneficial rates under tax treaty between India and their country of tax residence, subject to providing necessary documents i.e. No Permanent Establishment and Beneficial Ownership Declaration, Tax Residency Certificate, Form 10F, any other document which may be required to avail the tax treaty benefits. For this purpose, the shareholder may submit the above documents (PDF/JPG Format) by e-mail to ccalcosecy@draoholdings.com.

The aforesaid declarations and documents need to be submitted by the shareholders by 22nd August 2023.

- 12. The members of the Company, whose names appear in the Register of Members / List of Beneficial Owners as on 22nd August 2023 ("Cut-off date") and who are otherwise not barred to cast their vote, are entitled to vote electronically either through remote e-voting or e-voting during AGM, on the Resolutions set forth in this Notice. A person who is not a member on the Cut-off date should treat this notice for information purpose only.
- 13. The register of members and transfer books of the Company will remain closed from 23rd August 2023 to 29th August 2023 both days inclusive, and the members whose name appear in the register of members as on 22nd August 2023 (Record Date) shall be entitled for the payment of dividend.
- 14. Under section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013, the amount of dividend remaining unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of transfer to unpaid dividend account of the Company shall be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) set up by the Government of India. Accordingly, unclaimed dividend amounts up to final dividend 2014-2015 have been transferred to the said fund. The shareholders are advised to forward all un encashed dividend warrants from interim dividend 2015-2016 to the registered office of the Company for revalidation and encash the same before the respective due date of transfer to IEPF.

CDSL E-VOTING SYSTEM – FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND E-VOTING DURING AGM/EGM

- As you are aware, in view of the situation arising due to the COVID-19 global pandemic, the general meetings of the companies shall be conducted as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, and Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, Circular No.20/2020 dated January, 13, 2021, Circular No.02/2022 dated May 05, 2022. & Circular No. 10/2022 dated 28th December 2022. The forthcoming AGM will thus be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio-visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.
- 2. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, and May 05, 2020, Circular No.20/2020 dated January, 13, 2021 ,Circular No.02/2022 dated May, 05,2022 & Circular No. 10/2022 dated 28th December 2022 the Company is providing the facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be

transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.

- 3. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to at least 1000 members on a first-come-first-served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors, etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first-come first-served basis.
- 4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted to ascertain the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, , the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM/ EGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM/ EGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 6. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at https://chemfabalkalis.com/investors. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e., BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia. com and www.nseindia.com respectively. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e., www.evotingindia.com.
- The AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020.

 In continuation of this Ministry's HYPERLINK "https://abcaus.in/companies-act/cos-allowed-conductagm-video-conferencing-audio-visual-means-during-calendar-year-2020.html" General Circular No. 20/2020, dated 05th May, 2020 and after due examination, it has been decided to allow companies whose AGMs were due to be held in the year 2020, or become due in the year 2021, to conduct their AGMs on or before 31.12.2021, in accordance with the requirements provided in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the General Circular No. 20/2020 as per MCA circular no. 02/2021 dated January,13,2021.

THE INSTRUCTIONS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING VIRTUAL MEETINGS ARE AS UNDER:

Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

Step 2: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- (i) The voting period begins on 26th August 2023 from 09.00 A.M and ends on 28th August 2023 at 05.00 P.M. During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of 22nd August 2023 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted before the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

(iv) In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020, Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode are allowed to vote through their Demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their Demat accounts in order to access the e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL is given below:

Type of	Login Method
shareholders	
Individual Sharehold- ers holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL Depository	 Users who have opted for CDSL's Easi Easiest facility can log in through their existing user id and password. The option will be made available to reach the e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URLs for users to log in to Easi / Easiest are https://web. cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi.
	2) After successful login, the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting Menu. On clicking the e-voting menu, the user will be able to see his/her holdings along with links of the respective e-Voting service provider i.e., CDSL/NSDL/KARVY/LINK INTIME as per information provided by Issuer / Company. Additionally, we are providing links to e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' site directly.
	3) If the user is not registered for Easi/ Easiest, option to register is available at cdsl website HYPERLINK "http:// www.cdslindia.com"www.cdslindia. com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registra- tion option.

asDirectReg.jsp

Individual Sharehold- ers holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL Depository	Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on HYPERLINK "http://www.cdslindia. com"www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentica- tion, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the sys- tem of all e-Voting Service Providers. If you are already registered for the NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under the 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see the e-Voting page. Click on the company name or e-Voting service pro- vider name and you will be re-directed to the e-Voting service pro- vider name and you will be re-directed to the e-Voting service pro- vider name and you will be re-directed to the e-Voting service pro- vider name and you will be re-directed to the e-Voting service pro- vider name and you will be re-directed to the e-Voting service pro- vider name and you will be re-directed to the e-Voting service pro- vider name and you will be re-directed to the e-Voting service pro- vider name and you will be re-directed to the e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meet- ing & voting during the meeting. If the user is not registered for IDe- AS e-Services, an option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl. com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://		den you witt ty. 2 to s on t rect afte you on t pro to t for e-V & v	Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the fol- lowing URL: https://www.evoting. nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Com- puter or mobile. Once the home page of the e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under the 'Shareholder/ Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e., your sixteen-digit Demat account number held with NSDL), Password/OTP, and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to the NSDL Depository site wherein you can see the e-Vot- ing page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to the e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting a can also log in using the login cre- tials of your Demat account through ar Depository Participant registered h NSDL/CDSL for the e-Voting facili- After successful login, you will be able ee the e-Voting option. Once you click the e-Voting option, you will be redi- ted to NSDL/CDSL Depository site er successful authentication, wherein a can see the e-Voting facture. Click the company name or e-Voting service vider name and you will be redi- ted to NSDL/CDSL Depository site er successful authentication, wherein a can see the e-Voting facture. Click the company name or e-Voting service vider name and you will be redirected he e-Voting service provider's website casting your vote during the remote 'oting period or joining virtual meeting 'oting during the meeting. Iembers who are unable to retrieve User dvised to was Farerat Laser ID and Farerat
	eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/Ide-			dvised to use Forget User ID and Forget
	asDirectReg.jsp	Password optio	n av	ailable at the above-mentioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode for any technical issues related to log in through Depository i.e., CDSL and NSDL



Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact the CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.comor contact at 022- 23058738 and 22-23058542-43.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@ nsdl.co.in or call at toll-free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

Step 2: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- (v) Login method for e-Voting and joining the virtual meeting for shareholders other than individual shareholders & physical shareholders.
 - 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
 - 2) Click on the "Shareholders" module.
 - 3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
 - 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
 - 5) If you are holding shares in Demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
 - 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

For Shareholders holding shares in Demat Form other
than individual and Physical FormPANEnter your 10-digit alpha-numeric *PAN
issued by Income Tax Department (Appli-
cable for both Demat shareholders as well
as physical shareholders)• Shareholders who have not updated
their PAN with the Company/Deposi-
tory Participant are requested to use the
sequence number sent by Company/RTA
or contact Company/RTA.

Dividend	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date
Bank Details	of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as
OR Date of	recorded in your Demat account or the
Birth (DOB)	company records to login.
	• If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id/folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).

- (vi) After entering these details appropriately, click on the "SUBMIT" tab.
- (vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in Demat form will now reach the 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the Demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that the company opts for e-voting through the CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (ix) Click on the EVSN 230803002 on which you choose to vote.
- (x) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same, the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. Option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xi) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CAN-CEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on the "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.

- (xv) If a Demat account holder has forgotten the login password, then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xvi) There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.

(xvii) Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –Remote Voting

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e., Other than Individuals, HUF, NRI, etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) on which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts, they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively, Non-Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter, etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who is authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and the Company at the email address viz; ccalcosecy@drraohol-dings.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTEND-ING THE AGM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. The procedure for attending meetings & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is the same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend a meeting will be available where the EVSN of the Company will be displayed after a successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.

- 3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for a better experience.
- 5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use the Internet at a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through laptops connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance at least seven days before the meeting (i.e., on or before 22nd August 2023 mentioning their name, Demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at ccalcosecy@drraoholdings.com. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries also may send their queries in advance seven days prior to the meeting (i.e., on or before 22nd August 2023) mentioning their name, Demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at ccalcosecy@ drraoholdings.com.These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- 8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- 9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not cast their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through the e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL ADDRESSES ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE DEPOSITORIES FOR OBTAINING LOGIN CREDENTIALS FOR E-VOTING FOR THE RESOLU-TIONS PROPOSED IN THIS NOTICE:

- 1. For Physical shareholders please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to jessy@cameoindia.com / ccalcosecy@drraoholdings. com on or before 22nd August 2023
- For Demat shareholders please provide Demat account details (CDSL-16-digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to jessy@cameoindia. com / ccalcosecy@drraoholdings.com on or before 22nd August 2023.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022-23058738 and 022-23058542/43.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia. com or call on 022-23058542/43.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT RELATING TO THE SPECIAL BUSINESS PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

ITEM NO: 4 - RATIFICATION OF COST AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

At the Board Meeting held on 18th May 2023, after considering the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Directors appointed M/s. Madhavan, Mohan & Associates, Cost Accountant, (Firm Registration No. ICAI Firm No. -003483) as the Cost Auditor of the Company for carrying out the Cost Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-2024 on the remuneration of Rs 1,90,000/- (Rupees One Lakhs Ninety Thousand Only) including the reimbursement of the out-of-pocket expenses. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the aforesaid remuneration approved by the Board of Directors is required to be ratified by the Shareholders. The Board commends the passing of the resolution as set out in Item No.4 of the Notice for the approval of the members as a Ordinary Resolution.

None of the Directors or the Key Managerial Personnel is interested or concerned in the passing of the Resolution.

ITEM NO: 5 PAYMENT OF COMMISSION TO NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

The Company's Non-Executive Directors are leading professionals with high level of expertise and rich experience in functional areas such as business strategy, financial governance, corporate governance, etc. The role played by the Non-executive Directors in Company's governance and performance is very important for sustainable growth of the Company.

During the year, the Company conducted a performance valuation for benchmarking the commission payable to Non-Executives Directors. The valuation was done on the basis of overall performance, Directors individual assessment and with the recommendation of the members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors at their meeting held on 18th May 2023, recommended the proposal to the members of the Company for payment of Commission to Non-executive Directors for the financial year 2022-2023 calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and the rules framed thereunder. The payment of such commission shall be in addition to the sitting fees for attending the Board and Committee meetings and the dividends on the shares held by them.

The Board commends the passing of the resolution as set out in Item No.5 of the Notice for the approval of the members as a Special Resolution

Expect the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives, all the Non-executive Directors along with their relatives are deemed to be concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out in Item No. 5 of the accompanying Notice.

ITEM NO: 6 ALTERATIONS OF THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION WITH RESPECT TO REMOVAL OF COMMON SEAL CLAUSE

Pursuant to the Companies Amendment Act, 2015 use of common seal has now become optional for the Companies. In order to facilitate administrative convenience for execution of documents on behalf of the Company it is proposed to alter the existing Articles of Association ("AOA") of the Company by removing the relevant clauses that gives nexus to the usage of the Common Seal and hereby remove the word "seal" wherever it is used in the Articles of Association

of the Company pertaining to the common seal. Accordingly, the relevant provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company are amended by removing the clauses that accord the usage of the Common Seal. The draft of the Articles of Association proposed to be amended is posted on the website of the Company and the same is also available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during the working days from 09:00 AM to 05:00 PM.

Pursuant to Sec 14 of the Companies Act, 2013, the said alteration can be effected only with the approval of Shareholders by passing a special resolution. Thus, the Board recommends the resolution set forth in Item No.6 for the approval of the members.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives is concerned or interested, financial or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item except as members.

By Order of the Board of Directors for **Chemfab Alkalis Limited**

sd/-B Vignesh Ram Company Secretary

Place: Chennai Date: 27th July 2023.

ANNEXURE

Details of the Director retiring by rotation and seeking re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 in conjunction with the Secretarial Standards on General Meetings ("SS-2"), issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India are as under:

S.No	Particulars	Details
1	Name of the Director	Mr. Chittur Sundar Rao Ramesh
2	Director Identification Number	00019178
3	Nationality	Indian
4	Date of Birth	02nd May 1945
5	Age	78 years
6	Terms and Condition of Re – Appointment	Non-Independent & Non – Executive Director
7	Date of First appointment to the Board	26 th April 2017
8	Shareholding in the Company as on 31st March, 2023	58
9	Expertise in Specific Function areas	Finance, Taxation, Auditing & Management
10	List of Directorship held in other Companies	Titanium Equipment & Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited
11	Relationship with other Directors	Not Applicable
12	Number of Board meeting attended during the Finan- cial Year 2022-23	Six

BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Shareholders,

Your Directors have the pleasure of presenting the 14th Annual Report of Chemfab Alkalis Limited along with the Audited Standalone and consolidated financial statements for the Financial Year Ended 31st March 2023.

The summarized financial results are as under:

Financial Summary:

		lidated Lakhs)		lalone Lakhs)	
Particulars	Year ended. 31 March 2023	Year ended. 31 March 2022	Year ended. 31 March 2023	Year ended. 31 March 2022	
Summary of Profit and Loss Statement:					
Total Revenue	33,136.46	27,158.95	33,136.46	27,158.95	
Profit before Finance Cost and Depreciation	11,599.42	6,233.62	11,752.09	6,242.04	
Less: Finance Cost	24.48	101.30	23.63	101.30	
Profit before Depreciation	11,574.94	6,132.32	11,728.46	6,140.74	
Less: Depreciation and amortization	2,293.12	2,222.13	2,288.17	2,222.13	
Profit Before Exception- al Items	9,281.82	3,910.19	9,440.29	3,918.61	
Exceptional Items	(337.96)	-	(337.96)	-	
Profit before Tax	8,943.86	3,910.19	9,102.33	3,918.61	
Less: Tax including Deferred Tax	2,485.53	1,035.51	2,480.60	1,034.77	
Profit/(Loss) after Tax	6,458.33	2,874.68	6,621.73	2,883.84	
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(64.27)	45.69	(64.27)	45.69	
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	6,394.06	2,920.37	6,557.46	2,929.53	
Summary of Retained Earnings Movement:					
Balance brought for- ward from last year	(7,535.95)	(10,455.05)	(7,503.26)	(10,431.52)	
Add: Profit/(Loss) after Tax	6,458.33	2,874.68	6,621.73	2,883.84	
Add: Other Comprehen- sive Income	(66.29)	44.42	(66.29)	44.42	
Less: Appropriations					
Final Dividend	(176.71)	-	(176.71)	-	
Tax on Dividend	-	-	-	-	
Balance Carried to Balance Sheet	(1,320.62)	(7,535.95)	(1,124.53)	(7,503.26)	

Performance and State of Affairs of the Company:

During the year, the Product realization for the Chemical Division continued to remain strong until the end of Q3. The prices started softening from Q4. This was offset to some extent by a sharp increase Industrial Grade Salt prices. We have secured, during the year approval for an increase in

capacity to 180 TPD from 155 TPD. This increase will be effectuated from June 24 post completion of refurbishment of the Plant.

Visibility on the demand for the PVCO pipes during the year increased significantly as more State Water Boards have approved inclusion of PVCO Pipes in the projects. The impact in terms of order booking and Revenue will happen during FY 23-24. During the year, PVC Resin prices have undergone sharp correction and have come back to Pre-COVID levels.

During the year under review, the Company achieved a Revenue of Rs. 33,136.46 Lakhs and profit after Tax of Rs. 6,458.33 Lakhs.

Dividend:

Your directors recommended payment of Dividend of Rs 1.25/- per share for the year ended March 31, 2023, absorbing a sum of Rs. 177.28 Lakhs, considering shares outstanding as on 31 March 2023, subject to the approval of the Members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Transfer of profit to reserves:

The Company has not proposed to transfer any of its profits to reserves.

Material Changes during the reporting period:

No material changes have occurred, or any commitments made between the financial period ended 31st March 2023 and the date of this report, which would adversely affect the financial position of the company.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND ITS COMMITTEES

A. Composition of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of the Company comprises of a Non- Executive Chairman who is a promoter of the Company. Along with him, on the Board, there are Seven Non - Executive Directors, including four Independent Directors. The Company has two women Independent Directors. The composition of the Board of Directors is in compliance with Regulation 17(1)(b) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 and Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company has received necessary declarations from the Independent Directors under section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 stating that they have meet the criteria of independence as specified in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and as per the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

All the four Independent Directors are registered with the data bank as per rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Fifth Amendment Rules, 2019.

SI. No Name of the Director **Registration number** 01. Mr. T. Ramabadhran IDDB-DI-202002-007333 02. Mr. A. Janakiraman IDDB-DI-202002-007989 03. Mrs. J. Sujatha Jayarajan IDDB-DI-201912-001692 04. Mrs. R. Drushti Desai IDDB-DI-202002-015500

The Registration details are as below:

Board Composition:

The Board is well balanced with the composition of four Non- Independent Directors and four Independent Directors (including two Women Independent directors).

Category	Name of Directors
Non – Independent Directors	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Mr. C S Ramesh
Directors	Mr. C S Ramesn Mr. R Mahendran
	Mr. Nitin S Cowlagi
Independent Directors	Mr. A Janakiraman
	Mrs. Drushti Desai
	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan
	Mr. T Ramabadhran

Thus, the composition of the Board is in line with the terms of Section 149 of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulations 17(1)(b) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

B. Meetings

The number of Board Meetings held during the year along with the dates of the meetings: (Disclosure pursuant to 134 (3)(b) of the Companies Act, 2013).

During the Financial Year 2022-2023, the Board of Chemfab Alkalis Limited met Six times as under:

Sl. No	Dates of meetings of the Board	Quarter	No. of Directors on the date of Meeting	Total No. of Directors attended
1.	02.05.2022	First	8	6
2.	25.05.2022	First	8	6
3.	27.07.2022	Second	8	8
4.	11.08.2022	Second	8	8
5.	03.11.2022	Third	8	8
6.	07.02.2023	Fourth	8	8

The meetings of the Board were held periodically, with an interval of not more than one hundred and twenty days between two consecutive meetings, as prescribed under Section 173(1) of the Act.

C. Re-appointment of Directors Retiring by Rotation

In terms of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. C. S Ramesh (DIN-00019178) is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. The Board of Directors, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has recommended the re-appointment of Mr. C. S Ramesh (DIN-00019178) retiring by rotation.

D. Committees of the Board

The constitution and terms of reference of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, and Risk Management Committee are also aligned with the requirements of Regulations 18 to 22 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the Companies Act, 2013.

A detailed note on the Committees is given in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of the Annual Report.

E. Performance Evaluation

Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 states that formal evaluation needs to be made by the Board, of its performance and that of its committees and the individual Directors. Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and regulation 17(10) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 state that the performance evaluation of each Independent Director shall be done by the entire Board of Directors excluding the Director being evaluated.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 134 (3) (p) of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) regulations, 2015, the Board has carried out an evaluation of its performance, the Directors individually as well as its Committees. The manner in which the evaluation has been carried out has been explained in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of the Annual Report.

F. Directors' Responsibility Statement

As required under Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors hereby confirms, that -

- (a) In the preparation of the Annual Accounts for the financial year ended 31st March 2023, the applicable Accounting Standards and Schedule III of the Act have been followed and there are no material departures.
- (b) They have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the Company for the financial year 2022-2023.

- (c) They have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- (d) They have prepared the annual accounts on a going-concern basis.
- (e) They have laid down proper internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- (f) They have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

G. Changes in Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

During the year there is no change in the composition of Board of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

H. Changes in Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures, and Associates

There were no changes in the Subsidiaries, Joint ventures, and Associates during the financial year 2022-2023.

I. Significant or Material Orders Passed by Regulators / Courts

There were no significant or material orders passed by any regulator/ court during the reporting period.

J. Declaration by Independent Directors

The Company has received necessary declarations from Mr. T. Ramabadhran, Mr. A. Janakiraman, Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan, and Mrs. Drushti Desai independent directors, under Section 149 (7) of the Companies Act 2013, that they meet the criteria of independence laid down in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act 2013 and regulation 25 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 and their Declarations have been taken on record.

K. Details in respect of Frauds

The Company's auditors' report does not have any statement on suspected fraud in the company's operations to explain as per Sec. 134(3) (ca) of the Companies Act 2013.

L. Fixed Deposits:

During the year under review, the Company did not raise funds, by way of fixed deposits, from the public.

M. Details of contracts or arrangements with related parties:

The details of contracts or arrangements entered into with related parties, along with justification for entering into such contract or arrangement, referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 in the prescribed form no. AOC 2, are given in **Annexure C** of this report.

N. Code of Conduct for prevention of Insider Trading:

The Company has a policy viz., "Code of Conduct for prevention of Insider Trading" and the same has been posted on its website www.chemfabalkalis.com. The Company also monitors insider trading activities through vigilant software in accordance with the Regulation 5(3) of SEBI (LODR) (Amendment) Regulations 2020.

O. Development and implementation of a Risk Management Policy:

The main objective of Risk Management is risk reduction and avoidance, as also identification of the risks faced by the business and optimizing the risk management strategies. The Company has put in place a well-defined Risk Management framework. The Company has constituted a Risk Management Committee even though the constitution of the same does NOT apply to the Company since it is mandatory only for the top 1000 listed Companies as per the listing regulations. The Risk Management Committee assists the Board in drawing up, implementing, monitoring, and reviewing the Risk Management Plan. The Committee lays down the Risk Assessment and Minimization Procedures and it reviews the Procedures periodically to ensure that the Executive Management controls the risks through a properly defined framework.

The Company has also obtained certification for ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001 systems to take care of critical operational areas. The Company has also implemented Process Safety Management (PSM). We are the first company in our industry to implement the same.

We are continuing with the publishing of a sustainability report, enhancing our commitment to sustainable development.

P. Technology absorption, Conservation of energy and Research and development:

The Company has an in-house Research and Development Department, where the main areas of focus are Energy Conservation, Process Up-gradation, and Environmental Preservation. The Ministry of Science and Technology, Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, Government of India, has recognized the Company's in-house R&D facilities.

The Company has a sophisticated Quality Assurance (QA) Laboratory accredited by NABL in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025-2017. Samples from various Chlor- Alkali Industries in India are being analysed at CCAL - QA Laboratory

The Company continues to take all possible steps to conserve energy in every area of its operations. A brief write-up on Conservation of Energy and Technology Absorption is given in **Annexure D**.

Q. Cost Records

Your Company is maintaining cost records and reports pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended prescribed by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

AUDIT RELATED MATTERS:

A. Statutory Auditors

M/s. Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP (Firm Registration No 117366W /W-100018) were re-appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of 4 (four) years, to hold office from the conclusion of the 13th Annual General Meeting held on 15th September 2022 till the conclusion of the 17th Annual General Meeting on such professional fees as may be fixed by the Board of Directors as recommended by the Audit Committee in consultation with them.

There are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Statutory Audit Report which require any explanation from the Board of Directors.

B. Cost Auditor:

As per Sec. 148 (6) of Companies Act 2013 and rule 6(6) of the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, the applicability of Cost audit is based on the overall annual turnover of the company, from all its products and services during the immediately preceding financial year, being rupees one hundred crores or more. Under Rule 3 of the same Regulations, the maintenance of cost records applies to companies whose aggregate turnover of the individual product or products or service or services is Rupees thirty-five crores or more.

In conformity with the said provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has appointed M/s. Madhavan, Mohan & Associates, Cost Auditors, as the Cost Auditor, for the audit of cost accounts for your Company for the year ending 31st March 2023. The remuneration to be paid to him is being ratified at this Annual General meeting.

There are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Cost Audit Report which require any explanation from the Board of Directors.

C. Secretarial Audit Report:

Pursuant to Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, your Company has appointed M/s. M Damodaran & Associates LLP, Practicing Company Secretaries to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report in Form No.MR.3 for the financial year 2022-2023, is annexed herewith, as **Annexure - H**

A Certificate from a Company Secretary in practice that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority is annexed herewith, as **Annexure - I.**

There were no adverse remarks/observations from the Statutory Auditor or the Secretarial Auditor of the Company that needs the response of the Board.

D. Internal Financial Controls:

Your Company has well-defined and adequate internal controls and procedures, commensurate with its size and the nature of its operations. This is further strengthened by the Internal Audit done concurrently. During the year, the Company got its internal controls over financial reporting and risk management process evaluated by independent consultants.

Besides, the Company has an Audit Committee, comprising Independent and Non-Executive Directors, which monitors systems, controls, financial management, and operations of the Company.

The Audit Committee at its meeting held on 25th May 2022, has evaluated the internal financial controls and risk management system.

E. Internal Auditor:

The Board appointed, M/s. Mukesh Manish & Kalpesh, Chartered Accountants as an internal auditor for the Financial Year 2022-23 based on the recommendations of the Audit Committee.

BOARD COMMITTEE COMPOSITION

The Board has constituted the following committees viz. Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, and Risk Management Committee.

A. Audit Committee

Pursuant to regulation 18 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations 2015 and the provision of Section 177(8) read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules 2014, the Company has duly constituted a qualified and independent Audit Committee. The Audit Committee of the Board consists of four "Independent Directors" and Two "Non – Independent Directors" as members having adequate financial and accounting knowledge. The composition, procedures, powers, and role/functions of the audit committee and its terms of reference are set out in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of the Boards Report.

During the period under review, the suggestions put forth by the Audit Committee were duly considered and accepted by

the Board of Directors. There were no instances of non-acceptance of such recommendations.

The Audit Committee acts in accordance with the terms of reference specified by the Board of Directors in terms of Section 177(4) of the Act and in terms of Regulation 18 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. It also oversees the vigil mechanism and is obliged to take suitable action against the Directors or employees concerned, when necessary.

A detailed note on the Audit Committee is given in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of the Annual Report.

B. Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

According to Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and in terms of Regulation 19 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Company has set up a Nomination and Remuneration Committee which has formulated the criteria for determining the qualifications, positive attributes, and independence of a Director and ensures that:

- 1) The level and composition of remuneration are reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate Directors having the quality required to run the Company successfully.
- 2) The relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
- 3) Remuneration to Directors, key managerial personnel, and senior management involves a balance between fixed and variable pay, reflecting short-term and longterm performance, objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy of your Company is set out and available on your company website www. chemfabalkalis.com. A detailed note on the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is given in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of the Annual Report.

C. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee:

A detailed note on the Stake Holders' Relationship Committee is given in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of the Annual Report.

D. Risk Management Committee:

The Company has constituted a Risk Management Committee even though the constitution of Risk Management Committee does NOT apply to the Company since it is mandatory only for the top 1000 listed Companies as per the listing regulations. The Risk Management Committee assists the Board in drawing up, implementing, monitoring, and reviewing the Risk Management Plan. The Committee lays down Risk Assessment and Minimization Procedures and it reviews the Procedures periodically to ensure that the Executive Management controls the risks through a properly defined framework.

E. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee:

The Board has constituted the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee in accordance with Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company is committed to operating in a socially responsible manner in terms of protecting the environment and conserving water resources and energy. Details of the CSR Policy drawn up by the Company and the CSR expenditure and initiatives were taken during the year 2022-23 are given in **Annexure – E** to this Report.

OTHER MATTERS

A. Particulars of loans, guarantees, or investments u/s 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

During the year under review, the Company did not provide any loans, guarantees or investments u/s 186 of the Companies Act 2013.

During the Financial Year under review the Company has invested Rs. 3,117 Lakhs towards subscription to 3,11,70,000 shares of Rs. 10 each in the form of 0.01% Cumulative Convertible Preference Shares in Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited, a Wholly Owned Subsidiary.

B. Remuneration details of Directors and Employees

The Company's policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration, including criteria for determining qualification, positive attributes and independence of a director and other matters provided under sub-section (3) of section 178, is posted on our company's website in the following link https://chemfabalkalis.com/investors/ and forms part of this Report pursuant to the first proviso of Sec. 178 of the Companies Act 2013.

C. Debentures

During the year under review, the Company has not issued any debentures. As of date, the Company does not have any outstanding debentures.

D. Bonus Shares

During the year under review, the Company has not issued any bonus shares.

E. Borrowings

The Company has outstanding borrowings including IND AS accounting adjustment entries and interest accrued of Rs. 0.63 Lakhs during the financial Year ended March 31, 2023.

F. Deposits

The Company has not accepted any deposits in terms of Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014, during the year under review and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on public deposits was outstanding as of the balance sheet date.

G. Transfer to Investor Education and Protection Fund

The details of the transfer of unclaimed dividends and the related shares for seven consecutive years to the Investor Education and Protection Fund are given in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of the Annual Report, which is also available on the company's website.

H. Credit Ratings

CARE has re-affirmed its rating of "CARE A - Stable" for Long term Bank facilities; and "CARE A2+" for Short term Bank facilities.

I. Code of Corporate Governance

In compliance with the requirement of regulations 24 to 27 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a detailed report on Corporate Governance is annexed to this report as **Annexure – G** along with a Certificate from M Damodaran & Associates LLP, Practicing Company Secretaries affirming compliance with the said Code which is appended as **Annexure – I**.

J. Code of conduct for Directors and Senior Management:

The Board of Directors had adopted a code of conduct for the Board Members and employees of the company. This Code helps the Company to maintain the standard of Business Ethics and ensure compliance with the legal requirements of the Company.

The Code is aimed at preventing any misconduct and promoting ethical conduct at the Board level and by employees. The Compliance Officer is responsible to ensure adherence to the Code by all concerned.

The Code lays down the standard of conduct which is expected to be followed by the Directors and the designated employees in their business dealings and in particular on matters relating to integrity in the workplace, in business practices, and in dealing with stakeholders.

All the Board Members and the Senior Management personnel have confirmed compliance with the Code.

K. Management Discussion and Analysis Report

In accordance with the requirement of the Listing Regulations, the Management Discussion and Analysis Report is presented in a separate section of the Annual Report, which is appended as **Annexure - A**.

L. Disclosure on Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

The Company has in place a Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirement of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Compliant Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress the complaints received in connection with sexual harassment in any form.

All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy.

- a. Number of complaints filed during the financial year NIL
- b. Number of complaints disposed of during the financial year NIL
- c. Number of complaints pending as of the end of the financial year – NIL

M. Vigil Mechanism:

The Company has established a vigil mechanism, also called the Whistle Blower Policy, which has been adopted by the Board, applicable to Directors and employees, to report concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct or Ethics Policy. It provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of persons who use such mechanism and makes provision for direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee in appropriate or exceptional cases. Confidentiality of Whistle Blower shall be maintained to the greatest extent possible. Details of the vigil mechanism are available on our Company's website.

N. Annual Return – MGT – 7

As per the Companies (Amendment) Act 2017, the annual return should be placed in the Company's website.

The Annual Return for the FY 2021-2022 is available on the company's website at www.chemfabalkalis.com/ investors.

The annual return for the FY 2022-2023 will be uploaded in the Company's website post the AGM.

O. Employees' Stock Option Scheme 2015

The Shareholders of the Amalgamated entity Chemfab Alkalis Limited had approved the Employees' Stock Option Scheme titled "CAESOS – 2015" through Postal Ballot on March 05, 2016. "CAESOS-2015" complies with SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014. The details are available on our website www.chemfabalkalis.com.

The purpose of the Scheme is:

- i) to attract, retain and motivate talented and critical employees.
- ii) to encourage employees to align individual performance with the Company's objectives, and
- iii) to reward employee performance with ownership.

The details of CAESOS – 2015 form part of the Notes to Accounts of the Financial Statements in this Annual Report.

As per the approval given by the Shareholders of Chemfab Alkalis Limited, the Options granted to the employees of the amalgamated Company Chemfab Alkalis Limited also carry the eligibility of application of the Swap ratio of 10:7 (i.e., 10 shares of Rs.10 each for every 7 shares of Rs.5 each held) mentioned in the Scheme of Amalgamation of erstwhile Chemfab Alkalis Limited to the Company approved by the NCLT vide its Order dated 30.03.2017. Shares allotted during the reporting period under the employee stock option scheme are as provided below:

Particulars	No. of shares allotted
During the FY 2018 – 19	60,000
During the FY 2019 – 20	59,000
During the FY 2020 – 21	1,19,999
Total shares allotted under CAESOS – 2015	2,38,999

Price at which shares were issued: Rs. 52.43

Diluted EPS – Rs.46.26/- (Standalone), Diluted EPS – Rs. 45.12/- (Consolidated)

Equity Shares with differential voting rights: NA; Sweat Equity Shares: NA

Details of voting rights not exercised: NA.

P. Employees' Stock Option Scheme 2020

At the 11th Annual General Meeting held on 29th July 2020, the Shareholders approved Employee Stock Option Scheme ('CAESOS -2020') covering 4,00,000 equity shares. There have been no material changes to the Scheme during the year under review. The relevant disclosures pursuant to Rule 12 (9) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 14 of SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 are forming part of Annual report.

Your Company has received a certificate from the Secretarial Auditors of the Company that ESOP Schemes viz., CAE-SOS -2015 and CAESOS -2020 have been implemented in accordance with Regulation 13 of the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 and the resolution(s) passed by the Members of the Company.

During the Financial Year 2022-2023 Company has allotted 48,200 equity shares under Employee Stock Option Scheme ('CAESOS -2020')

Q. Green initiatives

Pursuant to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, and May 05, 2020, the Company is providing the facility of remote e-voting to its members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. Electronic copies of the Annual Report 2022-2023 and Notice of the fourteen (14th) Annual General Meeting are sent to all the members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depository Participant(s). Further, the soft copy of the Annual Report (in pdf format) is also available on our website https://chemfabalkalis.com/investors/

Pursuant to Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, and Listing Regulations, the Company is providing an e-voting facility to all members to enable them or their nominees to cast their votes electronically on all resolutions outlined in the notice. The instructions for e-voting are provided in the notice.

R. Statement on Secretarial Standards

The Company is adopting compliances of applicable secretarial standards and other secretarial standards to ensure good governance.

S. Human Resources

Employee relations continue to be cordial and harmonious at all levels and in all the division of the Company. The Board of Directors would like to express their sincere appreciation to all the employees for their continued hard work and dedication.

The number of Direct employees as of March 31, 2023, was 193. The table containing the names and other particulars of employees in accordance with the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5(1) and 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, is appended as **Annexure - F** to the Board's Report.

T. Details of application made or proceedings under IBC 2016 during the year:

The Company has not applied any application under Insolvency and Bankruptcy code,2016.

U. Details of one-time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from Banks and Financial Institutions:

The company has not entered into a one-time settlement with any Banks & Financial Institutions during the Financial Year 2022-23.

Acknowledgment

The Directors thank the Shareholders, Customers, Dealers, Suppliers, Bankers, Financial Institutions and all other business associates for their continued support to the Company and the confidence reposed in its Management. The Directors also thank the Government authorities for their co-operation. The Directors wish to record their sincere appreciation of the significant contribution made by the CCAL mates at all levels to its successful operations.

By Order of the Board of Directors For **Chemfab Alkalis Limited**

> Sd/-Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao, Chairman DIN: 00127809

Annexure – A

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Industry Structure and Developments

Chemfab Alkalis Limited ("CCAL") has established the first Membrane Cell cell plant for Chloralkaline production in India; it has also built a long legacy of sustainability and diversity in the workplace. CCAL is one of the first major chemical organizations in India to introduce and implement innovative technologies successfully and stay at the forefront of the industry. With considerable investment in processes and quality improvement, CCAL's operations have been at the cutting-edge of technology since its inception.

CCAL, established by Dr. Rao in 1985, has many 'firsts' to its credit and has received numerous patents and worldwide recognition for the viability and implementation of various innovative technologies in the Chloralkali sector.

Notably, adoption of Membrane Technology for Chloralkali production in its Kalapet facility has resulted in nationwide reform of the sector. Today, all new and expanding Chloralkali plants in India must implement Membrane Technology – that was once believed to be unviable and impractical.

Our Founder's farsightedness, perseverance and quest for excellence have driven our success. His 'green' stance has resulted in innovations for the betterment of the environment and the well-being of the earth's citizens.

Working with local communities, and with a group of diverse and talented employees, we are proud to say that the company has spearheaded many firsts in the industry and in the country. Making a difference in technology and society alike!

The company operates in two segments viz Chlor- alkali segment and Oriented PVC Pipes segment.

CHLOR-ALKALI INDUSTRY

In the last year, the Global Caustic Soda Lye prices were buoyant and reached historic high due to Russia Ukraine war. In the domestic front, India has become a next exporter of Caustic Soda Lye, with steady exports taking place throughout the year. There has been a demand revival in almost all the sectors except for a few products which depend on the export market.

During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Chemical division's product realisation showed marked improvement in the first half. Except in the last quarter, there was softening in the domestic prices in line with the fall in international prices, the prices coming back to normal levels after reaching highs of USD 7750-800/MT. Presently, prices are stable at around 450/500 CIF India price band.

During the financial year under review the Company has obtained statutory approvals for expansion in the capacity from 155 TPD to 180 TPD. The refurbishment of the plant is underway, and the expansion is expected to get effected from the month of June 2024.

ORIENTED PVC PIPES (PVC-O PIPES)

The Financial Year 2022 - 23 is a watershed year for the PVCO segment of the Company as more State Government Water Boards have approved inclusion of PVCO Pipes in the projects. This has significantly improved the order visibility for the FY 2023-24

During the year PVC Resin prices have corrected sharply and have come back to pre-covid levels.

OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

CHEMICAL

Globally, the supply demand situation of caustic across continents is diverse and varying and thus the trade flow pattern would be different and needs to be watched. However, global inflation and the anticipation of slowdown in various parts of the advanced economies continue to pose a threat on the industry and it is likely to impact both the manufacturers and the end users. Geopolitical issue continues to be a major concern point.

There has been significant Capacity addition build - up in the domestic industry in 2022-23 especially in western India. However, India becoming an active exporter, a large portion of the surplus is getting exported. Also, significant expansion in the Alumina capacity will improve demand.

PVCO

In India, both the Center and the State Governments are focusing on proving potable water to each household, and the demand for high pressure pipe is encouraging. The Company is well placed to meet the enhanced demand expected. With the PVCO pipes included in various State Water Board projects the demand visibility has greatly enhanced and is expected to boost revenues for this segment.

OUTLOOK

CHEMICAL

With the Chlor – Alkali products being the inorganic building block, the growth will move in tandem to growth in the country's GDP in 2023-24. China's domestic consumption, post covid, is improving and should help global demand balance. Overall we expect caustic prices to be stable during the year, in USD 450-500/MT CIF India price band.

PVCO

With the focus of both the Central as well as State Governments on water connectivity and distribution, the demand for the product is expected to be robust. Presently, PVCO Pipes have been accepted both in the Government and non-Government projects and with the proven track record, we expect good growth in market demand.

RISKS AND CONCERNS

For the Chlor-Alkali business dependence on grid power continues to be a risk. Though the Puducherry power scenario remains reasonably stable, the possibility of the increase in the cost of power is a concern in the long run.

For the PVCO Pipes business, delay in implementation of the govt projects is a potential risk.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Your Company has well-defined and adequate internal controls and procedures, commensurate with its size and the nature of its operations. This is further strengthened by the Internal Audit done concurrently.

Besides, the Company has an Audit Committee, comprising Non-Executive Directors, to monitor its financial systems, controls, management, and operations.

The Company has obtained certification for ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001 systems to take care of critical operational areas. We also engage the services of professional Consultants to continuously analyze and upgrade our operations. The Company has also implemented Process Safety Management (PSM). Also, Sustainability Reporting has been carried out enhancing our commitment to sustainable development.

DISCUSSION ON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

During the year, the realization for the Chemical Division increased substantially which resulted in a increase in sales turnover and profitability of the company. However, the off take of pipes in the PVCO segment remained dull leading to decreased operational capacity. Further, the PVC resin prices remaining high during the major part of the FY and the high prices of Industrial Grade Salt, impacted the margins

MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS IN HUMAN RESOURCES/ INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS FRONT, INCLUDING NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED.

During the year under review, Industrial Relations continued to be cordial. The Company had 193 direct employees on the payroll as of 31.03.2023 and had provided indirect employment to 199 persons on average during the FY 2022-23.

Details of significant changes (i.e. change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year) in key financial ratios, along with detailed explanations, therefore, including:

S. No.	Ratio Analysis	FY 22-23	FY 21-22	Variance	Variance %	Remarks
(i)	Debtors Turnover Ratio (Times) (Revenue from operations / Average Trade Receivables)	15.35	14.84	0.51	3%	
(ii)	Inventory Turnover Ratio (Times) (Revenue from operations / Average Inventories)	23.03	25.71	-2.68	-10%	
(iii)	Interest Coverage Ratio (Times) (EBIT / Finance Cost)	400.50	39.68	360.82	909%	Increase due to Increase in EBIT
(iv)	Current Ratio (Times) (Current Assets/ Current Liabilities)	2.74	1.84	0.90	49%	Improved mainly due to increase in current investments under the head current assets
(v)	Debt Equity Ratio (Times) (Current + non-current borrowing and lease liability / total equally)	0.01	0.03	-0.02	-79%	There is an improvement in debt equity ratio on account of decrease in borrowings due to repayment of term loan during the year and higher profitability
(vi)	Operating Profit Margin (%) (Profit before exceptional items - Other Income / Revenue from Operations)	26.88%	12.33%	14.55%	118%	Increase due to increase in Revenue and Margins
(vii)	Net Profit Margin (Profit for the year / Revenue from Operations)	19.98%	10.62%	9.36%	88%	Improved due to increase in profit

The above comparison is on standalone financial statements.

Details of any change in Return on Net Worth as compared to the immediately previous financial year along with a detailed explanation thereof:

	FY 22-23	FY 21-22	Variance
Return on Net Worth (Profit after tax/ Total Equity) %	18.23%	9.67%	8.56%

Return on net worth is computed as a ratio of Profit after tax to total equity. The positive variance is mainly due to higher profit after tax in the current year compared to the previous year.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

The statements made in this Report on Management Discussion and Analysis, describing the Company's views may be forward looking statements within the meaning of the applicable security regulations and laws. These statements are based on certain expectations on demand, imports, availability, and cost of power, etc. and any change in Government laws and the economic situation in the country would have its impact on the Company's operations.

The Company assumes no responsibility in respect of the forward-looking statements herein, which may undergo changes in the future for reasons beyond its control.

ANNEXURE – B

FORM NO. AOC.1

STATEMENT CONTAINING SALIENT FEATURES OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SUBSIDIARIES/ ASSOCIATE COMPANIES/JOINT VENTURES (PURSUANT TO THE FIRST PROVISO TO SUB-SECTION (3) OF SECTION 129 READ WITH RULE 5 OF COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014)

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Information in respect of subsidiary to be presented with amounts in Rs. In Lakhs.)

Name of the Subsidiary	Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited
The reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	2022-2023
Reporting Currency and Exchange rate as of the last date of the relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	NA
Equity Share capital	532.00
Other Equity	(196.10)
Total Assets	4,115.59
Total Liabilities	3,779.69
Investment	26.92
Turnover	_
Profit before taxation	(158.47)
Provision for taxation	4.94
Profit after taxation	(163.41)
Proposed Dividend	-
% of shareholding	100%

Note: Your Company had incorporated, a wholly-owned subsidiary namely 'Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited' on 19.12.2019 to manufacture all types of chemicals, chemical compounds, and chemical products including, but not limited to alkali, acids, Acids, Bases, Solvents, Alcohols, Gases, Ethers, Aliphatics, Aromatics, Aldehydes Ketones, Amines, Alkaloids, caustic soda, Potassium Chlorate, Sodium Chlorate, Perchlorate, other chemicals and their by-products or derivatives in all forms and kinds.

The said company had obtained a provisional allotment of undeveloped land comprising of 65 acres (2,63,055 sqm) located at extreme Southwest corner of the layout at Industrial Growth Centre, Polagam, Karaikal on a premium lease basis for 30 years initially and extendable up to a maximum period of 99 years, for setting up of a unit for the manufacture of "Caustic Soda Lye and Chlorine derivatives".

The Company is in the process of getting firm allotment of land after land survey and get it registered along with obtaining statutory approvals for setting up its business activities.

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

There are no associates and JVs to your company during the reporting period.

-/Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao, Chairman DIN: 00127809

ANNEXURE – C

AOC 2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in subsection (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto:

Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis

There were no contracts or arrangements, or transactions entered during the year ended March 31, 2023, which were not at arm's length basis.

Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

There were no material contracts or arrangements, or transactions entered during the year ended March 31, 2023.

Sd/-Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao, Chairman DIN: 00127809

ANNEXURE – D

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY AND TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

A. Conservation of Energy

Particulars	Details		
(i) The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy	VFD operation, LED Conversion, Improvement in PF by upgradation of 7 th HF bank, conversion of conventional AC with Inverter based AC unit and other operational controls has result- ed in savings of Rs. 11.75 Lakhs of Units during FY 2022-23		
(ii) The steps taken by the company for utilising alternate sources of energy	 Existing 445 KWp Roof Top Solar has resulted in Gener- ation of 545729 Units. Solar power procurement through LTOA has been carried 		
	out through PED grid for 17998688 Units.		
(iii) The capital investment on energy conservation equipments	Capital investment on Energy conservation initiatives was Rs.10.79 Lakhs during FY 2022-23.		

B. Technology Absorption

Particulars	Details
(i) The efforts made towards technology absorption	The Company has developed in-house technology for Iodine removal in Brine Steam. We have achieved the desired results that has been a path breaking initiative in the caustic industry. It's the first of its kind technology and we have obtained Patent for the same.
(ii) The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development, or import substitution	The Company has also manufactured bricks using the sludge from the clarifier. We have manufactured about 50,000 bricks during the year. Brine Quality improvement meeting international standards. Expected improvement longer membrane life and improved anode life.
(iii) In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)-a) the details of technology imported	Not applicable
b) the year of import.	
c) whether the technology been fully absorbed.	
d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof	

C. Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo-

The Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year and the Foreign Exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows.

Particulars	Amount	
Foreign exchange earnings	Rs. 79.41 Lakhs	
Foreign Exchange outgo	Rs. 231.18 Lakhs	

Sd/-Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao, Chairman DIN: 00127809

ANNEXURE - E

REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES FOR THE FY 2022-23

[Pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, as amended]

1. A brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

A brief outline of the company's CSR Policy, including an overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the Web-link to the CSR Policy and Projects or Programs.

The Company will take up community and socially focused activities, with particular emphasis on the following activities, hereinafter referred to as "CSR activities"

- I. Promoting preventive and general health care, sanitation including contribution to the Swach Bharat Kosh set up by the Central Government for the promotion of sanitation and provision of safe drinking water.
- II. Promoting education by providing financial assistance to deserving educational institutions, meritorious students, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children, women, elderly, and differently-abled, promoting livelihood enhancement projects and road safety projects with special emphasis on driver training programmes.
- III. Promoting gender equality, empowering women, setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans, setting up old age homes, daycare centers, and such other facilities for senior citizens.
- IV. Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of Flora and Fauna, animal welfare, agroforestry, conservation of natural resources, and maintaining the quality of soil, air, and water including contribution to the Clean Ganga Fund set up by the Central Government for rejuvenation of the Ganga.
- V. Contributing to rural development projects; and
- VI. Such other activities and projects are covered in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 and notifications made by the Ministry from time to time.

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Mr.C.S. Ramesh	Chairperson and Non – Independent Director	2	2
2	Mr.T. Ramabadhran	Member – Non Executive Director	2	2
3	Mr.A. Janakiraman	Member – Non Executive Director	2	1
4	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	Member – Non Executive Director	2	2
5	Mr. R. Mahendran	Member – Non Executive Director	2	2
6	Mr. Nitin Cowlagi	Member – Non Executive Director	2	1

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

- 3. Web link where the Composition of the CSR committee, CSR Policy, and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.
 - CSR Policy Link: https://chemfabalkalis.com/wp content/uploads/2019/04/policies-Policy-for-Corporate-Social-Responsibility.pdf
 - Composition of CSR Committee Link: https://chemfabalkalis.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/04/policies-Policy-for-Corporate-Social-Responsibility.pdf
 - CSR Project Link: https://chemfabalkalis.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/04/policies-Policy-for-Corporate-Social-Responsibility.pdf
- 4. Details of the Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the C ompanies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report).

Not applicable.

- 5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any 47,27,791
- 6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5). Rs. 25,60,25,520
- 7. (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5) Rs. 51,20,510

(b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years.

- (c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year if any: 47,27,791
- (d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c). Rs. 3,92,719
- 8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)					
Total Amount Spent for the Financial	Unspent CSR	t transferred to Account as per n 135(6).	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per the second proviso to section 135(5).			
Year.	Amount.	Date of transfer.	Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer.	
Rs. 26,52,622	-			-	-	

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year:

NIL

		The item from the list of activi-	Local	Location of the project.		Amount spent	Mode of implementation Direct (Yes/No).	Mode of implementation Through implementing agency.	
Sl. Name of the No. Project	ties in Schedule VII to the Act.	area (Yes/ No).	state	District	for the project (in Rs.).	Name		CSR Registration number	
01.	Disaster Relief Management	Schedule VII (xii)	Yes	Local Area, Puducherry/ Tamil Nadu	Puducherry/ Tamil Nadu	79,628	Yes	-	-
02.	Education and Training	Schedule VII (ii)	Yes	Tamil Nadu	Tamil Nadu	2,00,000	No	BHOOMIKA TRUST	CSR00007016
03.	Education and Training	Schedule VII (ii)	Yes	Tamil Nadu	Tamil Nadu	4,00,000	No	NANDALALA SEVA SAMITHI TRUST	CSR00016534
04.	Education and Training	Schedule VII (ii)	Yes	Tamil Nadu	Tamil Nadu	2,00,000	No	ROTARY CLUB OF MADRAS SOUTH CHARITABLE TRUST	CSR00004990
05.	Education and Training	Schedule VII (ii)	No	Secunderabad, Telenganan	Secun- derabad, Telengana	6,00,000	No	YOGASARAS EDUCATIONAL ACADEMY	CSR00010287
06.	Education and Training	Schedule VII (ii)	Yes	Puducherry/ Tamil Nadu	Puducherry/ Tamil Nadu	6,37,350	Yes	-	-
07.	Safe Drinking Water	Schedule VII (i)	Yes	Puducherry/ Tamil Nadu	Puducherry/ Tamil Nadu	2,73,600	Yes	-	-
08.	Ensuring Environment Sustainability	Schedule VII (iv)	Yes	Puducherry/ Tamil Nadu	Puducherry/ Tamil Nadu	2,62,044	Yes	-	-
	TOTAL					26,52,622			

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

(d)Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: Nil

(e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: Nil

(f)Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e): Rs. 26,52,622

(g) Excess amount for set-off, if any Rs. 47,27,791

Sl. No	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	51,20,510
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	26,52,622
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	(24,67,888)
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	47,27,791
(v)	The amount available for set off in succeeding financial years	22,59,903

Amount transferred to Unspent CSR		Amount spent	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per section 135(6), if any.				
SI. No.	Preceding Financial Year.	Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.).	Name of the Fund	Amount (in Rs).	Date of transfer	Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (in Rs.)

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for **ongoing projects** of the preceding financial year(s): NIL

10. In case of creation or acquisition of the capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year

(Asset-wise details).

S. No.	(a) Date of creation of asset	(b) amount of CSR spend (Rs.)	(c) details of beneficiary	(d) details of capital assets
1	27 Sep 2022	5,25,000	MOH Farook Maricar, Govt Girls Hr. Sec. School, Kalapet, Pondicherry 605014	Furniture Provided

11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two percent of the average net profit as per section 135(5).

Sd/-C.S. Ramesh (Chairman CSR Committee) DIN: 00019178

Place: Chennai Date: 18th May 2023

ANNEXURE – F

REMUNERATION DETAILS

DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5 OF COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014 AND COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) AMEND-MENT RULES, 2016

The Information required under section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is as below:

(i) the ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year

Amount Rs. in Lakhs

Sl. No.	Director Name	Remuneration FY 2022-23	Median Remuneration of Employees FY 2022-23	Ratio
1	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	371.00	6.47	57.34
2	Mr. C. S. Ramesh	9.63	6.47	1.49
3	Mrs. Drushti Desai	9.08	6.47	1.40
4	Mr. Janakiraman A	8.88	6.47	1.37
5	Mr. Mahendran R	8.55	6.47	1.32
6	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	8.95	6.47	1.38
7	Mr. T. Ramabadhran	9.63	6.47	1.49
8	Mr. Nitin S Cowlagi	8.18	6.47	1.26

(ii) the percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary, or Manager, if any, in the financial year.

Sl. No.	Director Name	Remuneration FY 2022-23	Remuneration FY 2021-22	% Increase/ (Decrease)
1	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	371.00	1.00	370.00%
2	Mr. C.S. Ramesh	9.63	4.88	97.34%
3	Mrs. Drushti Desai	9.08	4.80	89.17%
4	Mr. Janakiraman A	8.88	4.65	90.97%
5	Mr. Mahendran R	8.55	3.95	116.46%
6	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	8.95	4.43	102.03%
7	Mr. T. Ramabadhran	9.63	4.88	97.34%
8	Mr. Nitin S Cowlagi	8.18	4.35	88.05%
9	Mr. V.M Srinivasan, CEO	191.81	142.82	34.30%
10	Mr. Prasath S, CFO	46.03	40.00	15.08%
11.	Mr. B Vignesh Ram	15.74	15.50	1.55%

(iii) the percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year

Median Remuneration FY 2022-23	Median Remuneration FY 2021-22	% Increase/(Decrease)
6.47	6.27	3.19%

(iv) Number of permanent employees on the rolls of company - 193

(viii) average percentile increases already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof, pointing out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration.

Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22	% Increase/ (Decrease)
Employees Salary	1,853.54	1968.44	(5.84%)
Managerial Remuneration	433.90	32.94	1217.24%

(xii) affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.

(item (v) (vi) (ix) (x) (xi) Omitted by Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016 Dated 30th June, 2016.

INFORMATION AS PER RULE 5(2) OF CHAPTER XIII, COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

Employee Name	Designation & Nature of Employment	Qualification and Experience (in years)	Age	Date of Joining & Previous Employment details	Remuneration (Rs. In lakhs)	Percentage of equity shares held	whether the employee is a relative of any director or manag- er of the company
Mr. V.M.	CEO	B.Sc, MBA	56	26/04/2017	191.81	1.26%	No
Srinivasan	(Permanent	Experience –		Previous			
	Employee)	31 Years		Employment –			
				CEO, the erstwhile			
				amalgamated			
				Company			
				Chemfab Alkalis			
				Limited and			
				Floking Pipes			

TOP 10 EMPLOYEES IN TERMS OF REMUNERATION DRAWN

Statement pursuant to Section 134 of the Companies Act 2013, read with rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies Act (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014 and Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules 2016 Statement as per rule 5(2) of the above-said rule.

REMUNERATION:

As prescribed under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the details are given in Annexure G. In terms of provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5(2) and (3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, a statement showing names of the employees, age, designation, drawing remuneration, nature of employment, qualification, experience, date of commencement of employment, last employment, and other particulars in terms of the said Rules is available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during working hours and any member who is interested in obtaining these particulars may write to the Company Secretary of the Company via email: ccalcosecy@drraoholdings.com

ANNEXURE- G

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The term 'Governance' refers to the way in which something is governed and the function of governing, and the term 'Corporate Governance' refers to how companies are governed and to what purpose. It is concerned with practices and procedures for trying to ensure that a company runs in such a way that it achieves its mission and goals. It includes maximizing the wealth of the shareholders subject to various guidelines and constraints.

In other words, the term 'Corporate Governance' stands for a commitment to values and ethical business conduct. It is information to outsiders showing how an organization is managed. This includes its corporate structure, its culture, policies, and the way it deals with various stakeholders. Accordingly, timely and accurate disclosure of information regarding the financial performance, ownership, and material developments in respect of the Company are integral parts of Corporate Governance. Adoption of good Corporate Governance practices helps to develop a good image of the organization, attracts the best talents, and keeps the stakeholders satisfied.

Your Company has been practicing the principles of good Corporate Governance over the years and has been upholding fair and ethical business and corporate practices and transparency in its dealings, emphasizing scrupulous regulatory compliances.

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Your Company believes that sound Corporate Governance is critical to enhance and retain investors' trust. Accordingly, your Company seeks to achieve its goals with integrity and fairness. The Company's philosophy is based on Accountability, Ethical conduct, Compliance with statutes, Interest of all stakeholders, Transparency, and Timely disclosure. The objective is to institutionalize Corporate Governance practices that go beyond adherence to the regulatory framework.

The Company is in full compliance with the requirements under Regulation 34 read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Your Company is committed to adhering to the norms of Corporate Governance consistently for meeting all its obligations towards the stakeholders.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Company's Board consists of Eight Directors, all of whom are Non-Executive Directors.

SI. No	Name of Directors	Category	Date of appointment
1	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Promoter,	
		Non - Independent Director	
2	Mr. C.S. Ramesh	Non - Independent Director	26.04.2017
3	Mr. R. Mahendran	Non - Independent Director	14.03.2016
4	Mr.Nitin S Cowlagi	Non - Independent Director	04.06.2020
5	Mr. A. Janakiraman	Independent Director	26.04.2017
6	Mrs. Drushti Desai	Independent Director	26.04.2017
7	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	Independent Director	26.04.2017
8	Mr. T. Ramabadhran	Independent Director	27.06.2019

The Company is Board-managed, and it has no Managing Director, Whole-Time Director, or Manager. The day-to-day affairs are managed by the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Company, under the direct supervision of the Board.

The Key Managerial Personnel of the Company					
Name of the Personnel	Designation				
Mr. V.M. Srinivasan	Chief Executive Officer				
Mr. S. Prasath	Chief Financial Officer				
Mr. B. Vignesh Ram	Company Secretary & Compliance officer				

The composition of the Board, the categorization of Directors, the number of Board meetings held during the Financial Year, 2022-23, attendance at the Board meetings and the last Annual General Meeting, and the number of Directorships and Memberships/ Chairmanships in other public companies held by the Directors as on 31st March 2023 are given below:

A. I) INFORMATION ON BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND ATTENDANCE

SI		Category of	No. of Equity	No. of Board Meetings		No. of Other Director	No. of other Committee		Attendance	
No	Name of Directors	Directorship	Shares held	Held	Attended	-ship *	Member	Chairman	of last AGM	
1	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	Non - Independent	14,24,423	6	6	2	0	0	YES	
2	Mr. C. S. Ramesh	Non - Independent	58	6	6	1	0	0	YES	
3	Mr. R. Mahendran	Non - Independent	0	6	6	1	0	0	YES	
4	Mr. Nitin S Cowlagi	Non - Independent	56142	6	4	1	0	0	YES	
5	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	Independent	0	6	6	2	2	0	YES	
6	Mrs. Drushti Desai	Independent	0	6	5	5	4	0	YES	
7	Mr. A. Janakiraman	Independent	0	6	5	0	0	0	YES	
8	Mr. T. Ramabadhran	Independent	142	6	6	2	0	0	YES	

* The Directorships and membership in Committee held by the Directors as mentioned above do not include Chemfab Alkalis Limited, and Alternate Directorships and Directorships of Foreign Companies.

Please refer to http://www.chemfabalkalis.com/pdf-2015/Indpdt-Directors-Famlrzn-Prog.pdf for familiarization program imparted to Independent Directors.

Appointment of Independent Directors

The Independent Directors meeting held on 07th February 2023 reviewed the performance of Non – Independent Directors and the Board as a whole and the performance of the Chairperson – considering the view of other Non – Independent Director(s) and assessed the quality, quantity, and timeliness of the flow of information between the company management and the Board. www.chemfabalkalis.com/investors.

In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors fulfill the conditions specified in SEBI Listing Regulations and they are independent of the Management.

Details of Meeting of Independent Directors are as follows:

The Independent Directors met on 07th February 2023 and reviewed the performance of non – independent Directors and the Board of directors as a whole. They reviewed the performance of the Chairperson – considering of view of other Non – Independent Directors and assessed the quality, quantity, and timeliness of the flow of information between the company management and the Board.

Sl. No	Name of the Director	Number of Meeting	Attended
01.	Mr. T. Ramabadhran	1	1
02.	Mr. A. Janakiraman	1	1
03.	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	1	1
04.	Mrs. Drushti Desai	1	1

SI. No	Name of the Director	No. of the Directorship in other listed Companies	Name of the listed entities in which he/she is director	Category of Directorship
01.	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	-	-	-
02.	Mr. C. S. Ramesh	-	-	-
03.	Mr. R. Mahendran	-	-	-
04.	Mr. Nitin S Cowlagi	-	-	-
05.	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	1	1. Thejo Engineering Limited	1. Independent Director
06.	Mrs. Drushti Desai	2	 Kewal Kiran Clothing Limited Narmada Gelatines Limited 	1. Independent Director 2. Director
07.	Mr. A. Janakiraman	-	-	-
08.	Mr. T. Ramabadhran	-	-	-

B. THE NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS HELD DURING THE YEAR ALONG WITH THE DATE OF THE MEETINGS:

During the Financial Year 2022-23, six meetings of the Board of Directors were held as under:

Sl. No.	Date of Meeting
1.	02 nd May 2022
2.	25 th May 2022
3.	27 th July 2022
4.	11th August 2022
5.	03 rd November 2022
6.	07 th February 2023

C. DISCLOSURE OF RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN DIRECTORS INTER-SE

There are no inter-se relationships between Directors.

D. NUMBER OF SHARES HELD BY NON – EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Sl. No	Name of the Director	Number of Shares holding by the NED
01.	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	14,24,423
02.	Mr. C. S. Ramesh	58
03.	Mr. R. Mahendran	0
04	Mr. Nitin S Cowlagi	56,142
05.	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	0
06.	Mrs. Drushti Desai	0
07.	Mr. A. Janakiraman	0
08.	Mr. T. Ramabadhran	142

E. A CHART OR A MATRIX SETTING OUT THE SKILLS/ EXPERTISE/ COMPETENCE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Effective Governance includes establishing robust director competency frameworks that can be used by Boards to identify director skill gaps and ensure that the skills of the current directors are being properly utilized.

Building the right Board requires an understanding of director competencies, which involves consideration of the directors' experience, skills, attributes, and capabilities. Director competencies encompass two distinct areas:

- (i) Technical competencies and
- (ii) Behavioral competencies.

Technical competencies are a director's technical skills and experiences such as accounting or legal skills, industry knowledge, experience in strategic planning and corporate governance.

Behavioral competencies are a director's capabilities and personal attributes and include, for example, linkages to the "ownership"; an ability to positively influence people and situations; an ability to assimilate and synthesize complex information; time availability; honesty and integrity; and high ethical standards.

Thus, the Board of Directors of your Company has identified the following list of core skills/expertise/competencies required for each Director(s) in the context of its business(es) and sector(s) for it to function effectively and assessed those available with the Board.

- Reviewing and guiding corporate strategy, major plans of action, risk policy, annual budgets, and business plans, setting
 performance objectives, monitoring implementation and corporate performance, and overseeing major capital expenditures, acquisitions and investments.
- (2) Monitoring the effectiveness of governance practices and making changes as needed.
- (3) Selecting, compensating, monitoring, and, when necessary, replacing key managerial personnel and overseeing succession planning.
- (4) Aligning key managerial personnel and remuneration of the Board of directors with the longer-term interests of the company and its shareholders.
- (5) Ensuring a transparent nomination process to the Board of directors ensuring diversity of thought, experience, knowledge, perspective, and gender in the Board of directors.
- (6) Monitoring and managing potential conflicts of interest between the management, members of the Board of directors, and shareholders, including misuse of corporate assets and abuse in related party transactions.
- (7) Ensuring the integrity of the company's accounting and financial reporting systems, including independent audit, and that appropriate systems of control are in place viz., systems for risk management, financial and operational control, and compliance with the law and relevant standards.
- (8) Overseeing the process of disclosure and communications.
- (9) Monitoring and reviewing Board of director's evaluation framework.

The following matrix table details the skills/expertise/competencies identified by the Board of Directors.

Sl. No	Name of the Directors	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
2	Mr. C.S. Ramesh	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
3	Mr. R. Mahendran	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-
4	Mr. Nitin S Cowlagi	\checkmark	-							
5	Mr. T. Ramabadhran	\checkmark								
6	Mr. A. Janakiraman	\checkmark								
7	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
8	Mrs. Drushti Desai	✓	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark

3. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company was constituted in compliance with provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and compliance with Regulation 18 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

Out of the total six Members of the Audit Committee, four are Independent Directors and all the members have relevant finance exposure. The Committee is chaired by an Independent Director.

S. No	Name of the Member	Description
1.	Mrs. Drushti Desai	Chairperson, Independent Director
2.	Mr. A. Janakiraman	Member, Independent Director
3.	Mr. T. Ramabadhran	Member, Independent Director
4.	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	Member, Independent Director
5.	Mr. C.S. Ramesh	Member, Non-Independent Director
6.	Mr. Nitin S Cowlagi	Member, Non-Independent Director

The Statutory Auditors, Internal Auditors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Company Secretary attend the meetings of the Audit Committee regularly by invitation. The terms of reference and scope of the Committee include:

- (i) To recommend the appointment/removal of Auditors, fixing of audit fees, and approval of payments;
- (ii) To review and monitor the Auditor's independence, performance, and effectiveness of audit process, to examine the financial statements and auditor's report thereon, scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- (iii) To approve or make any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
- (iv) To value the undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- (v) To evaluate the internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- (vi) To monitor the end-use of funds raised through public offers and related matters.

The Audit Committee also abides by the terms of reference as specified under Part C of Schedule II of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 including amendment of SEBI (LODR) Regulation 2018. The Audit Committee of the Company met four times during the year under review as indicated below:

SI No.	Date of Meeting
1.	25 th May 2022
2.	27 th July 2022
3.	03 rd November 2022
4.	07th February 2023

During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Composition and attendance of the Members at the meetings of the Audit Committee are as follows: -

Name of the Member	Status	Director Category	No. of meetings attended
Mrs. Drushti Desai	Chairperson	Independent Director	4
Mr. T. Ramabadhran	Member	Independent Director	4
Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	Member	Independent Director	4
Mr. A. Janakiraman	Member	Independent Director	3
Mr. C.S. Ramesh	Member	Non -Independent Director	4
Mr. Nitin S Cowlagi	Member	Non -Independent Director	3

The Minutes of the meetings of the Audit Committee meetings are discussed and noted by the Board of Directors at their meetings.

4. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company were reconstituted in compliance with provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and terms of Regulation 19 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

The terms of reference of the Committee include:

- 1. Formulation of the criteria for determining the qualifications, positive attributes, and independence of a Director and recommend to the Board, a policy relating to the remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees;
- 2. Formulation of the criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board;
- 3. Devising a policy on Board diversity;
- 4. Identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal.
- 5. Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of an independent director, based on the report of the evaluation of the performance of the independent directors.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee also abides by the terms of reference as specified under Part D of Schedule II of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

S. No	o Name of the Member Directors Category	
1	Mrs. Drushti Desai	Chairperson, Independent Director
2	Mr. T. Ramabadhran	Member, Independent Director
3	Mr. A. Janakiraman	Member, Independent Director
4.	Mr. C.S. Ramesh	Member, Non-Independent Director

During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company met Four times as indicated below:

Sl No.	Date of Meeting
1.	25 th May 2022
2.	27 th July 2022
3.	03 rd November 2022
4.	07 th February 2023

The attendance of the members is as follows:

Name of the Member	Status	Directors Category	No. of meetings attended
Mrs. Drushti Desai	Chairperson	Independent Director	4
Mr. A. Janakiraman	Member	Independent Director	3
Mr. T. Ramabadhran	Member	Independent Director	4
Mr. C.S. Ramesh	Member	Non - Independent Director	4

The Remuneration Policy of your Company is available on the website of the company in the link www.chemfabalkalis.com. There are no pecuniary relationships or transactions between the Company and the Non – Executive Directors except Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao, who is a promoter.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION AND DISCLOSURES

Details of the sitting fees paid to the Non-Executive Directors and Commission paid to them with the approval of the shareholders during the year are given below:

Sl. No	Name of the Director	Sitting Fees	Commission	Total (Rs. In Lakhs)
01.	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	-	371.00	371.00
02.	Mr. C. S. Ramesh	2.63	7.00	9.63
03.	Mr. R. Mahendran	1.55	7.00	8.55
04.	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	1.95	7.00	8.95
05.	Mrs. Drushti Desai	2.08	7.00	9.08
06.	Mr. A. Janakiraman	1.88	7.00	8.88
07.	Mr. T. Ramabadhran	2.63	7.00	9.63
08.	Mr. Nitin S. Cowlagi	1.18	7.00	8.18

DISCLOSURE OF REMUNERATION

А	All elements of remuneration package of individual Directors summarized under major groups, such as salary, benefits, bonuses, stock options, pension, etc		
	as salary, benefits, bonuses, stock options, pension, etc		
В	Details of a fixed component and performance-linked incentives along with the performance Criteria	NIL	
С	C Service contracts, notice period, severance fees.		
D	Stock Option details, if any - and whether issued at a discount as well as the period over which	NIL	
	accrued and over which exercisable		

Performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors: Performance of Independent Directors are assessed, based on their Attendance, preparedness, and active participation in the discussions at the Meetings, valuable suggestions provided by them for improvement of business decisions and Statutory Compliances, visit the Factory, attending Seminars and in-house programs on familiarization, etc.,

Criteria for making payments to Non-Executive Directors: Payments are made based on the performance and contributions of the Non-Executive Directors as per the details provided under the Nomination & Remuneration Policy of the Company.

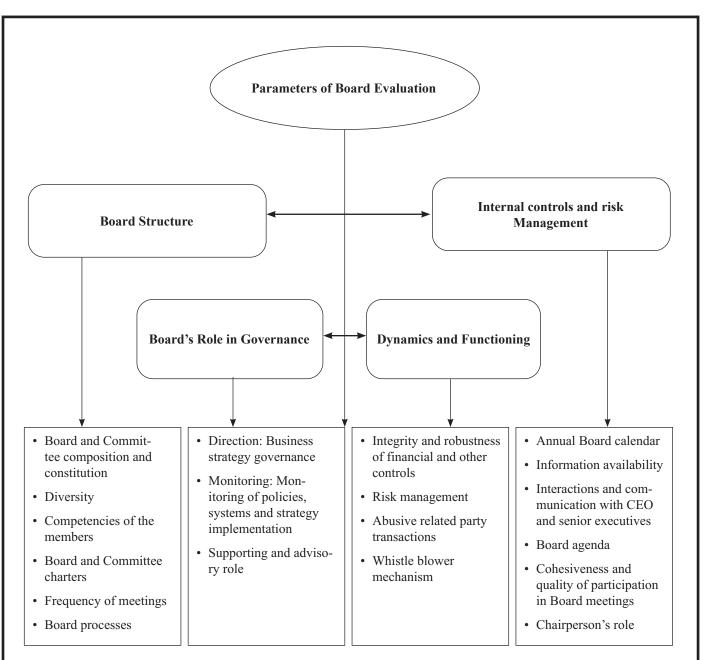
Overall Board Evaluation

The Board evaluation is a process of evaluating the entire Board on its performance and it also provides an independent assessment of the strengths and capabilities of the Board, its committees, and directors.

Thus, an evaluation will:

- assess the balance of skills within the Board.
- identify attributes required for new appointments.
- review practices and procedures to improve efficiency and effectiveness.
- review practices and procedures of the Board's decision-making processes and recognize the Board's outputs and achievements.





Your company had evaluated the Board of Directors in the following major areas:

- 1. Evaluation of the Board as a Whole
- 2. Evaluation of the Committees
- 3. Evaluation of Individual Directors/Self -Assessment
 - Independent Directors
 - Non-executive Directors
- 4. Evaluation of the Chairperson

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board evaluated the Directors by a method of collecting data through questionnaires distributed to the Directors on 03rd November 2022.

The following five-based ranking scale was used against each question and the directors were asked to rate each parameter.

Poor Needs imp	provement Meets	Expectation Exce	ed Expectation (Dutstanding
1 2 The questionnaire broad	ly covered the following	3 areas:	4	5
Evaluation of the Board as a Whole	Evaluation of the Board Committees	Evaluation of Individual Directors/ Self-Assessment	Non-Executive Director And Independent Director	Evaluation of the Chairperson
 Structure of the Board and the quality Board Meetings and Procedures Board Development Board Strategy and Risk Management Governance and Compliance Board and Manage- 	 Functions and Duties Managing Relationship Committee Meeting and Procedures 	 Knowledgeable Diligence & Participation Leadership Team 	 Participation at the Board/committee meeting Managing Relationship Knowledge and skill Personal attribute 	 Managing Relationship Leadership
 ment Relations Succession Planning Stakeholder value and responsibility 				

The committee obtained responses from the individual directors, collated them, and reported the same to the Chairperson to analyze the results. The outcome of the evaluation was discussed at the meeting of the Independent Directors held on 07^{th} February 2023.

This method of the evaluation helped the Board to understand the effectiveness of the Board, individual director's contribution in strategic decision making, participation in Board and Committee meetings, communication and interpersonal skills of the directors, ethical issues and dilemmas faced by the director, and relationship of the director with the senior management.

The Board also evaluated the performance of the following committees.

- 1. Audit Committee
- 2. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee
- 3. Nomination and Remuneration Committee and
- 4. Stakeholders Relationship Committee

Thus, your company has in system in place for the formal evaluation by the Board of its performance and that of its committees and individual directors.

5. STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The Committee takes care of the relations with the Stakeholders of the Company. It looks into and redresses the Shareholders' complaints relating to delay in transfer of shares and non-receipt of annual report/dividend warrants, oversees the performance of the Registrars & Transfer Agents, and recommends measures for overall improvements in the quality of investor services and investor relations.

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee abides by the terms of reference as specified under Part D of Schedule II of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015

As of 31st March 2023, there were no Shareholders' complaints pending redressal.

During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Committee met Four times

Sl No.	Date of Meeting
1.	25 th May 2022
2.	27 th July 2022
3.	03 rd November 2022
4.	07 th February 2023

The attendances of the members are as follows:

Name of the Member	Status	Directors' Category	No. of meetings attended
Mrs. Drushti Desai	Chairperson	Independent Director	4
Mr. C.S. Ramesh	Member	Non - Independent Director	4
Mr. T. Ramabadhran	Member	Independent Director	4
Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	Member	Non - Independent Director	4

6. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE:

S. No	Name of the Member	Designation	
1	Mr. C.S. Ramesh	Chairman, Non-Independent Director	
2	Mr. R. Mahendran	Member, Non-Independent Director	
3	Mr. Nitin S Cowlagi	Member, Non-Independent Director	
4.	Mr. A. Janakiraman	Member, Independent Director	
5.	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	Member, Independent Director	
6	Mr. T. Ramabadhran	Member, Independent Director	

During the Financial Year 2022-2023, the Committee met two times on:

Sl No.	Date of Meeting
1.	25 th May 2022
2	27 th July 2022

The attendance of the members is as follows:

S. No	Name of the Member	Status	Directors' Category	No. of meetings attended
1	Mr. C.S. Ramesh	Chairman	Non- Independent Director	2
2	Mr. R. Mahendran	Member	Non – Independent Director	2
3	Mr.A. Janakiraman	Member	Independent Director	2
4.	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	Member	Independent Director	2
5.	Mr. T. Ramabadhran	Member	Independent Director	2
6	Mr.Nitin S Cowlagi	Member	Non – Independent Director	2

7. RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Board of Directors of the Company has constituted a Risk Management Committee on 26.04.2017 pursuant to the amalgamation of erstwhile Chemfab Alkalis Limited, though the constitution of such Committee applies only to the top 1000 listed companies in terms of market capitalization.

The Composition of the Members of the Risk Management Committee is as follows:

Sl. No.	Name of the Member	Status	Directors' Category
1	Mr. A. Janakiraman	Chairman	Independent Director
2	Mr. C S Ramesh	Member	Independent Director
3	Mrs. Drushti Desai	Member	Independent Director
4	Mr. R. Mahendran	Member	Non - Independent Director
5	Mr. V M Srinivasan	Member	Chief Executive Officer

8. ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS:

i. The details of the last three Annual General Meetings of the Company held are given below:

Year	Location	Date	Time	No. of Special Resolution Passed
2019-2020	Through VC/OVAM	29 th July 2020	10.00 A.M	Four
2020-2021	Through VC/OVAM	04th August 2021	10.00 A.M	one
2021-2022	Through VC/OVAM	15 th September 2022	10:00 A.M	One

EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING:

During the year one Extra Ordinary General meeting was held on 22nd April 2022.

Year	Location	Date	Time	Number of Special Resolutions passed
2022-2023	Through VC/OVAM	22 nd April 2022	10.00 A.M	Three

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

Quarterly Results	Publish in the Stock Exchanges website, as well as Newspaper having wide circulation and Company's website
Newspapers wherein results normally published	 Business Standard Makkal Kural
Website, where displayed	www.chemfabalkalis.com
Presentations made to institutional investors or the analysts	The Company has not made any presentation to investors or analy- sis during the financial year ended 31 st March 2023

9. GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION:

REGISTERED OFFICE	Team House, GST Salai Vandalur, Chennai – 600 048 Phone: +91-44-22750323/324 Fax: +91-44-22750860
ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING, DATE OF BOOK CLOSURE &	Email: cosecy@draoholdings.com website: www.chemfabalkalis.com E- Annual General Meeting has been fixed on 29th August 2023. Book Closure starts from 23rd August 2023 to 29th August 2023 (both days inclusive). The dividend will be mid within 7 days from the date of the
DIVIDEND PAYMENT DATE	inclusive). The dividend will be paid within 7 days from the date of the E- Annual General Meeting.

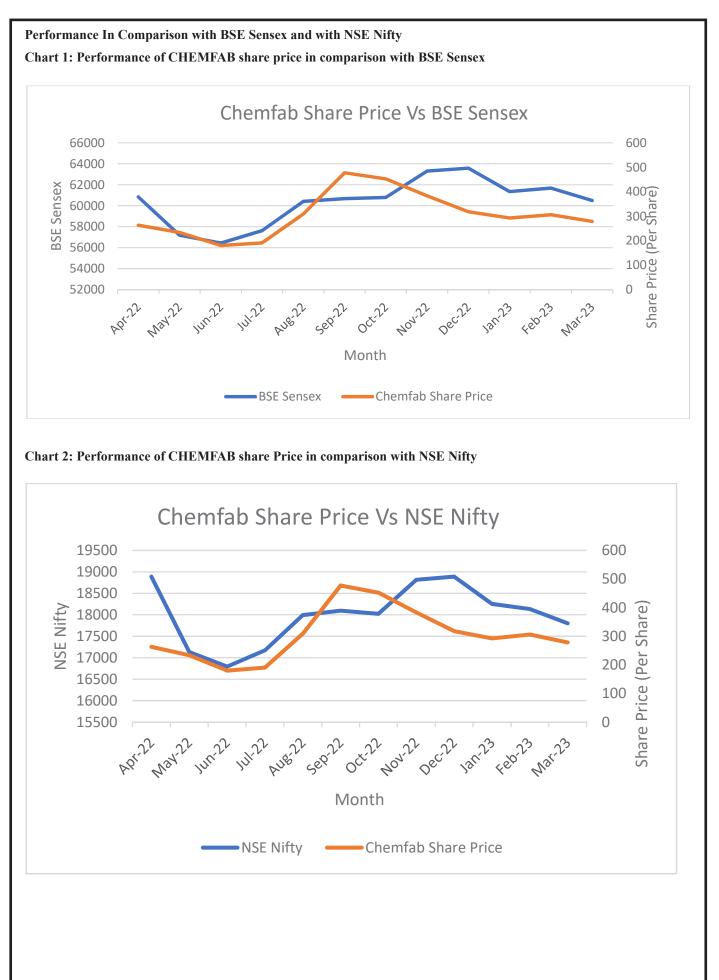
FINANCIAL CALENDAR (TENTATIVE) Covering the period from 01 st April 2023 to 31 st March 2024	1st QTR Results 2nd QTR Results 3rd QTR Results	14th August 202314th November 202314th February 2024
	4 th QTR (Annual Results)	30 th May 2024

LISTING EQUITY SHARES ON THE STOCK EXCHANGES:

STOCK EXCHANGE WHERE SHARES ARE LISTED	SCRIP CODE / No.'s
DEMAT ISIN IN NSDL AND CDSL FOR EQUITY	INE783X01023
SHARES	
BSE LTD (BSE)	541269 / Shares
NATIONAL STOCK EXCHANGE OF INDIA	CHEMFAB / Shares
LIMITED(NSE)	
REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENT	Cameo Corporate Services Ltd, Subramanian Building,
	1 Club House Road, Chennai - 600 002.
	Phone No.044 2846 0390 / 2846 0395 Fax: 044 2846 0129
	Email: cameo@cameoindia.com
	Website: www.cameoonline.net
Whether the securities were suspended from trading	The Equity shares of the Company were not suspended at
during the Year 2022-23	any point of the time during the year 22-23 and also till
	the date of the report

MARKET PRICE DATA

	BSE		NSE		BSE Sensex		NSE –Nifty 50	
Month	High Price (Rs.)	Low Price (Rs.)	High Price (Rs.)	Low Price (Rs.)	High Price (Rs)	Low Price (Rs.)	High price (Rs.)	Low Price (Rs.)
April 2022	262.9	216	263	218.05	60845.1	56009.07	18887.60	15183.40
May 2022	233.7	166.05	233.95	164.60	57184.21	52632.48	17132.85	15735.75
June 2022	180	152.1	1177.95	150.20	56432.65	50921.22	16793.85	15183.40
July 2022	190.75	155.3	194	154.20	57619.27	52094.25	17172.8	15511.05
August 2022	308.7	192.9	309.30	203.70	60411.2	57367.47	17992.20	17154.80
September 2022	477.45	312.45	476.55	315.05	60676.12	56147.23	18096.15	16747.70
October 2022	452.2	316.05	451.30	316.10	60786.7	56683.4	18022.8	16855.55
November 2022	383	282.3	384.05	282.70	63303.01	60425.47	18816.05	17959.20
December2022	317.8	245.6	318.90	245.35	63583.07	59754.1	18887.60	1777.25
January 2023	292.55	243.6	295.00	244.00	61343.96	58699.2	18251.95	17405.55
February 2023	305.95	242.2	306.00	245.00	61682.25	58795.97	18134.75	17255.20
March 2023	278.6	213	277.45	213.05	60498.48	57084.91	17799.95	16828.35



Category	No. of Shareholders	%	Shares holding	%	Amount (in Rs.)
1 - 5000	9116	90.04	841660	5.93	8416600
5001 - 10000	524	5.17	394650	2.78	3946500
10001 - 20000	262	2.58	383642	2.70	3836420
20001 - 30000	81	0.8	205567	1.44	2055670
30001 - 40000	28	0.27	97194	0.68	971940
40001 - 50000	25	0.24	113023	0.79	1130230
50001 - 100000	45	0.44	310197	2.18	3101970
100001 - And Above	343	0.42	11836069	83.45	118360690
Total :	10124	100.00	14133802	100	100.00

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDING - DISTRIBUTION OF HOLDINGS - AS ON 31.3.2023

SHARE TRANSFER SYSTEM

A Committee of the Board has authorized the Company Secretary for approval of Share Transfer/ transmission in the physical form and the same is reported to the Committee at its Meeting held every quarter.

10. DETAILS OF UNCLAIMED SHARES

The erstwhile Listed Company Chemfab Alkalis Limited which was amalgamated with the Company had sent the reminders to vide letters to all the Shareholders whose Share Certificates were returned undelivered. The Company transferred the Shares comprised in the Share Certificates, which were remaining undelivered into one Folio in the name of Chemfab Alkalis Limited Unclaimed Suspense Account.

Further, the Company opened an account viz., Chemfab Alkalis Limited Unclaimed Suspense Account (Demat account) and dematerialized the shares to that account. The details of unclaimed shares are given below:

- (a) the aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the beginning of the year -22 shareholders having 8923 Equity Shares
- (b) the number of shareholders who approached the listed entity for transfer of shares from suspense account during the year Nil.
- (c) number of shareholders to whom shares were transferred from suspense account during the year Nil
- (d) the aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the end of the year 22 shareholders having 8923 Equity Shares

The voting rights on these Unclaimed shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owners of such shares claim the shares.

11. DETAILS OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND AND THE SHARES TRANSFERRED TO IEPF

Pursuant to the provisions of Sec. 124(5) of the Companies Act 2013, the unclaimed dividends pertaining to the dividend paid for the financial year 2014-2015, which remains as unpaid or unclaimed for seven years from the date of such transfer in "Unpaid-Unclaimed Dividend Account" will be credited to the Fund established under sub-section (1) of section 125 (i.e., Investor Education and Protection Fund).

Further, in pursuant to provisions of Sec.124 (6) of the Companies Act 2013, 11326 shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years, will also be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

DEMATERIALISATION OF SHARES:

The Company has appointed M/s Cameo Corporate Services Ltd., as the Registrars of the Company for establishing connectivity with NSDL and CDSL to facilitate dematerialization of the shares held by the Members.

As of 31.03.2023, 97.76 % of Equity Shares have been dematerialized.

OUTSTANDING GDR/ADR WARRANTS OR CONVERTIBLE BONDS

The Company has not issued any of the securities mentioned above.

PLANT LOCATION

CHLOR ALKALI PLANT	'Gnanananda Place', Kalapet, Puducherry 605 014	
PVC-O PLANT	650, Chigurupalem Road, Sri City, Andhra Pradesh 517 646	
SALT FIELD	 Kanthadu Village, Marakanam Post, Villupuram District, Tamil Nadu Mariyur Salai, Sayalkudi, Ramnad District, Tamil Nadu 	
SODIUM CHLORATE PLANT	Plot No.558 & 559, APIIC Growth Centre, Gundlapalli (Village) Maddipadu (Mandal), Prakasam (District), Andhra Pradesh 523 211	

CREDIT RATING DISCLOSURES

CARE	2022-2023	2021 - 2022	
Long term Bank Facilities	CARE A - Stable	CARE A - Stable	
Short term Bank Facilities	CARE A2+	CARE A2+	

12. OTHER DISCLOSURES:

a. Related party transactions during the year have been disclosed as required under IND AS 24. The transactions are not prejudicial to the interests of the Company.

Please refer to the Weblink

https://chemfabalkalis.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/04/policies-Policy-for-Materiality-of-Related-Parties-Transaction.pdf of the Company.

b. No strictures/penalties have been imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any statutory authorities on any matter related to the capital market during the last three years.

c. Quarterly Compliance report:

The Company has submitted its Corporate Governance report as the prescribed format to the BSE Ltd and National Stock Exchange within 15 days from the end of each quarter.

d. Sexual Harassment Policy

The Company has in place a Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirement of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

Internal Compliant Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress the complaints received in connection with sexual harassment in any form.

All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy.

- a. Number of complaints filed during the financial year NIL
- b. Number of complaints disposed of during the financial year NIL
- c. Number of complaints pending as of the end of the financial year NIL
- e. Details of non compliance of the company, penalties, and stricture imposed on the listed entity by the stock exchange(s) of SEBI or any statutory authority, or any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.

There is any such incidence occurred to the company were the penalties, stricter non – compliance imposed to the company by SEBI or any statutory authority.

f. The Company has established a vigil mechanism, also called the Whistle Blower Policy which is adopted for Directors and Employees to report concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud, or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct or Ethics Policy. It provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of persons who use such

mechanism and makes provision for direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee in appropriate or exceptional cases. No person has been denied access to the Audit Committee till now.

g. Accounting Treatment

In the preparation of the financial statements, IND AS and corresponding principles and policies were followed. The Company has followed the applicable mandatory Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 in the preparation of the Annual Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements.

h. Board Disclosures - Risk Management

The main objective of Risk Management is risk reduction and avoidance as also to help the Company identify the risks faced by the business and optimize the risk management strategies. The Company has a defined risk management framework.

i. Code of Conduct

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for the Members of the Board of Directors and the Senior Management Personnel of the Company. The said Code of Conduct is available in the below Weblink https://chemfabalkalis.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/04/policies-Code-of-Conduct-for-Directors-and-Senior-Management.pdf

The Company is Board-managed and there is no Managing/Whole-time Director/Manager. The Board of Directors has authorized the CEO, to make a declaration on compliance with the Code of Conduct by all the Board Members and the Senior Management Personnel.

A Compliance Report on the Code of Conduct given by the CEO, authorized on this behalf by the Board, is given at the end of this Report.

The Company has adopted the discretionary requirements as per Regulation 27 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 by adopting some of the requirements viz., separate posts of Chairperson and CEO and reporting of Internal Auditor directly to the Audit Committee under part - E of Schedule II.

The Company has not adopted non-mandatory requirements as per the Regulations of The SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

j. Disclosure of material transactions to the Board by the Senior Management

The senior management personnel gives disclosure on annual basis to the Board for all material financial and commercial transactions, where they have personal interests that may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. As per the disclosures received, no such transactions have taken place during the financial year 2022-2023.

k. Recommendation of the Committee

There are no such incidents or events where the board had not accepted any recommendation of any committee of the board, which is mandatorily required, in the reporting financial year.

I. Details of Auditor's Remuneration

	Particulars	Standalone Rs. in lakhs	Consolidated Rs. in lakhs
1.	Statutory Audit Fees	19.50	24.50
2.	Limited Review Fees	4.50	4.50
3.	Other Certificates	-	-
4.	Out of Pocket Expenses	0.75	0.83
	Total	24.75	29.83

m. Subsidiary details

Your Company had incorporated, a wholly-owned subsidiary namely 'Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited' on 19.12.2019 to manufacture all types of chemicals, chemical compounds, and chemical products including, but not limited to alkali, acids, Acids, Bases, Solvents, Alcohols, Gases, Ethers, Aliphatics, Aromatics, Aldehydes Ketones, Amines, Alkaloids, caustic soda, Potassium Chlorate, Sodium Chlorate, Perchlorate, other chemicals and their by-products or derivatives in all forms and kinds.

Further, in accordance with the SEBI (LODR) Regulation 2015, the said subsidiary is not falling under the definition of "material subsidiary".

n. Details of Compliance with Mandatory Requirement and adoption of the Non-Mandatory Requirement

The Company has complied with all the applicable mandatory requirements of Listing Regulations.

Non-Mandatory Requirement:

The Company has adopted the following non-mandatory requirements of Part-E of Schedule II of SEBI (LODR) Regulation 2015.

i) Modified opinions in Audit Report

The Company is in the regime of unmodified opinions on the financial statements and that the auditors of the Company have issued Audit report.

ii) Reporting of Internal Auditor

The Internal Auditors of the Company report directly to the Audit Committee and are invited to be present as invitees at the Audit Committee meetings held every quarter

o. Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A).

During the financial year ended March 31, 2023, the Company had not raised funds through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement.

p. Disclosure of Loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which directors are interested

During the year under review, Company has not given in any loans to any firms or companies in which the Directors are interested.

q. A certificate from a Company Secretary in practice that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority

The Certificate issued by M/s. M. Damodaran & Associates LLP, Practicing Company Secretaries forms part of this report.

r. Compliances with Corporate Governance Framework

The Company has complied with the mandatory requirements stipulate under Regulations 17 to 27 read with Schedule V and clauses (b) to (i) of sub regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of Listing Regulations.

The Company has submitted the compliance report in the prescribed format to the stock exchanges for all the quarters including the quarter ended March 31, 2023.

The Company has obtained a certificate from a Practicing Company Secretary on compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in Listing Regulations is enclosed as Annexure–C to this report.

s. Commodity price risk & foreign exchange risk and hedging activities.

As per SEBI Circular dated November 2018 read with clause 9(n) & 9(g) of Part C to Schedule V of the Listing Regulation, disclosure regarding exposure of the Company to various commodities for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022, is as under:

- a. Total Exposure of the Company to commodities :NIL
- b. Exposure of the Company to various commodities: NIL

c. Commodity risks faced by the listed entity during the year: NIL

13. CEO/CFO CERTIFICATION

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of the Company have certified to the Board on financial and other matters in accordance with Regulation 17(8) read with Part-B of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE

B Vignesh Ram	Mr. S Prasath
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	Chief Financial Officer
Chemfab Alkalis Limited	Chemfab Alkalis Limited
Team House, GST Salai, Vandalur,	'Gnananada Place'
Chennai – 600 048 Phone: +91-44-22750323	Puducherry – 605014
Email: cosecy@drraoholdings.com	Email: prasath@drraoholdings.com
website: www.chemfabalkalis.com	website: www.chemfabalkalis.com

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED

-/sd Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Chairman DIN: 00127809

Date: 18th May 2023 Place: Chennai

DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CONDUCT

I hereby confirm that:

The company has obtained from all the members of the Board and Senior Management Personnel, affirmation(s) that they have complied with the Code of Conduct for Board Members and Senior Management Personnel in respect of the financial year ended 31st March 2023.

sd/-V.M. Srinivasan Chief Executive Officer

Date: 18th May 2023 Place: Chennai

ANNEXURE – H

FORM MR 3

Secretarial Audit Report

For the financial year ended March 31, 2023

 (Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel)
 Rules, 2014 and Regulation 24A (1) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015])

То

The Members,

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED

(CIN: L24290TN2009PLC071563)

Team House, GST Salai, Vandalur,

Chennai - 600048.

I, Kalaiyarasi Janakiraman, Partner of M Damodaran & Associates LLP, Practicing Company Secretaries have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **CHEMFABALKALIS LIMITED** (hereinafter called 'the Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on **March 31, 2023** ('Audit Period') complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and Compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made herein

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on **March 31, 2023** according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'); including amendment/ re-enactment made thereto;
 - a. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - b. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - c. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - d. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
 - e. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - f. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015:
- (vi) The Management has identified and confirmed compliances with certain laws as specifically applicable to the Company: Refer Annexure- A.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable Clauses of the following:

- (i) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited; and
- (ii) Secretarial Standards (SS-1) for Board Meeting and Secretarial Standards (SS-2) for General Meeting issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Circulars, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

I further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is constituted with Non-executive Directors and Independent Directors and there were no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board & Committee Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance for meetings other than those held at shorter notice with the consent of all the Directors, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. As per the minutes of the meetings duly recorded and signed by the Chairman, the decisions of the Board were unanimous and no dissenting views have been recorded.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that the Company is in compliance with Regulation 3(5) & 3(6) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 with respect to Structured Digital Database.

I further report that during the period under audit, there were no other specific events/actions, having a major bearing on the Company's affairs, took place in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations and standards.

Place: Chennai Date: 10th May 2023

For M DAMODARAN & ASSOCIATES LLP

KALAIYARASI JANAKIRAMAN Partner Membership No.: 29861 COP. No.: 19385 FRN: L2019TN006000 PR 1374/2021 ICSI UDIN: A029861E000280397

(This report is to be read with my letter of even date which is annexed as annexure B and forms an integral part of this report)

ANNEXURE - A

The Management has identified and confirmed compliances with following laws as specifically applicable to the Company during the Audit period 2022-23:

- 1. Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act 1981 and rules thereunder
- 2. Batteries (Management and Handling) Rules, 2001
- 3. Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016
- 4. Code Of Ethics for Doctors and Nurses
- 5. Contract Labour (Regulation & Abolition) Act, 1970
- 6. Copyright Act, 1957
- 7. Electricity Act 2003
- 8. Employees' Compensation Act, 1923
- 9. Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952
- 10. Employers State Insurance Act,1948
- 11. Environment Protection Act, 1986
- 12. Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
- 13. Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 and Rules 2011 along with regulations.
- 14. Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Trans boundary Movement) Rules, 2016
- 15. Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
- 16. Inter-State Migrant Workers (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Services) Act, 1979
- 17. Fire Force Act, 1964
- 18. Minimum Wages Act, 1948
- 19. Payment of Bonus Act, 1965
- 20. Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972
- 21. Payment of Wages Act, 1936
- 22. Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013
- 23. Shops and Commercial Establishment Acts, and
- 24. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
- 25. The Explosives Act, 1884
- 26. The Indian Boilers Act, 1923
- 27. The Minimum Wages Act, 1948
- 28. Trademarks Act, 1999
- 29. Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act 1974 and rules thereunder
- 30. Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Cess Act, 1977
- 31. Legal Metrology Act, 2009
- 32. Factories Act, 1948
- 33. Puducherry Ground Water (control & Regulations) Act 2002
- 34. The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989 (MSIHC)
- 35. The Puducherry Municipality Act 1973
- 36. The Puducherry Town and Country Planning Act, 1969



- 37. The Puducherry (Public) Health Act, 1973
- 38. Andhra Fire service Act 1999
- 39. Andhra Municipality Act 1965
- 40. Tamil Nadu Municipal Act 1920
- 41. Tamil Nādu Ground water (Development and Management) Act 2003.

Place: Chennai Date: 10.05.2023

For M DAMODARAN & ASSOCIATES LLP

KALAIYARASI JANAKIRAMAN Partner Membership No.: 29861 COP. No.: 19385 FRN: L2019TN006000 PR 1374/2021 ICSI UDIN: A029861E000280397

ANNEXURE TO THE REPORT

То

The Members,

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED

(CIN: L24290TN2009PLC071563)

Team House, GST Salai, Vandalur, Chennai - 600048.

My Secretarial Audit Report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
- 2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- 3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.
- 4. Where ever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Place: Chennai Date: 10th May 2023

For M DAMODARAN & ASSOCIATES LLP

KALAIYARASI JANAKIRAMAN Partner Membership No.: 29861 COP. No.: 19385 FRN: L2019TN006000 PR 1374/2021 ICSI UDIN: A029861E000280397

ANNEXURE - I

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,

The Members of CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED

Team House, GST Salai, Vandalur

Chennai 600048

I, Kalaiyarasi Janakiraman, Partner of M Damodaran & Associates LLP, Practicing Company Secretaries have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of **CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMIT-ED** having **(CIN - L24290TN2009PLC071563)** and having registered office at Team House, GST Salai, Vandalur, Chennai 600048 Tamil Nadu (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on **31**st **March**, **2023** have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company
1.	Mr. Cittur Sundar Rao Ramesh	00019178	26/04/2017
2.	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	00127809	26/04/2017
3.	Mrs. Drushti Rahul Desai	00294249	26/04/2017
4.	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	00633989	26/04/2017
5.	Mr. Tyagarajan Ramabadhran	00701503	27/06/2019
6.	Mr. Ananthanarayanan Janakiraman	01831854	26/04/2017
7.	Mr. Nitin Cowlagi Seshgiri	06703283	04/06/2020
8.	Mr. Mahendran	07451058	14/03/2016

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on my verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Chennai Date: 10.05.2023

For M DAMODARAN & ASSOCIATES LLP

KALAIYARASI JANAKIRAMAN Partner Membership No.: 29861 COP. No.: 19385 FRN: L2019TN006000 PR 1374/2021 ICSI UDIN: A029861E000280419

ANNEXURE J

Compliance Certificate on Corporate Governance

To,

The Members of CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED,

Chennai.

I, Kalaiyarasi Janakiraman, Partner of M Damodaran & Associates LLP have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED, Chennai for the year ended on 31st March, 2023, as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) and (t) of Regulation 46(2), and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of Chapter IV of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations")

The compliance of the conditions of corporate governance is the responsibility of the management. My examination was limited to a review of the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the company for ensuring the compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the company.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me, I certify that the company has complied with the conditions of corporate governance as stipulated in the Listing Regulations during the year ended 31st March, 2023.

I state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Place: Chennai Date: 10.05.2023

For **M DAMODARAN & ASSOCIATES LLP** KALAIYARASI JANAKIRAMAN Partner Membership No.: 29861 COP. No.: 19385

FRN: L2019TN006000 PR 1374/2021 ICSI UDIN: A029861E000280421

ANNEXURE - K

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE ON ESOP SCHEME

For the Financial Year ended 31.03.2023 [Pursuant to Regulation 13 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021]

To, The Members, Chemfab Alkalis Limited Chennai.

I, Kalaiyarasi Janakiraman, Partner of M Damodaran & Associates LLP, Secretarial Auditor of M/s. Chemfab Alkalis Limited (CIN - L24290TN2009PLC071563) ("the Company") having its Registered Office at Team House, GST Salai, Vandalur, Chennai - 600048 have been requested by the Company to issue certificate under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 (hereinafter referred to as "the Regulations") for the year ended 31st March 2023.

Management Responsibility:

It is the responsibility of the Management of the Company to implement Chemfab Alkalis Employees' Stock Option Scheme 2015 and Chemfab Alkalis Employees' Stock Option Scheme 2020 (hereinafter referred to as the "Schemes") including designing, maintaining records and devising proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and regulations and to ensure that the systems are adequate and operate effectively.

Verification:

The Company has implemented the Schemes;

- i. in accordance with the Regulations and the Special Resolution as passed by the members at the General Meeting of the Company held on 4th September, 2017 for Chemfab Alkalis Employees' Stock Option Scheme 2015.
- ii. in accordance with the Regulations and the Special Resolution as passed by the members at the General Meeting of the Company held on 29th July, 2020 for Chemfab Alkalis Employees' Stock Option Scheme 2020.

For the purpose of verifying the compliance of the Regulations, the following documents were placed before me for examination:

- 1. The Schemes;
- 2. Articles of Association of the Company;
- 3. Resolutions passed at the meeting of the Board of Directors;
- 4. Shareholders resolutions passed at the General Meetings;
- 5. Minutes of the meetings of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee;
- 6. Relevant provisions of the Regulations, Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder;
- 7. Such other information and documents which I considered necessary for the purpose of issuing this certificate.

Certification:

In my opinion and to the best of my knowledge and according to the verifications as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company and its Officers, I certify that the Company has implemented the Schemes in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Regulations and in accordance with the resolutions of the Company passed in the General Meetings.

Assumption & Limitation of Scope and Review:

- 1. Ensuring the authenticity of documents and information furnished is the responsibility of the Board of Directors of the Company.
- 2. My responsibility is to give certificate based upon my examination of relevant documents and information. It is neither an audit nor an investigation.

- 3. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
- 4. This certificate is solely for your information and it is not to be used, circulated, quoted, or otherwise referred to for any purpose other than for the Regulations.

Place: Chennai Date: 10.05.2023

For M DAMODARAN & ASSOCIATES LLP

KALAIYARASI JANAKIRAMAN Partner Membership No.: 29861 COP. No.: 19385 FRN: L2019TN006000 PR 1374/2021 ICSI UDIN: A029861E000280430

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Chemfab Alkalis Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone financial statements of **CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2023, its profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified (SAs) under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's report including the Annexures to the Board Report and Corporate Governance but does not include Standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's report including the Annexures to the Board Report and Corporate Governance are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.
- Our opinion on the Standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- In connection with our audit of the Standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- When we read the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's report including the Annexures to the Board Report and Corporate Governance, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance as required under SA 720 'The Auditor's responsibilities Relating to Other Information'.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to

the related disclosures in the Standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the Standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report, that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record

by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.

- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended,

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act.

- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Standalone financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivate contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 51 to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 51 to the financial statements, no

funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- (c) Based on the audit procedures that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

As stated in note 50 to the financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuring Annual General Meeting. The dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

- vi. Provision to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company w.e.f. April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

> P Usha Parvathy (Partner) (Membership No. 207704)

Place: Chennai Date: 18 May 2023 Unique Document Identification Number: 23207704BGWLPP2645

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of **CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone

financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the criteria for internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP**

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

P Usha Parvathy (Partner) (Membership No. 207704) Place: Chennai

Date: 18 May 2023 Unique Document Identification Number: 23207704BGWLPP2645

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- (i)(a) A The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and capital work in progress.
- (i)(a) B The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (i)(b) The Company has a program of verification of property, plant and equipment and capital work in progress, so as to cover all the items once every three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain property, plant and equipment were due for verification and were physically verified during the year by the Management. According to the information and explanation given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (i)(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the examination of the registered sale deeds provided to us, we report that, the title deeds of all the immovable properties disclosed in the financial statements included in property, plant and equipment and capital work-in progress, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date. In respect of immovable properties of land and buildings that have been taken on lease and disclosed as property, plant and equipment in the financial statements, the lease agreements are in the name of the Company, where the Company is the lessee in the agreement. Immovable properties of land and buildings whose title deeds have been pledged as security for loans etc. are held in the name of the Company based on the confirmations directly received by us from lenders.
- (i)(d) The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets during the year.
- (i)(e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at 31st March 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act,1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii)(a) The inventories except for goods in transit were physically verified during the year by the Management at reasonable intervals. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the Management is appropriate having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its operations. No

discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventories were noticed on such physical verification of inventories when compared with books of account.

- (ii)(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, at points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the quarterly returns or statements comprising (stock statements, book debt statements, credit monitoring arrangement reports, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors/other receivables, and other stipulated financial information filed by the Company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company of the respective quarters.
- (iii)(a) The Company has provided loans or advances in the nature of loans during the year and details of which are given below:

Particulars	Advances in nature of loans (Rs. in Lakhs)
A. Aggregate amount granted / provided during the year:	
Others - Vendor advances	Nil
B. Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases:	
Others - Vendor advances	351.15

- (iii)(b) The investments made and the terms and conditions of the grant of all the above-mentioned advances in the nature of loans provided during the year are, in our opinion, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (iii)(c) In respect of loans granted or advances in the nature of loans provided by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has not been stipulated and in the absence of such schedule, we are unable to comment on the regularity of the repayments of principal amounts and payment of interest. (Refer reporting under clause (iii)(f) below)
- (iii)(d) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, in respect of advances in the nature of loans provided by the Company, in the absence of a schedule of repayment as referred to in (iii)(c) above, we are unable to comment if there is any overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the balance sheet date.
- (iii)(e) In the absence of a schedule of repayment as referred to in (iii)(c) above, we are unable to comment if the

advances in the nature of loans granted by the Company have fallen due during the year.

(iii)(f) The Company has granted advances in the nature of loans without specifying any terms or period of repayment, details of which are given below:

Particulars	All Parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate of advances in nature of loans			
- Repayable on demand (A)	-	-	-
- Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment (B)	351.15	-	-
Total (A+B)	351.15	-	-
Percentage of loans/ advances in nature of loans to the total loans	100%	-	-

(Amounts in Lakhs)

- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits during the year. There are no unclaimed deposits outstanding anytime during the year. Hence reporting under clause (v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended prescribed by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii)(a)Undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, Provident fund, Employees' state insurance, Income tax, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to the have been regularly deposited by it with the appropriate authorities in all cases during the year.

There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues (Including interest)	Forum where Dispute is Pending	Period to which the Amount Relates	Amount Involved (Rs. In lakhs)	Amount Unpaid (Rs. In lakhs)
The Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	Commissioner (Appeals), Chennai	January 2005 to March 2013	9.05	7.09
The Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	Commissioner (Appeals), Chennai	October 2011 to June 2012	2.10	2.10
The Cus- toms Act, 1962	Customs Duty	Commissioner (Appeals), Trichy	FY 2013- 2014	82.06	82.06
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	The High court of Madras	FY 2002-03	101.29	36.39
The Central	Goods	Commissioner	July	7.45	7.45

(vii)(b)Details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2023 on account of disputes are given below:

(viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.

2017 to

March

2020

Appeals

- (ix)(a) In our opinion, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.
- (ix)(b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (ix)(c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no unutilised term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause (ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (ix)(d) The Company has not raised any funds on short term basis and hence, reporting under clause (ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (ix)(e) We report that the Company has neither taken any funds from any entity or person during the year nor it had any unutilised funds as at the beginning of the year of the funds raised through issue of shares or borrowings in the previous year and hence, reporting under clause (ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.

Goods and

Act, 2017

Services Tax

and

Tax

Service

- (ix)(f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year and hence reporting on clause (ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x)(a) The Company has not issued any of its securities (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause (x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x)(b) During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause (x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi)(a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi)(b) To the best of our knowledge, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
- (xi)(c) As represented to us by the Management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv)(a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
- (xiv)(b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-I of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause (xvi)(a),(b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.

- (xvi)(d) The Group does not have any CIC as part of the group and accordingly reporting under clause (xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx)(a) The Company has fully spent the required amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and there are no unspent CSR amount for the year requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act or special account in compliance with the provision of sub-section (6) of section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xx) of the CARO 2020 Order is not applicable for the year.

For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP** Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

P Usha Parvathy (Partner) (Membership No. 207704)

Place: Chennai Date: 18 May 2023 Unique Document Identification Number: 23207704BGWLPP2645

Particulars	Note No	As at 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
I. ASSETS			
(1) Non - Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	18,417.35	18,731.68
(b) Right of Use Assets	3	689.02	658.91
(c) Capital Work-In-Progress	4	1,369.11	731.56
(d) Other Intangible Assets	2	4.25	9.34
(e) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments			
- Subsidiary	5	4,232.00	1,115.00
- Other Investments	6	6.55	4.53
(ii) Other Financial Assets	7	138.48	138.36
(f) Tax Assets (Net)	8	15.27	64.82
(g) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	9	3,123.29	3,973.70
(h) Other Non - Current Assets	10	921.51	530.21
Total Non - Current Assets		28,916.83	25,958.11
(2) Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	11	1,693.99	1,183.92
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Other Investments	12	6,796.34	3,054.91
(ii) Trade Receivables	13	2,173.21	2,143.99
(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	14A	93.13	220.70
(iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above	14B	268.60	537.12
(v) Other Financial Assets	15	76.60	93.49
(c) Other Current Assets	16	791.62	995.76
		11,893.49	8,229.89
Asset Held for Sale	17	515.70	990.28
Total Current Assets		12,409.19	9,220.17
TOTAL ASSETS		41,326.02	35,178.28
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) Equity (a) Equity Share Capital	10	1 419 20	1 412 20
	18	1,418.20	1,413.38
(b) Other Equity	19	34,913.34	28,419.49
Total Equity		36,331.54	29,832.87

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

Particulars	Note No	As at 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
(2) Liabilities			
Non- current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings		-	-
(ii) Lease Liabilities		180.56	151.52
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	20	70.51	60.21
(b) Provisions	21	117.52	19.97
(c) Other Non - Current Liabilities	22	105.00	115.00
Total Non- current Liabilities		473.59	346.70
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	23	0.63	685.10
(ii) Lease Liabilities		37.31	28.04
(iii) Trade Payables	24		
- Total Outstanding dues of micro enter- prises and small enterprises		23.57	33.72
- Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		2,738.86	1,982.12
(iv) Other Financial Liabilities	25	573.07	571.85
(b) Provisions	26	263.46	310.83
(c) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	27	255.14	146.02
(d) Other Current Liabilities	28	628.85	1,241.03
Total Current Liabilities		4,520.89	4,998.71
Total Liabilities		4,994.48	5,345.41
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		41,326.02	35,178.28

See accompanying notes forming part of the standalone financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

P Usha Parvathy Partner Membership No. 207704 Place : Chennai Date : 18 May 2023 Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Chairman DIN: 00127809 Place : Chennai

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

B Vignesh Ram Company Secretary Place : Chennai

Date : 18 May 2023

V M Srinivasan Chief Executive Officer

Place : Chennai

S Prasath Chief Financial Officer Place : Chennai

	Particulars	Note No	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year Endec 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
I	Revenue from Operations	29	33,136.46	27,158.95
П	Other Income	30	532.35	569.24
III	Total Income (I+II)		33,668.81	27,728.19
V	Expenses			
	Cost of Materials Consumed	31A	4,841.56	4,885.47
	Purchases of Stock - in - Trade	31B	2,485.70	3,249.27
	Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods and Work-in-Progress	32	(359.11)	(95.88)
	Other Direct Manufacturing Expenses	33	9,883.12	8,921.25
	Employee Benefits Expense	34	1,853.54	1,968.44
	Finance Costs	35	23.63	101.30
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	2&3	2,288.17	2,222.13
	Other Expenses	36	3,211.91	2,557.60
	Total Expenses (IV)		24,228.52	23,809.58
V	Profit before Exceptional Items (III - IV)		9,440.29	3,918.61
VI	Exceptional Items	33 (i)	(337.96)	-
V	Profit before tax (III - IV)		9,102.33	3,918.61
VI	Tax expense	9		
	- Current Tax		1,602.96	748.35
	- Deferred Tax	9B	877.64	286.42
			2,480.60	1,034.77
VII	Profit for the Year (V - VI)		6,621.73	2,883.84
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income			
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
	- Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability		(93.52)	62.67
	- Fair value gain/(loss) on investments in equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI		2.02	1.27
	- Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassi- fied to profit or loss	9	27.23	(18.25)
	Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)		(64.27)	45.69
IX	Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (VII + VIII)		6,557.46	2,929.53
X	Earnings per Equity Share (Face Value of Rs 10 each)	39		
	-Basic		46.76	20.42
	-Diluted		46.29	20.27

See accompanying notes forming part of the standalone financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018) For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

P Usha Parvathy Partner Membership No. 207704

Place : Chennai Date : 18 May 2023 Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Chairman DIN: 00127809

Place : Chennai

B Vignesh Ram Company Secretary Place : Chennai

Date : 18 May 2023

V M Srinivasan Chief Executive Officer

Place : Chennai

S Prasath Chief Financial Officer Place : Chennai

	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
A.	Cash flow from Operating Activities		
	Profit / (Loss) for the year	6,621.73	2,883.84
	Adjustment for:		
	Income Tax Expense	2,480.60	1,034.77
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	2,288.17	2,222.13
	Gain on redemption of investments	(213.91)	(57.53)
	Equity settled share-based payment expense	60.68	84.19
	Interest Income on fixed deposits with banks	(23.74)	(25.07)
	Interest Income on Income Tax Refund	(2.76)	(118.64)
	Finance Costs	23.63	101.30
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(21.53)	(18.20)
	Bad Receivables written off	1.26	8.78
	Provision for impairment on assets held for sale	23.78	121.84
	Provision for Expected credit loss (Net)	32.49	114.54
	Liabilities no longer required written back	(3.38)	(12.46)
	Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net)	1.65	(15.48)
	Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	11,268.67	6,324.01
	(Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables	(61.92)	(750.54)
	(Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets	356.14	(0.12)
	(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	(510.07)	(255.06)
	Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions	74.09	804.84
	Changes in Working Capital and Other changes	(141.76)	(200.88)
	Cash generated by operations	11,126.91	6,123.13
	Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received	(1,441.54)	(604.99)
	Net cash from Operating Activities (A)	9,685.37	5,518.14
8.	Cash flow from Investing Activities		
	Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(3,078.74)	(1,687.07)
	Proceeds from Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment and Assets Held for Sale	496.11	62.28
	Net movement in Bank balances not considered as Cash and cash equivalents	267.85	(271.32)
	Dividend Received from Non-current and Current Investments	-	_
	Interest Income	245.10	81.70
	Investment in Preference Shares of Subsidiary Company	(3,117.00)	(315.00)
	Net Cash from / (used in) Investing Activities (B)	(5,186.68)	(2,129.41)

	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
C.	Cash flow from Financing Activities		
	Dividend Paid, including movement from unpaid dividend account	(177.34)	(1.76)
	Issue of Equity Shares	46.96	62.90
	Money received towards allotment of equity shares	10.27	0.20
	Payment of lease liabilities	(40.42)	(30.31)
	Finance Cost on Lease Liabilities	(16.33)	(6.13)
	Repayment of Term Loan made during the year	-	(2185.99)
	Short term Borrowings (repaid)/taken (net)	(690.24)	(210.50)
	Finance Costs paid on Borrowings	(17.73)	(85.74)
	Net Cash from/(used in) Financing Activities (C)	(884.83)	(2,457.33)
D.	Net (Decrease) / Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A) + (B) + (C)	3,613.86	931.40
E.	Cash and Cash Equivalents (Opening)	3,275.61	2,344.20
F.	Cash and Cash Equivalents (Closing)	6,889.47	3,275.61
Not	tes:		
(i)	Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Balance Sheet	93.13	220.70
	Add: Current investments considered as part of Cash and cash equivalents (as defined in INDAS 7 Cash Flow Statements)	6,796.34	3,054.91
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the Year	6,889.47	3,275.61

STANDALONE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(ii) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

	-		A	mount Rs. In Lakhs
Particulars	As at 01 April 2022	Cash Flows	Others	As at 31 March 2023
Current Borrowings (Note 23)	685.10	(690.24)	5.77	0.63
Non Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	179.56	(40.42)	78.73	217.87
Accrued Interest (Note 25)	10.43	(10.43)	-	-

Amount Rs. In Lakhs

			1.	mount iss in Laking
Particulars	As at 01 April 2021	Cash Flows	Others	As at 31 March 2022
Current Borrowings (Note 23)	744.31	(210.50)	151.29	685.10
Non Current Borrowings	2,337.52	(2,185.99)	(151.53)	-
Lease Liabilities	72.75	(30.31)	137.12	179.56
Accrued Interest (Note 25)	2.19	(2.19)	10.43	10.43

See accompanying notes forming part of the standalone financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP **Chartered Accountants** (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

P Usha Parvathy Membership No. 207704

Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Chairman DIN: 00127809

Place : Chennai Date : 18 May 2023

Partner

Place : Chennai

Chief Executive Officer

Place : Chennai

V M Srinivasan

B Vignesh Ram **Company Secretary** Place : Chennai

S Prasath **Chief Financial Officer** Place : Chennai

Date : 18 May 2023

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A. Equity Share Capital

					Amount R	Amount Rs. In lakhs			
Parti	Particulars		As at 31 N	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	1 2022			
Balance as at beginning of the Year			1,41	1,413.38	1,406.05				
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	· period errors			I	I				
Restated Balance as at the beginning of the current reporting period Changes in coulty share capital during the year	he current reporting perio _{vear}	pq	1,41	1,413.38	1,406.05				
Issue of equity shares under share option plan (Refer Note 46)	an (Refer Note 46)			4.82	7.33				
Closing Balance			1,41	1,418.20	1,413.38				
B. Other Equity									
		Share						Other	
		Application		Capital	Securities	Share Based		Comprehen-	
Particulars		Money Pending Allotment	Capital Reserve	Redemption Reserve	Premium Account	Payment Reserve	Retained Farnings	sive Income	Total Other Equity
Balance at 1 Anril 2021		4.72	15.67	960.00	34.745.53	52.67	(10.431.52)	2.93	25.350.00
Profit / (Loss) for the year							2,883,84		2,883,84
Recognition of Employee stock based compensation	mpensation	,	,	'	,	84.19		·	84.19
Share Application Money Received	-	63.10	ı	'	ı	,	ı	ı	63.10
Shares Allotted		(67.62)	ı	ı	I	(42.85)	I	I	(110.47)
Securities Premium on issue of Equity Shares	nares	1	ı	ı	103.14	1	I	I	103.14
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income (net of taxes)	ensive Income (net of taxes)		ı	'	ı	ı	ı	1.27	1.27
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans (net of taxes)	s (net of taxes)		ı		I	ı	44.42	I	44.42
Balance at 31 March 2022		0.20	15.67	960.00	34,848.67	94.01	(7,503.26)	4.20	28,419.49
Profit / (Loss) for the year		ı	I	I	I	I	6,621.73	I	6,621.73
Recognition of Employee stock based compensation	mpensation	'	ı	'		60.68	1	ı	60.68
Share Application Money Received		57.23	ı	'	I	ı	I	I	57.23
Shares Allotted		(47.16)	ı	•	ı	(31.91)	ı	I	(79.07)
Securities Premium on issue of Equity Shares	hares	•	ı	'	74.25	ı	ı	I	74.25
Payment of Dividend on equity shares		•	ı	·	I	ı	(176.71)	I	(176.71)
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income (net of taxes)	ensive Income (net of taxes)	'	ı	'	ı		ı	2.02	2.02
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans (net of taxes)	s (net of taxes)						(66.29)		(66.29)
Balance at 31 March 2023		10.27	15.67	960.00	34,922.92	122.78	(1,124.53)	6.22	34,913.34
See accompanying notes forming part of the standalone financial statements In terms of our report attached	standalone financial stateme	ents							
For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)		For and on behalf of the Board of Directors	the Board of Dir	rectors					
P Usha Parvathy Partner Membership No. 207704	Suresh Krishna Chairman DIN: 00127809	Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Chairman DIN: 00127809		V M S Chief]	V M Srinivasan Chief Executive Officer				
Place : Chennai Date : 18 May 2023	Place : Chennai	ai		Place :	Place : Chennai				

S Prasath Chief Financial Officer Place : Chennai

B Vignesh Ram Company Secretary Place : Chennai

Date: 18 May 2023

CCAL CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

1 General Information

Chemfab Alkalis Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") was incorporated on 06 May 2009 and is in the business of manufacturing of basic inorganic chemicals. The name of the Company was changed from Teamec Chlorates Limited to Chemfab Alkalis Limited on July 21, 2017, vide revised certificate of incorporation issued by the Registrar of Companies pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation ('scheme') approved by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) Chennai vide its order dated 30 March 2017. Erstwhile Chemfab Alkalis Limited a listed entity, had merged with the Company pursuant to the scheme and consequently the Company's equity shares have been listed on the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) and BSE Limited (BSE) with effect from 25 April 2018.

Significant Accounting Policies

Recent accounting pronouncements:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 to further amend the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015; makes amendments to several Ind AS viz.- Ind AS 101 (First-time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards), Ind AS 102 (Share based payment), Ind AS 103 (Business Combinations), Ind AS 107 (Financial Instruments: Disclosures), Ind AS 109 (Financial Instruments), Ind AS 115 (Revenue from Contracts with Customers), Ind AS 1 (Presentation of Financial Statements), Ind AS 8 (Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors), Ind AS 12 (Income Taxes) & Ind AS 34 (Interim Financial Reporting). The company does not expect these amendments to have any significant impact in its Standalone Financial Statements.

1.1 Basis Of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Section 133 of the 2013 Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 and other relevant provisions of the 2013 Act.

These Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

Going concern

The directors have, at the time of approving the financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Company have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.2 Basis of preparation of financial statements

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

1.3 Use of Estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as of the date of the financial statements

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

and the reported income and expenses during the reporting period. Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results may vary from these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialize. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively in the year in which the estimate is revised and / or in future years, as applicable.

1.4 Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products/activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

1.5 Revenue recognition

(I) Sale of Goods/Services:

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of manufactuing of inorganic chemicals viz Caustic Soda Lye, Chlorine, Hydrogen, Hydrochloric acid, Sodium Hypo and Sodium Chlorate and also from PVC-O pipes. Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be received in exchange for those products or services. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances. Accordingly, the revenue is recognised on point in time basis.

a) Sale of products:

Revenues and costs relating to sale of products are recognized as the related goods are delivered, and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied-:

- the company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company ; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Revenue is measured at the amount of transaction price which is net of discounts offered by the Company as part of the contract with the customer.

Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

b) Income from service activities is accounted for on rendering the service in accordance with the contractual terms and when there is no uncertainty in receiving the same.

(II) Other Income:

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition. Dividend Income is accounted when the right to receive is established.

1.6 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes cost of purchase, cost of conversion, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition and is net of taxes where applicable. The methods of determination of cost of various categories of inventory are as follows:

- Raw Materials, Fuel and Stores and Spares - On weighted average basis.

- Finished goods and Work in Progress at lower of Cost, which includes appropriate production overheads and Net Realizable Value, the cost being determined on weighted average basis.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Due allowance is estimated and made by the Management for slow moving / non-moving items of inventory, where ever necessary, based on the technical assessment and such allowances are adjusted against the closing inventory value. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and cost necessary to make the sale.

1.7 Cash and Cash Equivalent (For the purpose of Cash Flow Statement)

Cash comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash Equivalents are short term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Bank balances other than the balance included in cash and cash equivalents represents balance on account of unpaid dividend and margin money deposit with banks.

1.8 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) after tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

1.9 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) and Depreciation on Property Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE's) are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss (if any). The Company capitalizes all costs relating to acquisition and installation of Property, Plant and Equipment. The cost of Property, Plant and Equipment comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying Property, Plant and Equipment up to the date the Propery, Plant and Equipment is ready for its intended use.

Cost of spares relating to specific item of Property, Plant and Equipment is capitalized. Cost of modifications that enhance the operating performance or extend the useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment are also capitalized, where there is a certainty of deriving future economic benefits from the use of such assets.

Any part or components of Property, Plant and Equipment which are separately identifiable and expected to have a useful life which is different from that of the main assets are capitalized separately, based on the technical assessment of the Management.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date are disclosed as "Capital Advances" under Other Non Current Assets and cost of Property, Plant and Equipment not ready to use before such date are disclosed under "Capital Work- in- Progress".

Depreciation:

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset less its estimated residual value.

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment has been provided on the straight-line method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in respect of Continuous Process Plant, in whose case the life of the assets has been assessed as 18 years based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support, etc.

Depreciation is also accelerated on Property, Plant & Equipment, based on their condition, usability etc. as per the technical estimates of the Management, where necessary.

Intangible Assets:

Intangible fixed assets acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses(If any). Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life of intangible assets and the amortisation period are reviewed at the end of each financial year and the amortisation period is revised to reflect the changed pattern.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Research and Development:

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditures on an individual project are recognised as an intangible asset when the Company can demonstrate:

- The technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that the asset will be available for use or sale
- Its intention to complete and its ability and intention to use or sell the asset
- How the asset will generate future economic benefits
- The availability of resources to complete the asset
- The ability to measure reliably the expenditure during development

Following initial recognition of the development expenditure as an asset, the asset is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation of the asset begins when development is complete and the asset is available for use. It is amortised over the period of expected future benefit. Amortisation expense is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. During the period of development, the asset is tested for impairment annually.

Derecognition of Property, Plant and Equipment:

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

1.10 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs include interest, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Costs in connection with the borrowing of funds to the extent not directly related to the acquisition of qualifying assets are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss over the tenure of the loan. Borrowing costs, allocated to and utilised for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset upto the date of capitalisation of such asset are added to the cost of the assets. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted.

1.11 Government Grants, Subsidies and Export Incentives

Government grants and subsidies are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attached to them and the grants / subsidies will be received. Government grants whose primary condition is that the Company should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire capital assets are presented by deducting them from the carrying value of the assets. The grant is recognised as income over the life of a depreciable asset by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

Export benefits, if any, are accounted for in the year of exports based on eligibility and when there is no uncertainty in receiving the same.

Government grants in the nature of promoters' contribution like investment subsidy, where no repayment is ordinarily expected in respect thereof, are accounted in Reserves and Surplus in Other Equity. Government grants in the form of non-monetary assets, given at a concessional rate, are recorded on the basis of their acquisition cost. In case the non-monetary asset is given free of cost, the grant is recorded at a nominal value.

Other government grants and subsidies are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the costs for which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis.

1.12 Foreign Currency Transactions

Initial Recognition:

On initial recognition, all foreign currency transactions are recorded by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Subsequent Recognition:

As at the reporting date, non monetary assets and liabilities which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate prevalent at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are reported using the exchange rate prevalent at the date of the balance sheet.

Treatment of Exchange Differences:

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement/restatement of monetary assets and liabilities of the Company are recognised as income or expense in the statement of profit and loss.

1.13 Employee Benefits

Retirement benefit costs and termination benefits:

i) Defined Benefit Plans:

Employee defined benefit plans include gratuity.

For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in the Statement of profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:

- Service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- Net interest expense or income; and
- Remeasurement comprising actuarial gains or losses and return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability)

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Company's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the entity recognises any related restructuring costs.

The Company makes contribution to a scheme administered by the insurer to discharge gratuity liabilities to the employees.

Short-term employee benefits:

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

ii) Defined Contribution Plans

Employee defined contribution plans include Provident Fund, Employee state insurance and Super Annuation Fund.

Provident Fund and Employee State Insurance:

All employees of the Company receive benefits from Provident Fund and Employee's State Insurance (where applicable), which are defined contribution plans. Both, the employee and the Company make monthly contributions to the plan, each equalling to a specified percentage of employee's basic salary. The Company has no further obligations under

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

the plan beyond its monthly contributions. The Company contributes to the Employee Provident Fund and Employee's State Insurance (where appplicable) scheme maintained by the Central Government of India and the contribution thereof is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which the services are rendered by the employees.

Super Annuation Fund:

The Company makes contribution to a scheme administered by the insurer to discharge its liabilities towards super annuation to the eligible employees. The Company has no other liability other than its annual contribution.

1.14 Employee Share Based Payments

Employees of the Company receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions).

Equity-settled transactions:

The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model.

That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The statement of profit and loss expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognised in employee benefits expense Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vested irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognised is the expense had the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an award is cancelled by the entity or by the counterparty, any remaining element of the fair value of the award is expensed immediately through profit or loss.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

1.15 Taxation

Income taxes comprise Current and deferred tax. Income tax expense/credit is recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the income taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current Tax and Prior Period Tax:

Current income tax liability/ (asset) for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for the period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the current tax amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and applicable for the period. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Deferred Tax:

Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized on deductible and taxable temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Ind AS financial statements and the corresponding tax bases of such assets and liabilities. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT):

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid as current tax expense in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as tax credit and recognised as deferred tax asset when there is reasonable certainty that the Company will pay normal income tax in the future years and future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company. The carrying amount is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

1.16 Segment Reporting

Operating segments reflect the Company's management structure and the way the financial information is regularly reviewed by the Company's Chief operating decision maker (CODM). The CEO of the company has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) as defined by Ind AS 108, Operating Segments. The CODM considers the business from both business and product perspective based on the dominant source, nature of risks and returns and the internal organisation and management structure. The operating segments are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit / (loss) amounts are evaluated regularly by the CODM in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with the accounting policies of the Company. Segment revenue, segment expenses, segment assets and segment liabilities have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment.

Inter-segment revenue, where applicable, is accounted on the basis of transactions which are primarily determined based on market / fair value factors.

Revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities which relate to the Company as a whole and are not allocable to segments on reasonable basis have been included under "unallocated revenue / expenses / assets / liabilities".

1.17 Leases

The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (1) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (2) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (3) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. Right of use assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of the leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

1.18 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits and bonus shares, as appropriate.

1.19 Provisions and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date and measured using the present value of cash flows estimated to settle the present obligations (when the effect of time value of money is material). These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liability is disclosed for (i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the Financial Statements. Contingent assets are only disclosed when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the entity.

1.20 Provision for warranty

The estimated liability for product warranties is recorded when products are sold. These estimates are established using historical information on the nature, frequency and average cost of warranty claims and management estimates regarding possible future incidence based on corrective actions on product failures. The timing of outflows will vary as and when warranty claim will arise - being typically upto three years.

1.21 Insurance Claims

Insurance claims are accounted for on the basis of claims admitted / expected to be admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

1.22 Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except in respect of Trade receivables that do not have a significant financial component which are measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss.

1.23 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification of financial assets:

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

By default, all other financial assets are measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

Despite the foregoing, the Company may make the following irrevocable election / designation at initial recognition of a financial asset:

- the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if certain criteria are met (see (iii) below); and
- the Company may irrevocably designate a debt investment that meets the amortised cost or FVTOCI criteria as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch (see (iv) below). All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value.
- (i) <u>Amortised cost and effective interest method:</u>

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial assets other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets (i.e. assets that are credit-impaired on initial recognition), the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition. For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, a credit-adjusted effective interest rate is calculated by discounting the estimated future cash flows, including expected credit losses, to the amortised cost of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost and at FVTOCI. For financial assets other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If, in subsequent reporting periods, the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the Company recognises interest income by applying the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from initial recognition. The calculation does not revert to the gross basis even if the credit risk of the financial asset subsequently improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired.

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the 'Other income' line item.

(ii) Debt instruments classified as at FVTOCI:

The debt instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs.

Subsequently, changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments as a result of foreign exchange gains and losses (see below), impairment gains or losses (see below), and interest income calculated using the effective interest method (see (i) above) are recognised in profit or loss. The amounts that are recognised in profit or loss are the same as the amounts that would have been recognised in profit or loss if these debt instruments had been measured at amortised cost. All other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity. When these debt instruments are derecognised, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

(iii) Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI:

On initial recognition, the Company may make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading:

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs.

Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, instead, it is transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss in accordance with Ind AS 109, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the 'Other income' line item in profit or loss.

The Company designates all investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading as at FVTOCI on initial recognition.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- It has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- On initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking;
- (iv) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI (see (i) to (iii) above) are measured at FVTPL. Specifically:

• Investments in equity instruments are classified as at FVTPL, unless the Company designates an equity investment that is neither held for trading (see (iii) above).

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

• Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria (see (i) and (ii) above) are classified as at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet either the amortised cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (so called 'accounting mismatch') that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases. The Company has not designated any debt instruments as at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'other income' line item.

Foreign exchange gains and losses:

The carrying amount of financial assets that are denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of each reporting period. Specifically:

- for financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the 'other income' line item ;
- for debt instruments measured at FVTOCI that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences on the amortised cost of the debt instrument are recognised in profit or loss in the 'other income' line item. As the foreign currency element recognised in profit or loss is the same as if it was measured at amortised cost, the residual foreign currency element based on the translation of the carrying amount (at fair value) is recognised in other comprehensive income in a separate component of equity;
- for financial assets measured at FVTPL that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the 'other income' line item as part of the fair value gain or loss; and
- for equity instruments measured at FVTOCI, exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income in a separate component of equity.

Impairment of financial assets:

The Company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI, lease receivables, trade receivables and contract assets, financial guarantee contracts, and certain other financial assets measured at amortised cost such as deferred consideration receivable on disposal of subsidiaries. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate (or credit-adjusted effective interest rate for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets). The Company estimates cash flows by considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) through the expected life of that financial instrument.

The Company measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. 12-month expected credit losses are portion of the life-time expected credit losses and represent the lifetime cash shortfalls that will result if default occurs within the 12 months after the reporting date and thus, are not cash shortfalls that are predicted over the next 12 months.

For trade receivables, the Company always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient method as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

De-recognition of financial assets:

The Company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralized borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in a separate component of equity is reclassified to profit or loss. In contrast, on derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument which the Company has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in a separate component of equity is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to retained earnings.

1.24 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity:

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments:

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

All financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL. However, financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies, and financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company, are measured in accordance with the specific accounting policies set out below.

Financial Liabilities at FVTPL:

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is (i) held for trading or (ii) it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking;

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Company's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis;

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'other income' line item in profit or loss.

However, for financial liabilities that are designated as at FVTPL, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognised in other comprehensive income,

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. The remaining amount of change in the fair value of liability is recognised in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk that are recognised in other comprehensive income are recognised in retained earnings. Gains or losses on financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company that are designated by the Company as at FVTPL are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost:

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading or designated as at FVTPL, are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

Foreign exchange gains and losses:

For financial liabilities that are denominated in a foreign currency and are measured at amortised cost at the end of each reporting period, the foreign exchange gains and losses are determined based on the amortised cost of the instruments. These foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the 'other income' line item in profit or loss for financial liabilities.

The fair value of financial liabilities denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period. For financial liabilities that are measured as at FVTPL, the foreign exchange component forms part of the fair value gains or losses and is recognised in profit or loss for financial liabilities.

Derecognition of financial liabilities:

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

When the Company exchanges with the existing lender one debt instrument into another one with the substantially different terms, such exchange is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, the Company accounts for substantial modification of terms of an existing liability or part of it as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new liability. It is assumed that the terms are substantially different if the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid net of any fees received and discounted using the original effective rate is at least 10 per cent different from the discounted present value of the remaining cash flows of the original financial liability. If the modification is not substantial, the difference between: (1) the carrying amount of the liability before the modification; and (2) the present value of the cash flows after modification is recognised in profit or loss as the modification gain or loss within 'other income'.

1.25 Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets or cash generating units to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, or whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

1.26 Investment in subsidiary

Investment in subsidiary is measured at cost. Dividend income from subsidiaries is recognised when its right to receive the dividend is established.

1.27 Dividend

Final dividends on shares are recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders and interim dividends are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees and are subject to applicable taxes.

1.28 Asset held for sale

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification. When the Company is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Company will retain a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

1.29 Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about the assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying value of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in Financial Statements is included in the following notes:

- (i) Useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment.
- (ii) Carrying values of Property, Plant and Equipment
- (iii) Employee Benefits
- (iv) Employee Share Based Payments
- (v) Taxation
- (vi) Asset held for sale

Determination of functional currency:

Currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency") is Indian Rupee (INR) in which the company primarily generates and expends cash. Accordingly, the Management has assessed its functional currency to be Indian Rupee (INR).



(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

2. Property Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets

I - Current year ended 31 March 2023

		Gross	Gross Block		Accum	ulated Depreciation Imnairment	Accumulated Depreciation / Amortisation/ Imnairment	isation/	Net Block
			Deletions/						
	As at 01	Additions during the	Adjustment during the	As at 31 March	As at 01	For the	Deletions during the	As at 31 March	As at 31 March
Particulars	April 2022	year	year	2023	April 2022	year	year	2023	2023
A. Property Plant and Equipment									
Land - Freehold	2,162.07	ı	ı	2,162.07	ı	ı	1	ı	2,162.07
Buildings	2,183.34	153.65	I	2,336.99	507.91	88.03	1	595.94	1,741.05
Plant and Equipment	22,041.77	1,713.67	722.44	23,033.00	7,320.66	2,097.49	722.41	8,695.74	14,337.26
Furniture and Fixtures	63.97	10.17	0.07	74.07	30.46	5.72	0.07	36.11	37.96
Vehicles	102.24	0.07	I	102.31	35.79	13.04	1	48.83	53.48
Office Equipments	201.55	40.78	52.03	190.30	128.44	28.36	52.03	104.77	85.53
TOTAL (A)	26,754.94	1,918.34	774.54	27,898.74	8,023.26	2,232.64	774.51	9,481.39	18,417.35
B. Other Intangible Assets									
Computer Software	173.16	1.82	ı	174.98	163.82	6.91	ı	170.73	4.25
TOTAL (B)	173.16	1.82	I	174.98	163.82	6.91	I	170.73	4.25
TOTAL $(A + B)$	26,928.10	1,920.16	774.54	28,073.72	8,187.08	2,239.55	774.51	9,652.12	18,421.60



Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs) March 2022 Net Block 66.45 2,162.0773.11 9.34 9.34 As at 31 33.51 18,741.02 1,675.43 18,731.68 4,721.11 March 2022 163.82 7,320.66 30.46 128.44 163.82 As at 31 35.79 8,187.08 507.91 8,023.26 ı Accumulated Depreciation / Amortisation/ during the Deletions 2.75 year 1,125.52 0.61 1,128.88 1,128.88 ī Impairment 5.48 13.42 23.85 2,181.16 7.35 7.35 93.13 For the 2,045.28 2,188.51 ī year 156.47 156.47 As at 01 April 2021 414.78 24.98 25.12 105.20 6,970.98 7,127.45 6,400.90 March 2022 173.16 2,162.072,183.34 63.97 201.55 173.16 As at 31 102.24 26,928.10 26,754.94 22,041.77 Adjustment during the **Deletions/** 10.400.611,161.95 1,172.96 1,172.96 year i ī i ı Gross Block Additions during the 1.381.38 1.98 0.6732.02 1,160.48 14.27 1,209.42 1,210.80 ı. year 2. Property Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets 171.78 171.78 61.99 111.97 187.89 April 2021 2,162.072,151.32 22,043.24 26,718.48 26,890.26 As at 01 II - Previous year ended 31 March 2022 A. Property Plant and Equipment **B.** Other Intangible Assets Particulars Furniture and Fixtures Plant and Equipment Computer Software Office Equipments TOTAL (A + B)Land - Freehold TOTAL (A) TOTAL (B) Buildings Vehicles

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

3 Leases

Right of Use Assets :

Particulars	Land Amount Rs. In lakhs	Equipment Amount Rs. In lakhs
Cost		
As at 01 April 2021	473.39	35.16
Additions	121.00	113.36
As at 31 March 2022	594.39	148.52
Add: Additions	36.33	42.40
Less: Deletion	(33.71)	(35.16)
As at 31 March 2023	597.01	155.76
Accumulated Amortisation		
As at 01 April 2021	29.80	20.58
Charge for the Year	23.25	10.37
As at 31 March 2022	53.05	30.95
Charge for the Year	30.60	18.02
Less: Deletion	(33.71)	(35.16)
As at 31 March 2023	49.94	13.81
Carrying Amount		
As at 31 March 2022	541.34	117.57
As at 31 March 2023	547.07	141.95

The Company has considered the OCC interest rate at the time of adoption of lease for the purpose of determination of discount rate for leases. The Company has leases for Land and certain equipment. The leases have remaining lease terms of 1 year upto 25 years with option to terminate or extend the lease.

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
Amounts recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss were as follows:		
Amortisation Expense on right-of-use assets	48.62	33.62
Interest Expense on lease Liabilities	16.33	6.13
Expense relating to short-term lease	4.41	3.30
Expense relating to variable lease payments not included in the measurement of the lease liability	-	-
Supplemental cash flow information related to leases was as follows:		
Total cash outflow for leases	(40.42)	(30.31)
Additions to right of use assets	78.73	234.36
Maturities of Lease Liabilities were as follows		
Undiscounted Lease Payments to be made	325.12	291.21
Not later than 1 year	53.10	41.54
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	118.13	80.28
Later than 5 years	153.89	169.39

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

		Pa	rticulars				March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	March 202 Amount Rs. In lakh
ŀ	Capital Work-In-Pro	gress						
)	CWIP Ageing Schedule	Total					1,369.11	731.56
		As at	31 March 2	2023 (Amou	nt Rs. In Lak	chs)		
	CWIP Ageing schedule	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
	Projects in Progress	1,091.71	270.30	0.93	6.17	1,369.11		
	Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-		
	CWIP Ageing	As at Less than	31 March 2	2022 (Amou	nt Rs. In Lak More than	xhs)		
	schedule	1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3 years	Total		
			1-2 years 20.11	2-3 years 9.23	3 years 10.21	Total 731.56		
	schedule	1 year		-				
))	schedule Projects in Progress Projects temporarily	1 year 692.01 -	20.11 -	9.23 -				
)	schedule Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended CWIP whose completion	1 year 692.01 - n is overdue o As at	20.11 -	9.23 -	10.21 - nt Rs. In Lak			
))	scheduleProjects in ProgressProjects temporarily suspendedCWIP whose completionCWIP Completion ScheduleProjects in Progress	1 year 692.01 - n is overdue o As at Less than	20.11 - or exceed its 31 March 2	9.23 - cost 2023 (Amou	10.21 - nt Rs. In Lak More than	731.56 - chs)		
)	schedule Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended CWIP whose completion CWIP Completion Schedule	1 year 692.01 - n is overdue o As at Less than	20.11 - or exceed its 31 March 2	9.23 - cost 2023 (Amou	10.21 - nt Rs. In Lak More than	731.56 - chs)		

As at 31 March 2022 (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

CWIP Completion Schedule	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in Progress					
Salt Division 2 field development work	-	169.09	-	-	169.09
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	169.09	-	-	169.09

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 202 Amount Rs. In lakh
5	Investments - Non Current (Refer Note 38)		
	Unquoted - Fully paid-up		
	Investment in Equity Shares of wholly-owned subsidiary, at Cost		
	53,20,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each of Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited	532.00	532.00
	Investment in Preference Shares of wholly-owned subsidiary, at Cost (Refer Note 5.1)		
	3,70,00,000 (PY 26,80,000) 0.01% Convertible Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each of Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited	3,700.00	268.00
	Share application money pending allotment for Nil (PY 31,50,000) 0.01% Convertible Preference Shares of Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited	-	315.00
	Total	4,232.00	1,115.00
	Note 5.1: Convertible preference shares bearing interest of 0.01% per annum are with ty share capital at fair value after one year and within 20 years from the date of issue a		
6	Other Investments - Non Current		
	Investment carried at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income		
	Quoted Investments (fully paid)		
	Investment in Equity Instruments of Other entities		
	281 (P.Y. 281) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each of Summit Securities Limited	1.52	1.67
	500 (P.Y. 500) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each of De Nora India Limited	4.26	2.00
	300 (P.Y. 300) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each of TGV SRAAC Limited (formerly known as Sree Rayalaseema Alkalis & Allied Chemicals Limited)	0.29	0.24
	450 (P.Y. 450) Equity Shares of Rs.5/- each of Kanoria Chemicals Limited	0.48	0.62
	Total	6.55	4.53
	Aggregate Book value of Quoted Investment	6.55	4.53
	Aggregate Market value of Quoted Investment	6.55	4.53
	Financial Assets carried at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)	6.55	4.53
7	Other Financial Assets - Non Current		
	Deposits with others	92.96	93.51
	Receivable from Government	-	-
	Balances held as margin money (Refer Note 7.1 below)	45.52	44.85
	Total (Gross)	138.48	138.36
	Less: Provision for Expected Credit Loss	-	-
	Total (Net)	138.48	138.36
	Note :		
	Represents balances with banks that are restricted from being exchanged or used to		

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
8	Tax Assets (Net) - Non Current		
	Income Tax paid / TDS Receivable (Net of provision for tax of Rs. 2,986.50 Lakhs (PY Rs. 2,986.50 Lakhs))	15.27	64.82
	Total	15.27	64.82
10	Other Non-Current Assets		
	Capital Advances	916.56	304.53
	Balance with Government Authorities	3.98	3.98
	Prepaid Rent	0.97	0.35
	Advances to Vendors		221.35
	Total	921.51	530.21
11	Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)		
	(a) Raw Materials (including Goods in Transit amounting to Rs. 5.08 Lakhs (PY - Rs. Nil))	433.73	358.09
	(b) Work in Progress	87.31	121.36
	(c) Finished Goods (other than those acquired for trading)	815.63	422.47
	(d) Fuel	17.81	21.49
	(e) Stores and Spares (including Goods in Transit amounting to Rs. 9.75 Lakhs (PY - Rs. Nil))	193.19	167.76
	(f) Traded Goods (including Goods in Transit amounting to Rs. 14.71 Lakhs (PY - Rs. Nil))	146.32	92.75
	Total	1,693.99	1,183.92
	Notes:		
1.	The cost of inventories recognised as an expenses during the year	7,557.75	8,479.53
2.	The cost of inventories recognised as an expense in respect of write downs of invento- ry to net realisable value.	37.60	36.87
3.	The method of valuation of inventories has been stated in Note 1.6		
12	Other Investments - Current		
	Investments carried at Fair Value through Profit & Loss		
	Investments in Mutual Funds (quoted)		
	LIC Liquid Fund - 162801.516 units of Rs. 4087.6439 each (P.Y. 75496.909 units of Rs. 3866.8023 each)	6,654.75	2,919.32
	LIC BPSU Fund - 451438.425 units of Rs.31.3638 each (P.Y. 451438.425 units of Rs. 30.0342 each)	141.59	135.59
	Total	6,796.34	3,054.91
13	Trade Receivables		
	(a) Considered good, Secured (Refer Note 13.01)	594.87	523.75
	(b) Considered good, Unsecured	1,578.34	1,620.24
	(c) Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	227.05	194.56
		2,400.26	2,338.55
	Less: Provision for Expected Credit Loss (Refer Note 13.05)	(227.05)	(194.56)
	Total	2,173.21	2,143.99

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

As at 31	As at 31
March 2023	March 2022
Amount	Amount
Rs. In lakhs	Rs. In lakhs
	March 2023 Amount

Notes:

13.01 Secured Trade Receivables are secured by way of irrevocable Letter of Credits and Bank Guarantees

- **13.02** Trade Receivables includes receivables outstanding from customers constituing individually 5% or more of the total trade receivables as at 31 March 2023 of Rs. 1659.87 lakhs (PY : Rs. 861.06 lakhs)
- **13.03** The Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected loss allowance for trade receivables based on provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account the historical credit loss experience and adjustments for forward looking information. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of upto 90 days.

As at 31 March 2023 (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

13.04 Trade Receivables ageing schedule - Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment

		Less than	6 months	1-2	2-3	More than		
	Particulars	6 months	- 1 year	years	years	3 years	Not Due	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	710.22	4.39	-	-	-	1,458.60	2,173.21
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	149.64	25.82	20.72	8.63	7.34	14.90	227.05
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v)	Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi)	Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		859.86	30.21	20.72	8.63	7.34	1,473.50	2,400.26

As at 31 March 2022 (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

	Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Not Due	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	557.24	4.11	-	-	-	1,503.45	2,064.80
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	122.81	35.39	15.44	0.93	6.41	13.58	194.56
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	79.19	-	-	-	-	-	79.19
(v)	Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi)	Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		759.24	39.50	15.44	0.93	6.41	1,517.03	2,338.55

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

13.05	Movement in Expected credit loss	Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakh
	Balance at the beginning of the year	194.56	80.02
	Movement in expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables	32.49	114.54
	Balance at the end of the year	227.05	194.56
14A	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
	Balance with Banks - Current Accounts	51.74	220.14
	Cash on hand	1.37	0.56
	Others - Fixed Deposits maturing within 3 months	40.02	-
	Total	93.13	220.70
14B	Bank balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents		
	In Earmarked accounts		
	- Margin Money Accounts for bank guarantees and letters of credit (Refer Note below)	253.83	521.72
	- Unpaid Dividend Accounts (Refer Note 25 (i))	14.77	15.40
	Total	268.60	537.12
	Note: Out of the above Margin money, Rs. 250.92 Lakhs is restricted fro	om being exchanged or u	sed to settle a liability
15	Other Financial Assets - Current		
	Deposits	23.76	22.90
	Advance to employees	1.21	0.64
	Interest accrued on Deposits	5.09	12.54
	Receivables against sale of raw materials	46.54	57.41
	Total	76.60	93.49
16	Other Current Assets		
16	Advances to Vendors	403.44	338.27
16		403.44	338.27 3.93
16	Advances to Vendors	403.44 - 191.23	
16	Advances to Vendors Advances to Related Parties (Refer Note 38) Balance with Government Authorities Prepaid expenses	-	3.93
16	Advances to Vendors Advances to Related Parties (Refer Note 38) Balance with Government Authorities	- 191.23	3.93 443.32



Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

9 Current Taxes and Deferred Taxes (Amount Rs. In lakhs) For the year ended **Particulars** For the year ended 31 March 2023 31 March 2022 A.1 Income Tax recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (i) Current Tax: - in respect of current year 1,602.96 748.35 Total (A) 1,602.96 748.35 (ii) Deferred Tax: - in respect of current year 877.64 286.42 Total (B) 877.64 286.42 Total income tax expense recognised in Statement of Profit 1,034.77 2,480.60 and Loss (A+B) A.2 Income tax recognised in other Comprehensive income Deferred tax related to items recognised in other comprehensive income during the year: - Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations & Others 27.23 (18.25)Total 27.23 (18.25)Classification of income tax recognised in other comprehensive income - Income taxes related to items that will not be reclassified to 27.23 (18.25)profit or loss 27.23 Total (18.25)A.3 Reconciliation of income tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by Company's domestic tax rate: Profit before tax 9,102.33 3,918.61 Income Tax using the Company's domestic Tax rate 2,650.60 1,141.10 Tax Effect of : - Effect of expenses that are non-deductible in determining 15.07 23.46 taxable profit - Deductible allowances - Changes in recognised temporary differences (199.37)(112.30)- Changes on account of change in tax laws _ _ (Refer note C below) - Others 14.30 (17.49)Income Tax expense recognised in Statement of Profit 2,480.60 1,034.77 or Loss

The tax rate used for the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 reconciliations above is the corporate tax rate of 29.12% payable by corporate entities in India on taxable profits under Indian Income Tax Laws. The above amount excludes tax expense / (reversal) relating to prior years.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

B1 Movement in Deferred Tax Balances

(Amount Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	Recognised in profit and loss account	Recognised in OCI	As at March 31, 2023
Tax effect of items constituting (deferred tax liabilities)/deferred tax assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets (Refer note D below)	(2,687.47)	(27.66)	-	(2,659.81)
Financial assets at amortised cost	205.42	(7.16)	-	212.58
Employee Benefits	91.10	35.52	-	55.58
Provisions for Expenses, impairment and Doubtful trade receivables	877.96	(18.31)	-	896.27
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	(1.35)	(2.14)	27.23	28.02
Carry forward of Tax Loss	1,772.74	1,772.74	-	-
Others	(14.37)	(14.99)	-	0.62
	244.03	1,738.00	27.23	(1,466.74)
МАТ	3,729.67	860.36	-	4,590.03
Net Tax Asset /(Liabilities)	3,973.70	877.64	27.23	3,123.29

B2 Movement in Deferred Tax Balances

(Amount Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	Recognised in profit and loss account	Recognised in OCI	As at March 31, 2022
Tax effect of items constituting (deferred tax liabilities)/deferred tax assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets	(2,596.99)	90.48	-	(2,687.47)
Financial assets at amortised cost	205.81	0.39	-	205.42
Employee Benefits	64.26	(26.84)	-	91.10
Provisions for Expenses, impairment and Doubtful trade receivables	800.79	(77.17)	-	877.96
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	46.56	29.66	(18.25)	(1.35)
Carryforward of Tax Loss	2,774.67	1,001.93	-	1,772.74
Others	1.95	16.32	-	(14.37)
	1,297.05	1,034.77	(18.25)	244.03
MAT	2,981.32	748.35	-	3,729.67
Net Tax Asset /(Liabilities)	4,278.37	286.42	(18.25)	3,973.70

C The Company has carried out necessary adjustments to the deferred tax balances as at 31 March 2023 based on applicable tax laws.

D Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions. The provision for taxation for the current year has been determined by the Management based on the tax positon to be considered for tax filing and its assessment of the probability of acceptance of the same by the taxation authorities.



Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

17 Asset Held for Sale

(Also refer accounting policy in note 1.28 and 1.29)

		Rs. In Lakhs
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Property Plant and Equipment	515.70	966.50
Stores and Spares	-	23.78
Assets held for sale	515.70	990.28

During the year the Company completed the disposal of plant and machinery and stores and spares. The Company is active on the sale of the remaining assets (land, building and other assets). The Company has assessed and concluded that no further adjustments are required to the carrying value of assets held for sale.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars	As at 31 M	As at 31 March 2023		1arch 2022
		Number of shares	Amount Rs. In lakhs	Number of shares	Amount Rs. In lakhs
18	Share Capital				
(a)	Authorised Share Capital				
	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each (with voting rights)	2,85,00,000	2,850.00	2,85,00,000	2,850.00
	11% Redeemable Cumulative Preference shares of Rs. 100 each	2,64,000	264.00	2,64,000	264.00
	12% Redeemable Cumulative Preference shares of Rs. 100 each	8,00,000	800.00	8,00,000	800.00
			3,914.00		3,914.00
(b)	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up [refer (a) to (e) below] Equity shares of Rs. 10 each (with voting rights) fully paid up	1,41,82,002	1,418.20	1,41,33,802	1,413.38
	Total		1,418.20		1,413.38

(a) Reconciliation of the number of equity shares issued and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:

		Equity Share Capital			
	As at 31 M	As at 31 March 2023		larch 2022	
Particulars	Number of sharesAmount Rs. In lakhs		Number of shares	Amount Rs. In lakhs	
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up equity shares					
Shares and Share Capital outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,41,33,802	1,413.38	1,40,60,502	1,406.05	
Add: Shares and Share Capital issued during the year (Refer Note 46)	48,200	4.82	73,300	7.33	
Shares and Share Capital outstanding at the end of the year	1,41,82,002	1,418.20	1,41,33,802	1,413.38	

(b) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to the equity shareholders

The Company has one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per equity share held. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by Board of directors is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(c) The details of equity shareholders holding more than 5 % of the aggregate equity Shares:

	Equity Share Capital				
	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022		
Particulars	Number of shares	% held	Number of shares	% held	
Dr. Rao Holdings Pte Ltd	67,61,068	47.67%	67,61,068	47.84%	
Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	10,72,182	7.56%	10,72,182	7.59%	
K.M. Padma	11,10,712	7.83%	11,10,712	7.86%	
Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	14,24,423	10.04%	14,24,423	10.08%	

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 Ma rch 2023

	Equity Share Capital				
Particulars	Year	Number of shares	Amount	%	
Shares allotted pursuant to the scheme of amalgamations during last 5 years	31 March 2023				
	31 March 2022				
	31 March 2021	NA	NA	NA	
	31 March 2020				
	31 March 2019				

(e) Refer Note 46 for details regarding employee stock option scheme.

(f) Shares held by Promoter at the end of the year

	No. of shares		% of to	% Change during the	
Promoter Name	Current year Previous year		Current year	Previous year	Year
Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	14,24,423	14,24,423	10.04%	10.08%	-0.04%
Padma KM	11,10,712	11,10,712	7.83%	7.86%	-0.03%
Ramachandran N	192	192	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	10,72,182	10,72,182	7.56%	7.59%	-0.03%
Dr. Rao Holdings Pte Ltd	67,61,068	67,61,068	47.67%	47.84%	-0.17%

(g) Pursuant to section 126(2) of the Companies Act 2013, the Company had transferred Nil (PY 76,100) Equity Shares to Investor Education and Protection Fund during the year ended 31 March 2023.

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
19	Other Equity		
(a)	Share Application Money Pending Allotment (Refer Note 1 below)		
	Opening Balance	0.20	4.72
	Share Application Money Received	57.23	63.10
	Less: Shares Allotted during the year	(47.16)	(67.62)
	Closing balance	10.27	0.20
(b)	Capital Reserve (Refer Note 2 below)	15.67	15.67
(c)	Capital Redemption Reserve (Refer Note 3 below)		
	Opening Balance	960.00	960.00
	Add: On account of Redemption of Preference Shares	-	-
	Closing balance	960.00	960.00
(d)	Securities Premium Reserve (Refer Note 4 below)		
	Opening Balance	34,848.67	34,745.53
	Add: Securities Premium on issue of Equity Shares	74.25	103.14
	Closing balance	34,922.92	34,848.67

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
(e) Share Based Payment Reserve (Refer Note 5 below)		
Opening Balance	94.01	52.67
Add: Employee compensation expense for the year	60.68	84.19
Less: Transfer to Securities Premium for the shares allotted during the year	(31.91)	(42.85)
Closing balance	122.78	94.01
(f) Retained Earnings (Refer Note 6 below)		
Opening Balance	(7,503.26)	(10,431.52)
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	6,621.73	2,883.84
Add: Other Comprehensive income for the year (Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans, net of taxes)	(66.29)	44.42
	(947.82)	(7,503.26)
Less: Appropriations		
- Dividend on Equity Shares	(176.71)	-
Closing Balance	(1,124.53)	(7,503.26)
(g) Other Comprehensive Income (Refer Note 7 below)		
Opening Balance	4.20	2.93
Add/(Less): Current Year	2.02	1.27
Closing Balance	6.22	4.20
Total	34,913.34	28,419.49

Notes

- This represents Share Application Money received from employees under the ESOP scheme titled "CAESOS 2015" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2015] and "CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]. Also Refer Note 46
- 2. Capital reserve represents reserve recognised on amalgamation being the difference between consideration amount and net assets of the transferor company and profit on reissue of shares.
- 3. Capital redemption reserve has been created pursuant to Section 55 of the Companies Act, 2013 on account of redemption of preference shares out of the profits of the Company.
- 4. Securities premium reserve represents amount of premium recognised on issue of shares to shareholders at a price more than its face value. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013
- 5. Shares based payment reserve relates to the share options granted by the company to its employees under its share option plan. Refer Note 46 for further details.
- 6. Retained earnings refer to net earnings not paid out as dividends, but retained by the company to be reinvested in its core business. This amount is available for distribution of dividends to its equity shareholders.
- 7. Other comprehensive income represents the cumulative gain and losses arising on the revaluation of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of taxes.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars		As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
20	Other Financial Liabilities - Non Current			
	Trade/security deposits received		70.51	60.21
		Total	70.51	60.21
21	Provisions - Non Current			
	Provision for Gratuity (Refer Note 40) Provision for compensated absences		- 117.52	19.97
	-	Total	117.52	19.97
22	Other Non - Current Liabilities			
	Advance from Customers		105.00	115.00
		Total	105.00	115.00
		10141	100.00	110.00
23	Borrowings - Current			
	From Banks			
	- Cash Credit - Secured (Note (i) and (ii) below)		0.63	-
	- Buyer's Credit (Refer Note (iii) below)		-	685.10
		Total	0.63	685.10

Note:

Details in respect of Current Borrowings are as under :-

- (i) Cash Credit facilities are secured by way of first charge over the entire current assets of the Company. The cash credits are repayable on demand.
- (ii) The Cash Credit facilities are sanctioned by HDFC Bank upto Rs. 1,000 Lakhs (PY 1,000 Lakhs) and by Axis Bank upto Rs. 1,000 Lakhs (PY Rs. 1,500 Lakhs).
- (iii) Company has prepaid entire Buyers Credit loan and there is no loan payable as on 31 March 2023
- (iv) quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts

24 Trade Payables - Current (Refer Note 38 and 41)

Total	2,762.43	2,015.84
Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	2,738.86	1,982.12
Total Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	23.57	33.72

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs						
The age of the Trade Payables is as under: Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment						
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Not Due	Total
(i) MSME	19.78	-	-	-	3.74	23.52
(ii) Others	495.67	41.38	1.59	1.80	369.45	909.89
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	0.05	-	-	-	0.05
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
	515.45	41.43	1.59	1.80	373.19	933.46

The above is excluding unbilled dues of Rs. 1828.97 Lakhs

As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakhs							
The age of the Trade Payables is as under:	Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment						
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Not Due	Total	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	21.06	21.06	
(ii) Others	127.02	3.45	4.35	8.78	342.91	486.51	
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	12.31	0.07	0.26	0.02	-	12.66	
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	139.33	3.52	4.61	8.80	363.97	520.23	

The above is excluding unbilled dues of Rs. 1495.61 Lakhs

25 Other Financial Liabilities - Current

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
Creditors for Capital Goods	558.30	546.02
Unpaid Dividends (Refer Note (i) and (ii) below)	14.77	15.40
Interest accrued but not due	-	10.43
Total	573.07	571.85
Note:		
(i) Amounts remitted to Investor Education and Protection Fund during the year	1.67	1.63
(ii) The Company had transferred the underlying shares, rele- vant to the amounts transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund during the previous year.	-	

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

26 Provisions - Current

	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Particulars	Amount Rs. In lakhs	Amount Rs. In lakhs
Provision for compensated absences	156.01	244.12
Provision for Warranty (Refer Note 1.20 and Note below)	35.24	28.62
Provision for Gratuity (Refer Note 40)	72.21	38.09
Total	263.46	310.83

Note:

The Company carries a provision for warranty, the details of which are as under :

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
Opening Balance	28.62	20.34
Provision made during the year	6.62	8.28
Amounts Utilised / Paid during the year		-
Closing Balance	35.24	28.62

27 Current tax liabilities (Net)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
Provision for Tax (Net of Income Tax paid / TDS of Rs. 2178.85 lakhs)	255.14	146.02
(As at 31 March 2022 of Rs. 707.60 lakhs)		
Total	255.14	146.02

28 Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
Statutory liabilities	302.68	296.06
Advance received for Assets held for sale	-	45.00
Advance from Customers	326.17	899.97
Tota	1 628.85	1,241.03

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

29 Revenue from operations

Particulars		For the Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakhs
a Sales of Products (Refer note below)		33,112.26	27,126.92
b Other operating revenues			
- Testing charges		24.20	32.03
	Total	33,136.46	27,158.95

Note:

Revenue for sale of products is net of rebates/incentives/discounts for the year ended 31 March 2023 amounting to Rs. 100.31 Lakhs (previous year Rs. 52.43 Lakhs).

29.1 Disaggregation of the revenue Information

The table below presents disaggregated revenues from contracts with customers by geography, offerings and contract-type for each of our business segments.

As per the management, the below disaggregation best depicts the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues and cash flows are affected by industry, market and other economic factors.

Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakhs
Revenue by Geography		
India	33,057.10	27,033.95
Outside India	79.36	125.00
Total revenue from contracts with customers	33,136.46	27,158.95
Revenue by offerings		
Manufactured goods		
Chemicals & Related Products / Services		
- Caustic Soda Lye	23,247.46	14,517.95
- Caustic Soda Flakes	2,068.34	1,239.35
- Chlorine	292.93	1,651.38
- Hydrogen	1,064.98	917.02
- Others	1,259.01	2,272.21
PVCO-Pipes		
- PVC-O Pipes	2,367.81	3,082.78
- Others	77.52	88.41
Traded Goods		
Chemicals & Related Products / Services		
- Caustic Soda Lye	1,338.14	1,944.94
PVCO-Pipes		
- PVC-O Pipes	1,396.07	908.79
- Resin	_	504.09
Other Operating Income		
Chemicals & Related Products / Services		
- Testing Charges	24.20	32.03
Total revenue from contracts with customers	33,136.46	27,158.95
Timing of recognition		
Goods & Services transferred at a point in time	33,136.46	27,158.95
Total revenue from contracts with customers	33,136.46	27,158.95

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

29.2 Trade Receivables and Contract Balances

The Company classifies the right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as receivable. A receivable is a right to consideration that is unconditional upon passage of time. Revenue is recognized as and when the related goods are delivered to the customer. Trade receivable are presented net of impairment in the Balance Sheet.

Contract liabilities include payments received in advance of performance under the contract, and are realized with the associated revenue recognized under the contract.

29.3 Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakhs
Contract Balances		
Gross Trade Receivables	2,400.26	2,338.55
Advance received from customers	431.17	1,014.97

The Company has applied practical expedient and has not disclosed information about remaining performance obligations in contracts where the original contract duration is one year or less or where the entity has the right to consideration that corresponds directly with the value of entity's performance completed to date.

29.4 Information about major customers

The Company is a manufacturer of caustic soda lye, flakes, liquid chlorine, hydrogen gas, pvco pipes and other products.

Revenues arising from direct sales above includes revenues of approximately Rs. 4,117.89 lakhs which arose from sales to the company's single large customer (Previous Year Rs. 4,512.71 Lakhs). Revenue from second largest customer which also contributed more than 10% of revenue was Rs. 3,891.21 Lakhs. (Previous Year - NA). No other single customers contributed 10% or more to the Company's revenue during the current and previous financial year

	Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakhs
30	Other Income		
(a)	Interest Income:		
(,	- Interest meone:	23.74	25.07
	- Interest income on Income Tax refund	2.76	118.64
	- Other Interest income	35.66	28.32
(b)	Other Non Operating Income:		
(-,	 Other Financial Assets (at Fair Value through Profit & Loss) (Refer note (i) below) 	272.37	63.77
	- Profit on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment (Net)	21.53	18.20
	- Liabilities no longer required written back	3.38	12.46
	- Miscellaneous Income	172.91	302.78
	Total	532.35	569.24
31A	value of Rs. 58.46 Lakhs (PY Rs. 6.25 Lakhs) and gain on rede during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed	emption of investments of R	sing of an increase in fair s. 213.91 Lakhs received
31A	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock	358.09	s. 213.91 Lakhs received 237.77
31A	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed	358.09 5,087.13	s. 213.91 Lakhs received 237.77 5,455.53
31A	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock Add: Purchases	358.09 5,087.13 5,445.22	237.77 5,455.53 5693.30
31A	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock	358.09 5,087.13	s. 213.91 Lakhs received 237.77 5,455.53
31A	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock Add: Purchases Less: Sale of Raw Materials Less: Closing Stock	358.09 5,087.13 5,445.22 169.93 433.73	s. 213.91 Lakhs received 237.77 5,455.53 5693.30 449.74 358.09
31A	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock Add: Purchases Less: Sale of Raw Materials	358.09 5,087.13 5,445.22 169.93	s. 213.91 Lakhs received 237.77 5,455.53 5693.30 449.74
31A	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock Add: Purchases Less: Sale of Raw Materials Less: Closing Stock	358.09 5,087.13 5,445.22 169.93 433.73	s. 213.91 Lakhs received 237.77 5,455.53 5693.30 449.74 358.09
31A	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock Add: Purchases Less: Sale of Raw Materials Less: Closing Stock Cost of Materials consumed	358.09 5,087.13 5,445.22 169.93 433.73	s. 213.91 Lakhs received 237.77 5,455.53 5693.30 449.74 358.09
31A	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock Add: Purchases Less: Sale of Raw Materials Less: Closing Stock Cost of Materials consumed Materials Consumed Comprises of:	358.09 5,087.13 5,445.22 169.93 433.73 4,841.56	237.77 5,455.53 5693.30 449.74 358.09 4,885.47
31A	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock Add: Purchases Less: Sale of Raw Materials Less: Closing Stock Cost of Materials consumed Materials Consumed Comprises of: Salt	358.09 5,087.13 5,445.22 169.93 433.73 4,841.56 3,048.96	237.77 5,455.53 5693.30 449.74 358.09 4,885.47 2,580.38
31A	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock Add: Purchases Less: Sale of Raw Materials Less: Closing Stock Cost of Materials consumed Materials Consumed Comprises of: Salt Soda Ash	358.09 5,087.13 5,445.22 169.93 433.73 4,841.56 3,048.96 0.43	237.77 5,455.53 5693.30 449.74 358.09 4,885.47 2,580.38 38.78
31A	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock Add: Purchases Less: Sale of Raw Materials Less: Closing Stock Cost of Materials consumed Materials Consumed Comprises of: Salt Soda Ash PVC Resin	358.09 5,087.13 5,445.22 169.93 433.73 4,841.56 3,048.96 0.43 1,457.80	237.77 5,455.53 5693.30 449.74 358.09 4,885.47 2,580.38 38.78 1,891.77
31A	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock Add: Purchases Less: Sale of Raw Materials Less: Closing Stock Cost of Materials consumed Materials Consumed Comprises of: Salt Soda Ash PVC Resin Others (Refer Note (i) below)	358.09 5,087.13 5,445.22 169.93 433.73 4,841.56 3,048.96 0.43 1,457.80 334.37	237.77 5,455.53 5693.30 449.74 358.09 4,885.47 2,580.38 38.78 1,891.77 374.54
31A (i)	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock Add: Purchases Less: Sale of Raw Materials Less: Closing Stock Cost of Materials consumed Materials Consumed Comprises of: Salt Soda Ash PVC Resin Others (Refer Note (i) below) Total	358.09 5,087.13 5,445.22 169.93 433.73 4,841.56 3,048.96 0.43 1,457.80 334.37 4,841.56	237.77 5,455.53 5693.30 449.74 358.09 4,885.47 2,580.38 38.78 1,891.77 374.54 4,885.47
(i)	during the year (PY Rs. 57.53 Lakhs). Cost of Materials Consumed Opening Stock Add: Purchases Less: Sale of Raw Materials Less: Closing Stock Cost of Materials consumed Materials Consumed Comprises of: Salt Soda Ash PVC Resin Others (Refer Note (i) below) Total	358.09 5,087.13 5,445.22 169.93 433.73 4,841.56 3,048.96 0.43 1,457.80 334.37 4,841.56	237.77 5,455.53 5693.30 449.74 358.09 4,885.47 2,580.38 38.78 1,891.77 374.54 4,885.47



CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars		For the Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakh	
32	Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods				
	Opening Stock		-		
	Finished goods		422.47	334.80	
	Work-in-Progress	_	121.36	113.15	
			543.83	447.95	
	Closing Stock				
	Finished goods		815.63	422.47	
	Work-in-Progress	_	87.31	121.36	
			902.94	543.83	
	Net (Increase	e)/decrease	(359.11)	(95.88)	
				X	
33	Other Direct Manufacturing Expenses				
	Power and Fuel (Also refer note below)		9,530.83	8,719.45	
	Labour Charges		352.29	201.80	
			9,883.12	8,921.25	
		_	- ,	,	
33(i)	Exceptional Items				
	Provision towards true up charges		337.96	-	
	(Refer note below)	_			
		Total	337.96	-	
	Note :				
	During the year, company received tariff ord Andhra Pradesh Central Power Distribution charges for power units consumed for the p instalments commencing from 01.08.2022. A and disclosed Rs. 337.96 Lakhs under Excep	Corporation Limited eriod FY 2014-15 to Accordingly the comp	(APCPDCL) has been d FY 2018-19 at the rate of	lirected to recover true u of Rs. 0.22 per unit in 3	
34	Andhra Pradesh Central Power Distribution charges for power units consumed for the p instalments commencing from 01.08.2022. A	Corporation Limited eriod FY 2014-15 to Accordingly the comp	(APCPDCL) has been d FY 2018-19 at the rate of	lirected to recover true u of Rs. 0.22 per unit in 3	
34	Andhra Pradesh Central Power Distribution charges for power units consumed for the p instalments commencing from 01.08.2022. A and disclosed Rs. 337.96 Lakhs under Excep Employee Benefits Expense	Corporation Limited eriod FY 2014-15 to Accordingly the comp	(APCPDCL) has been d FY 2018-19 at the rate of pany has provided for the	lirected to recover true u of Rs. 0.22 per unit in 3 e total amount chargeab	
34	Andhra Pradesh Central Power Distribution charges for power units consumed for the p instalments commencing from 01.08.2022. A and disclosed Rs. 337.96 Lakhs under Excep Employee Benefits Expense Salaries and Wages	Corporation Limited eriod FY 2014-15 to Accordingly the comp ptional Items.	(APCPDCL) has been d FY 2018-19 at the rate of	lirected to recover true u of Rs. 0.22 per unit in 3	
34	Andhra Pradesh Central Power Distribution charges for power units consumed for the p instalments commencing from 01.08.2022. A and disclosed Rs. 337.96 Lakhs under Excep Employee Benefits Expense Salaries and Wages Contribution to Provident and other Funds (F	Corporation Limited beriod FY 2014-15 to Accordingly the compo- tional Items.	(APCPDCL) has been d FY 2018-19 at the rate of pany has provided for the 1,480.39 189.58	lirected to recover true u of Rs. 0.22 per unit in 3 e total amount chargeab 1,520.02 228.37	
34	Andhra Pradesh Central Power Distribution charges for power units consumed for the p instalments commencing from 01.08.2022. A and disclosed Rs. 337.96 Lakhs under Excep Employee Benefits Expense Salaries and Wages Contribution to Provident and other Funds (F Expense on employee stock based compensati	Corporation Limited beriod FY 2014-15 to Accordingly the compo- tional Items.	(APCPDCL) has been d FY 2018-19 at the rate of pany has provided for the 1,480.39 189.58 60.68	lirected to recover true u of Rs. 0.22 per unit in 3 e total amount chargeab 1,520.02 228.37 84.19	
34	Andhra Pradesh Central Power Distribution charges for power units consumed for the p instalments commencing from 01.08.2022. A and disclosed Rs. 337.96 Lakhs under Excep Employee Benefits Expense Salaries and Wages Contribution to Provident and other Funds (F	Corporation Limited beriod FY 2014-15 to Accordingly the compo- tional Items.	(APCPDCL) has been d FY 2018-19 at the rate of pany has provided for the 1,480.39 189.58	lirected to recover true u of Rs. 0.22 per unit in 3 e total amount chargeab 1,520.02 228.37	
34	Andhra Pradesh Central Power Distribution charges for power units consumed for the p instalments commencing from 01.08.2022. A and disclosed Rs. 337.96 Lakhs under Excep Employee Benefits Expense Salaries and Wages Contribution to Provident and other Funds (F Expense on employee stock based compensati	Corporation Limited eriod FY 2014-15 to Accordingly the comp ptional Items. Refer Note 40) ion (Refer Note 46)	(APCPDCL) has been d FY 2018-19 at the rate of pany has provided for the 1,480.39 189.58 60.68 122.89	lirected to recover true u of Rs. 0.22 per unit in 3 e total amount chargeab 1,520.02 228.37 84.19 135.86	
	Andhra Pradesh Central Power Distribution charges for power units consumed for the p instalments commencing from 01.08.2022. A and disclosed Rs. 337.96 Lakhs under Excep Employee Benefits Expense Salaries and Wages Contribution to Provident and other Funds (F Expense on employee stock based compensati Staff Welfare Expenses Finance Cost	Corporation Limited eriod FY 2014-15 to Accordingly the comp ptional Items. Refer Note 40) ion (Refer Note 46)	(APCPDCL) has been d FY 2018-19 at the rate of pany has provided for the 1,480.39 189.58 60.68 122.89	lirected to recover true u of Rs. 0.22 per unit in 3 e total amount chargeab 1,520.02 228.37 84.19 135.86	
	Andhra Pradesh Central Power Distribution charges for power units consumed for the p instalments commencing from 01.08.2022. A and disclosed Rs. 337.96 Lakhs under Excep Employee Benefits Expense Salaries and Wages Contribution to Provident and other Funds (F Expense on employee stock based compensati Staff Welfare Expenses	Corporation Limited eriod FY 2014-15 to Accordingly the comp ptional Items. Refer Note 40) ion (Refer Note 46)	(APCPDCL) has been d FY 2018-19 at the rate of pany has provided for the 1,480.39 189.58 60.68 122.89 1,853.54	lirected to recover true u of Rs. 0.22 per unit in 3 e total amount chargeab 1,520.02 228.37 84.19 135.86 1,968.44	

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakhs
36	Other Expenses		
	Stores and Spare parts consumed	589.60	440.67
	Rent	4.41	3.30
	Repairs and Maintenance - Plant and Equipment	195.78	299.03
	- Buildings	43.52	36.88
	Insurance	191.11	140.10
	Rates and Taxes	103.26	82.07
	Travelling Expenses	223.11	129.82
	Auditor's Remuneration (net of GST input credit)		
	- Statutory Audit	19.50	19.50
	- Limited Review	4.50	4.50
	- Other Certificates	-	1.75
	- Out of Pocket Expenses	0.75	0.75
	Commission to Directors (Refer Note 38)	600.00	420.00
	Sitting Fees (Refer Note 38)	13.88	10.93
	Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility (Refer Note 42)	51.21	56.06
	Legal and Professional Fees	134.24	67.63
	Freight (Net)	422.86	136.94
	Advertisement	12.46	14.43
	Exchange variation (Net)	(6.71)	(4.21)
	Bad receivables / Other Deposits written off	1.26	8.78
	Provision for Impairment on Assets Held for sale (Refer Note 17)	23.78	121.84
	Provision for Expected credit Loss on Trade Receivables	32.49	114.54
	Bank Charges	27.24	10.90
	Miscellaneous Expenses	523.66	441.39
	Total	3211.91	2557.60
	Note:		
	(i) Miscellaneous Expenses includes:		
	- Donations	1.07	24.50

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	I	Amount Rs. In lakhs
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
37 a. Commitments		
(i) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed and not pro- vided for in these accounts (net of advances) in respect of purchase of :		
- Tangible assets	3767.20	710.10
b. Contingent liabilities in respect of		
(i) Claims against the Company not Acknowledged as debt	110.60	-
(ii) Sales tax, Excise, Service Tax, Customs Duty and other demands against which the Company has filed appeals and for which no provi- sion is considered required as the Company is hopeful of successful outcome in the appeals.	135.08	125.59

Sl No.	Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues (Including Interest)	Disputed Amount (Net of Provision) Rs. In lakhs	Period (F.Y)	Forum where dispute is pending
1	The Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	7.09 (6.73)	June 2005 to January 2008	Commissioner (Appeals), Chennai
2	The Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	2.10 (1.97)	October 2011 to June 2012	Commissioner of Central Excise, Puducherry
3	The Customs Act, 1962	Customs Duty	82.06 (75.26)	F.Y. 2013-14	CESTAT
4	The Income Act, 1961	Income Tax	36.38 (28.64)	F.Y. 2002-03	The High Court of Madras
5	The Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017 The State Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017	GST	7.45 (12.99)	July 2017 to March 2020	Commissioner Appeals

Notes:

- (i) The amounts shown above represent best possible estimate carried on the basis of the available information. The uncertainties and possible reimbursement are dependent on the outcome of the various case proceedings which have been initiated by the Company or the claimants, as the case may be, and therefore cannot be predicted accurately.
- (ii) Figures in bracket indicate previous year figures.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	01	
38	Related party disclosures a) List of Related parties and description of relationship	
	(i) Individuals exercising Significant influence	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao - Chairman
	(ii) Relatives of above	Mrs. K.M. Padma (Mother of Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao)
	(iii) Entities exercising significant influence over the Company	Dr Rao Holdings Pte Ltd
	(iv) Entities in which persons listed in (i) and (ii) above exercise significant influence	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited (TEAM)
	(v) Wholly owned Subsidiary	Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited
	(vi) Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Mr. V.M. Srinivasan - Chief Executive Officer Mr. S Prasath - Chief Financial Officer Mr. Nitin Cowlagi Seshgiri - Non Executive Director Mr. C.S.Ramesh - Non Executive Director Mrs. Drushti Desai - Non Executive Director Mr. Janakiraman A - Non Executive Director Mr. Mahendran R - Non Executive Director Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan - Non Executive Director Mr. T.Ramabadran - Non Executive Director
	(vii) Other related party	Chemfab Alkalis Limited Employee's Group Gratuity Trust

Note 1: The list above includes only parties with transactions during the year.

b) Transactions with related parties :

Nature of Transaction	Related Party	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
1. Transactions during the year			
a) Income			
Sale of Products	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	21.60	-
b) Expenditure			
Purchase of Goods and Services	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	0.24	6.98
Lease Rent	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	3.29	10.83

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	For the Year Ended For the Year		
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Nature of Transaction	Related Party	Rs. In Lakhs	Rs. In Lakhs
Salaries, Perquisites and post employment benefits	Mr. V.M. Srinivasan	191.81	142.82
	Mr. S Prasath	46.03	40.00
c) Others			
Investment in Preference Share Capital	Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited	3,117.00	315.00
Commission (paid out of the provision made during the previous year)	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	371.00	1.00
	Mr. C.S.Ramesh	9.63	4.88
	Mrs. Drushti Desai	9.08	4.80
	Mr. Janakiraman A	8.88	4.65
	Mr. Mahendran R	8.55	3.95
	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	8.95	4.43
	Mr. T.Ramabadran	9.63	4.88
Commission (paid out of the provision made during the previous year) and Sitting Fees (accrued during the year)	Mr. Nitin Cowlagi Seshgiri	8.18	4.35
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	18.16	239.03
Contractually reimbursable expenses	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	12.96	10.55
	Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited	55.72	1.60
Contribution to employees post employment benefit plans	Chemfab Alkalis Limited Employee's Group Gratuity Trust	3.00	10.00
Dividend paid (Including TDS)	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	17.81	_
	Mrs. K.M. Padma	13.88	-
	Dr Rao Holdings Pte Ltd	84.51	-
	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	13.40	-
	Mr. V.M. Srinivasan	2.23	-
	Mr. Prasath S	0.13	-
	Mr. Nitin Cowlagi Seshgiri	0.70	-

Note:

1) Purchases, Sales and Services above are inclusive of taxes

2) The above excludes Provision for Commission to Directors of Rs.600 lakhs (PY - Rs. 420 lakhs) made during the year.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

As at 31 March 2023 As at 31 March 2022				
Nature of Transaction	Related Party	Rs. In Lakhs	Rs. In Lakhs	
II. Balances Outstanding at the end	d of the year	l		
Payables	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	136.47	120.53	
Other Current Assets	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	_	3.93	
Investment in Subsidiary - Equity Share Capital	Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited	532.00	532.00	
Investment in Subsidiary (Including share application money pending allotment) - Preference Share Capital	Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited	3,700.00	583.00	
Other employment benefits payable	Mr. V.M. Srinivasan	34.95	49.10	
	Mr. Prasath S	12.16	10.02	
Contribution to employees post employment benefit plans	Chemfab Alkalis Limited Employee's Group Gratuity Trust	474.25	373.88	

Benefits included in Compensation of key management personnel of the Company are as below:

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
Mr. V.M. Srinivasan		
Salary and perquisite	139.26	112.34
Share-based payment transactions perquisite	44.92	22.98
Post employment benefits	7.63	7.50
Total	191.81	142.82
Mr. Prasath S		
Salary and perquisite	29.51	27.91
Share-based payment transactions perquisite	9.31	5.60
Post employment benefits	7.21	6.49
Total	46.03	40.00

39 Earnings Per Share

Net Profit for the year has been used as the numerator and number of shares has been used as denominator for calculating the basic and diluted earnings per share.

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
Face Value Per Share - Rs.	10	10
Net Profit / (Loss) attributable to the Equity shareholders (A) - Rs. In Lakhs	6,621.73	2,883.84
Weighted average Number of Shares (B)	14160974	14122397
Add: Effects of ESOP which are dilutive in nature	144948	108086
Weighted average Number of Shares for Diluted EPS (C)	14305922	14230483
Basic Earnings per Share (A/B) - Rs.	46.76	20.42
Diluted Earnings per Share (A/C)- Rs.	46.29	20.27

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

40 Employee benefit plans

I Defined contribution plans

The Company makes Provident Fund, Superannuation Fund which are defined contribution plans, for qualifying employees. During the year, the Company has recognised the following amounts under Defined Contribution Plan in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

Amount De In Jalaha

	Am	ount Rs. In lakins
	For the Year Ended	
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund/Pension Scheme	117.18	112.32
Employer's Contribution to Superannuation Fund	20.86	21.71
Employer's Contribution to Employee Deposit Linked Insurance scheme	1.62	1.61
	139.66	135.64

II Defined benefit plans

The Company operates a gratuity plan covering qualifying employees. The benefit payable is calculated as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 and the benefit vests upon completion of five years of continuous service and once vested it is payable to employees on retirement or on termination of employment. In case of death while in service, the gratuity is payable irrespective of vesting. The Company makes annual contribution to the group gratuity scheme administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India and Aditya Birla Sun Life Insurance Company Limited. Gratuity has been accrued based on actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date, carried out by an independent actuary.

(a) Amount recognised in the statement of profit & loss in respect of the defined benefit plan are as follows :

	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
Particulars	Amount Rs. In lakhs	Amount Rs. In lakhs
Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current service cost	46.19	87.49
Net interest expense	3.73	5.24
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	49.92	92.73
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability:		
Return on plan assets (excluding amount included in net interest expense)	(6.07)	2.00
Actuarial gains and loss arising from changes in financial assumptions	99.59	(64.67)
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	93.52	(62.67)
Total defined benefit cost recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	143.44	30.06

(i) The current service cost and interest expense for the year are included in the "Employee Benefit Expenses" in the statement of profit & loss under the line item "Contribution to Provident and Other Funds"

(ii) The remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability is included in other comprehensive income.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(b) The amount included in the balance sheet arising from the entity's obligation in respect of defined benefit plan is as follows :

	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Particulars	Amount Rs. In lakhs	Amount Rs. In lakhs
Net asset / (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet		
1. Present value of defined benefit obligation	(663.98)	(495.62)
2. Fair value of plan assets	474.25	437.56
Net asset / (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet	(189.73)	(58.06)
Current portion of the liability included under Note 26	72.21	38.09
Non-Current portion of the liability included under Note 21	117.52	19.97
	189.73	58.06

(c) Movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows :

	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
Particulars	Amount Rs. In lakhs	Amount Rs. In lakhs
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	495.62	488.63
Expenses Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss:		
-Current service cost	46.19	87.49
-Interest cost	34.57	32.71
Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income:		
Remeasurement gains / (losses):		
-Actuarial gains and loss arising from changes in financial assumptions	99.59	(64.67)
Benefits paid	(11.99)	(48.54)
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	663.98	495.62

(d) Movement in fair value of plan assets are as follows :

	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
Particulars	Amount Rs. In lakhs	Amount Rs. In lakhs
i ur treutur s		
Change in fair value of assets during the year		
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	437.56	402.09
Expenses Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss:		
Expected return on plan assets	30.84	27.48
Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income:		
Return on plan assets (excluding amount included in net interest expense)	6.07	(2.00)
Contributions by employer	11.77	58.53
Benefits paid	(11.99)	(48.54)
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	474.25	437.56

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(e) The fair value of plan assets plan at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Investment Funds with Insurance Company		
-Aditya Birla Sun Life Insurance Company Limited	12.35%	12.49%
-Life Insurance Corporation of India	87.65%	87.51%

The plan assets comprise insurer managed funds. None of the assets carry a quoted market price in active market or represent the entity's own transferable financial instruments or property occupied by the entity

(f) The principal assumptions used for the purpose of actuarial valuation were as follows :

Particulars	As at 31 March 202	3 As at 31 March 2022
Discount rate	7.16%	7.05%
Expected return on plan assets	7.05%	6.83%
Salary escalation	10.00%	7.00%
Attrition	7.00%	6.00%
Mortality tables	India Assured Life (2012-14)	India Assured Life (2012-14)

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of defined obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase rate and mortality. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period while holding all other assumptions constant:

		Amount Rs. In lakhs
	Increase	Increase
Impact on the Defined benefit Obligation	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Change in the discount rate by 50 basis point	17.28	13.18
Change in Attrition rate by 50 basis point	(2.09)	(0.13)
Change in Expected rate of salary increase by 50 basis point	(18.28)	(14.29)

	Decrease	Decrease	
Impact on the Defined benefit Obligation	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
Change in the discount rate by 50 basis point	(17.28)	(13.88)	
Change in Attrition rate by 50 basis point	2.09	0.14	
Change in Expected rate of salary by 50 basis point	18.28	13.70	

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligations as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore in presenting the above sensitivity analysis the present value of defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the balance sheet.

There is no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from the prior years.

(g) Effect of plan on Entity's future cash flows

(i) Funding arrangements and funding policy

The Company has a gratuity fund to provide for payment of gratuity to the employees. Every year, the insurance Company carries out a funding valuation based on the latest employee data provided by the company. The deficit in the assets in funded by the company

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

- (ii) The Company expects to make a contribution of Rs. 10 Lakhs during the next financial year
- (iii) The weighted average duration of the benefit obligation as at 31 March 2023 is 6.0 years (6.1 years as at 31 March 2022)
- (iv) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation:

Expected cash flows (valued on undiscounted basis):	Amount Rs. In lakhs
within 1 year	72.21
2 to 5 years	404.98
6 to 10 years	272.67

(h) Experience adjustments

Gratuity	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
Present value of DBO	663.98	495.62
Fair value of plan assets	474.25	437.56
Experience gain / (loss) adjustments on plan liabilities	(99.59)	64.67
Experience gain / (loss) adjustments on plan assets	6.07	(2.00)

Details relating to the experience adjustments are provided to the extent information is available.

41 Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

(Amount Rs. In I		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
a) Dues remaining unpaid		
- Principal	23.57	33.72
- Interest	-	-
b) (i) Amounts paid to suppliers beyond the appointed day	-	-
(ii) Interest paid in terms of Sec.16 of the Act	-	-
c) Interest due and payable for the period of delay in payments made beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
d) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid	-	-
e) Interest due and payable even in the succeeding years until actually paid	-	-

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

42 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenditure:

(Amount Rs. In lakhs)		
Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
(a) Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	3.93	56.06
(b) Amount of expenditure incurred	26.53	103.34
(c) (Excess) / Shortfall at the end of the year	(22.60)	(47.28)
(d) Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
(e) Reason for shortfall	NA	NA



Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(ii)	Amount spent by the Company during the year on:					
		(Amount Rs. In lakhs)				
	Particulars for the year ended 31 March 2023Mode of PaymentAmount PaidYet to be paidT					
	i) Construction / Acquisition of any asset	Cheque / Electronic Fund Transfer	5.25	-	5.25	
		Cash	-	-	-	
	ii) On purposes other than (i) above	Cheque / Electronic Fund Transfer/ Transfer of goods	20.75	0.53	21.28	
		Cash	-	-	-	
	Total		26.00	0.53	26.53	

Particulars for the year ended 31 March 2022	Mode of Payment	Amount Paid	Yet to be paid	Total
i) Construction / Acquisition of any asset	Cheque / Electronic Fund Transfer	92.13	-	92.13
	Cash	-	-	-
ii) On purposes other than (i) above	Cheque / Electronic Fund Transfer/ Transfer of goods	10.44	0.77	11.21
	Cash	-	-	-
Total		102.57	0.77	103.34

(iii) Nature of CSR activities

(Amount Rs. In lal				unt Rs. In lakhs)
CSR Activities Classification for the year ended 31 March 2023	Sector in which the activity is covered in Schedule VII	Amount accrued as expense in current year	Amount Paid	Amount remaining unpaid
Ensuring Environment Sustainability	Schedule VII (iv)	2.62	2.19	0.43
Education and Training	Schedule VII (ii)	20.37	20.28	0.09
Disaster Management	Schedule VII (XII)	0.80	0.80	-
Safe Drinking Water	Schedule VII (i)	2.74	2.74	-
Total		26.53	26.01	0.52

CSR Activities Classification for the year ended 31 March 2022	Sector in which the activity is covered in Schedule VII	Amount accrued as expense in current year	Amount Paid	Amount remaining unpaid
COVID 19 Disaster Relief Management	Schedule VII (xii)	95.30	95.30	-
Ensuring Environment Sustainability	Schedule VII (iv)	3.84	3.62	0.22
Education and Training	Schedule VII (ii)	4.20	3.65	0.55
Total		103.34	102.57	0.77

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

43 Financial Instruments

(I) Capital Management

The Company manages capital risk in order to maximize shareholders' profit by maintaining sound/optimal capital structure. For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes equity share Capital and Other Equity and Debt includes Borrowings and Current Maturities of Long term Debt net of Cash and bank balances and short term investments. The Company monitors capital on the basis of the following gearing ratio. There is no change in the overall capital risk management strategy of the Company compared to last year.

Gearing Ratio :

		(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Borrowings	0.63	685.10
Short Term Investments	(6796.34)	(3,054.91)
Cash and Bank Balances	(361.73)	(757.82)
Net Debt (A)	(7,157.44)	(3,127.63)
Total Equity (B)	36,331.54	29,832.87
Net Debt to equity ratio (A/B)	(0.20)	(0.10)

(II) Categories of Financial Instruments

(a) Financial Assets

		(Amount Rs. In Lakhs
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Inc	ome (FVTOCI)	
- Other Investments	6.55	4.53
Measured at fair value through P&L (FVTPL) - Investments	6,796.34	3,054.91
Measured at amortised cost		
- Investments in Subsidiaries	4,232.00	1,115.00
- Trade receivables	2,173.21	2,143.99
- Cash and Cash Equivalents	93.13	220.70
- Bank Balances other than above	268.60	537.12
- Other Financial Assets	215.08	231.85
Total	13784.91	7308.10

(b) Financial Liabilities :

		(Amount Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Measured at amortised cost		
- Borrowings	0.63	685.10
- Trade Payables	2,762.43	2,015.84
- Lease Liabilities	217.87	179.56
- Other financial liabilities	643.58	632.06
Total	3624.51	3512.56

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(III) Financial Risk Management Framework

The Company manages financial risk relating to the operations through internal risk reports which analyse exposure by degree and magnitude of risk. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company does not enter into or trade financial instruments including derivative financial instruments for speculative purpose.

(IV) Foreign Currency Risk Management :

The Company undertakes transactions denominated in foreign currencies and consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arises. The Company has not entered into any derivate contracts during the year ended 31 March 2023 and there are no outstanding contracts as at 31 March 2023.

The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of each reporting period are as follows :

		As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 N	March 2022
Particulars	Currency	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount - Rs. In lakhs	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount - Rs. In lakhs
Capital Creditors	EURO	185000	165.77	214927.08	181.96
Trade Payables	USD	108570	87.97	-	-
Trade Receivables	USD	35237.27	30.07	40096.49	27.86
Borrowings	EURO	-	-	816054.90	685.10

All of the above exposures have not been hedged

(V) Foreign Currency sensitivity analysis:

The following table details the Company's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in INR against the relevant foreign currencies. 5% is the rate used in order to determine the sensitivity analysis considering the past trends and expectation of the management for changes in the foreign currency exchange rate. The sensitivity analysis includes the outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates a increase in profit / decrease in loss and increase in equity where the INR strengthens 5% against the relevant currency. For a 5% weakening of the INR against the relevant currency, there would be a comparable impact on the profit or loss and equity and balance below would be negative.

Impact on Profit and loss for the reporting period

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2022
	Increase by 5%	Decrease by 5%	Increase by 5%	Decrease by 5%
USD	(0.04)	0.04	0.02	(0.02)
EURO	(0.09)	0.09	(0.52)	0.52

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Impact on total equity as at the end of the reporting period			(Amo	unt Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2022		
USD	(0.04)	0.04	0.02	(0.02)
EURO	(0.09)	0.09	(0.52)	0.52

Note :

This is mainly attributable to the exposure of receivable and payable outstanding in the above mentioned currencies to the Company at the end of the reporting period.

(VI) Forward foreign exchange contracts : There are no forward foreign exchange contracts outstanding as at 31 March 2023.

(VII) Liquidity Risk Management :

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company cannot meet its financial obligations. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and banking facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching maturing profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities in accordance with the approved risk management policy of the Company.

Liquidity and Interest Risk Tables :

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Company may be required to pay.

Particulars	Upto 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	5 years and above	Total
March 31, 2023					
Interest bearing	72.43	34.63	14.51	96.93	218.50
Non-interest bearing	3,290.67	53.57	1.80	59.97	3,406.01
Total	3363.10	88.20	16.31	156.90	3,624.51
March 31, 2022					
Interest bearing	723.57	27.90	12.47	111.15	875.09
Non-interest bearing	2,483.88	94.83	8.80	49.96	2,637.47
Total	3207.45	122.73	21.27	161.11	3,512.56

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

Interest Rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for term loan at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A change (decrease/increase) of 100 basis points in interest rates for term loan at the reporting date would increase/(decrease) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

Impact on Profit and Loss for the reporting period

	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022	
	Increase by	Decrease by	Increase by	Decrease by
Particulars	100 bps	100 bps	100 bps	100 bps
Impact on Profit and Loss for the reporting period	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Impact on Total Equity as at end of the reporting period

	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 N	March 2022
	Increase by	Decrease by	Increase by	Decrease by
Particulars	100 bps	100 bps	100 bps	100 bps
Impact on Total Equity as at end of the reporting period	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial assets with agreed repayment periods. The Company does not hold any derivative financial instrument.

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Upto 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	5 years and above	Total
March 31, 2023	1				
Interest bearing	7,070.03	53.77	-	84.71	7,208.51
Non-interest bearing	2314.09	20.23	1.22	4,240.87	6,576.40
Total	9384.12	73.00	1.22	4325.58	13784.91
March 31, 2022					
Interest bearing	3,604.57	53.10	-	85.26	3,742.93
Non-interest bearing	2418.63	23.47	1.22	1,121.86	3,565.17
Total	6023.20	76.57	1.22	1207.12	7308.10

Non-interest rate bearing financial assets disclosed above includes Trade Receivable, Cash, Balances with banks held in current accounts and Other Financial Assets.

Fixed interest rate instruments disclosed above represents balances with banks held in deposit accounts and discounted financial assets.

(VIII) Credit Risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a customer or a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Company. The carrying amount of the financial assets recorded in these financial statements, grossed up for any allowance for losses, represents the maximum exposures to credit risk.

(IX) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required)

The Management considers that the carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

(X) Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Company has not offset financial assets and financial liabilities.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

44 Fair Value Hierarchy

This note provides information about how the Company determines fair value of various financial assets and liabilities

(I) Fair value of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

	Fair Value as at		Fair Value	Valuation techniques and
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	Hierarchy	key inputs
Financial Assets				
-Investment in quoted Equity Instruments at FVTOCI	6.55	4.53	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market
-Other Investments at FVTPL	6,796.34	3,054.91	Level 1	Based on fund statement
-Investments in Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-
Total	6,802.89	3,059.44	-	-

(II) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (Non-recurring) :

			(Amo	unt Rs. In lakh
	As at 31 M	arch 2023	As at 31 Ma	arch 2022
Particulars	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial assets at amortised cost:				
-Investments in Subsidiaries	4,232.00	4,232.00	1,115.00	1,115.00
- Trade receivables	2,173.21	2,173.21	2,143.99	2,143.99
- Cash and Cash Equivalents	93.13	93.13	220.70	220.70
- Bank Balances other than above	268.60	268.60	537.12	537.12
- Other financial assets	215.08	215.08	231.85	231.85
Total	6,982.02	6,982.02	4,248.66	4,248.66
Financial liabilities held at amortised co	st :			
- Borrowings	0.63	0.63	685.10	685.10
- Trade Payables	2,762.43	2,762.43	2,015.84	2,015.84
- Lease Liabilities	217.87	217.87	179.56	179.56
- Other financial liabilities	643.58	643.58	632.06	632.06
Total	3,624.51	3624.51	3512.56	3512.56

Fair value hierarchy as at 31 March 2023

			(Am	ount Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at amortised cost:				
-Investments in Subsidiaries	-	-	4,232.00	4,232.00
- Cash and Cash Equivalents	93.13	-	-	93.13
- Bank Balances other than above	268.60	-	-	268.60
- Trade receivables	-	-	2,173.21	2,173.21
- Other financial assets	44.85	-	170.23	215.08
	406.58	-	6,575.44	6,982.02

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Financial liabilities held at amortised cost :				
			(Am	ount Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
- Borrowings	-	-	0.63	0.63
- Trade Payables	-	-	2,762.43	2,762.43
- Lease Liabilities	-	-	217.87	217.87
- Other financial liabilities	-	-	643.58	643.58
	-	-	3,624.51	3,624.51

Fair value hierarchy as at 31 March 2022

			(Am	ount Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at amortised cost:				
-Investments in Subsidiaries	-	-	1,115.00	1,115.00
- Cash and Cash Equivalents	220.70	-	-	220.70
- Bank Balances other than above	537.12	-	-	537.12
- Trade receivables	-	-	2,143.99	2,143.99
- Other financial assets	44.85	-	187.00	231.85
	802.67	-	3,445.99	4,248.66
Financial liabilities held at amortised cost:				
- Borrowings	-	-	685.10	685.10
- Trade Payables	-	-	2,015.84	2,015.84
- Lease Liabilities	-	-	179.56	179.56
- Other financial liabilities	-	-	632.06	632.06
	-	-	3,512.56	3,512.56

45 Segment Information

Description of segments and principal activities

The company identifies its operating segment based on the nature and class of product and services, nature of production process and assessment of differential risks and returns and financial reporting results reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of performance. Operating segments have been identified on the basis of the nature of products/ services and have been identified as per the quantitative criteria specified in the Ind AS. For financial statements presentation purposes, individual operating segments have been aggregated into a single operating segment after taking into consideration the similar nature of the products, production processes and other risk factors.

Specifically, the Company's reportable segments under Ind AS are as follows:

1) Chemicals and related Products/Services

2) PVC-O Pipes

Geographical segments

The geographical segments considered for disclosure are based on markets, broadly as India and Others

Segment accounting policies

In addition to the significant accounting policies applicable to the business segment as set out in note 1.16, the accounting policies in relation to segment accounting are as under:

Operating revenues and expenses related to both third party and inter-segment transactions are included in determining the segment results of each respective segment. Inter segment sales are eliminated in consolidation

Other income earned and finance expense incurred are not allocated to individual segment and the same has been reflected at the Company level for segment reporting.

(Amount Rs. In lakhs)

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

The total assets disclosed for each segment include all operating assets used by each segment, and primarily include receivables, property, plant and equipment, intangibles, inventories, operating cash and bank balances, inter-segment assets and exclude, deferred tax assets and income tax etc.

Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities and exclude external borrowings, provision for taxes, deferred tax liabilities etc.

I. Segment revenues and results

		Business segments	
	Chemicals and related		
Particulars	Products/Services	PVC-O Pipes	Total
Revenue			
- Current Year	29,295.06	3,856.18	33,151.24
- Previous Year	22,574.88	4,584.07	27,158.95
Less: Inter-segment revenue			
- Current Year	-	14.78	14.78
- Previous Year	-	-	-
Total			
- Current Year	29,295.06	3,841.40	33,136.46
- Previous Year	22,574.88	4,584.07	27,158.95
Segment result before exceptional item			
- Current Year	8,898.48	33.09	8,931.57
- Previous Year	3,771.89	(321.22)	3,450.67
Less: Exceptional Item			
- Current Year	(337.04)	(0.92)	(337.96)
- Previous Year	-	-	_
Segment result after exceptional item			
- Current Year	8,561.44	32.17	8,593.61
- Previous Year	3,771.89	(321.22)	3,450.67
Finance Cost	-	-	
- Current Year	-	-	23.63
- Previous Year	-	-	101.3
Operating income			
- Current Year	-	-	8,569.98
- Previous Year	-	-	3,349.37
Other income			
- Current Year	-	-	532.35
- Previous Year	-	-	569.24
Profit before taxes			
- Current Year	-	-	9102.33
- Previous Year	-	-	3918.61
Tax expense			
- Current Year	-	-	2480.60
- Previous Year	_	-	1,034.77
Profit for the year			
- Current Year	-	-	6621.73
- Current Year	_	-	2883.84

(Amount Rs. In lakhs)

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Business se	Business segments	
Particulars	Chemicals and related Products/Services	PVC-O Pipes	Total
Segment assets			
- Current Year	18,998.07	8042.35	27,040.42
- Previous Year	18,974.23	7745.65	26,719.88
Unallocable assets	-	-	
- Current Year	_	-	14285.6
- Previous Year	-	-	8458.4
Total assets			
- Current Year	-	-	41326.02
- Previous Year	-	-	35178.28
Segment liabilities	_	-	
- Current Year	4,042.53	681.41	4,723.94
- Previous Year	3,368.79	1119.67	4,488.46
Unallocable liabilities			
- Current Year	-	-	270.54
- Previous Year	-	-	856.95
Total liabilities			
- Current Year	-	-	4994.48
- Previous Year	_	-	5345.41
Other information			
Capital expenditure			
- Current Year	2,309.99	768.75	3078.74
- Previous Year	1,435.77	251.30	1687.07
Depreciation and amortisation			
- Current Year	1,609.98	678.19	2288.17
- Previous Year	1,497.52	724.61	2222.13

Information on geographic segments:

(Amount Rs. In lakhs)

Geographical Segment	Revenues for the year ended 31 March 2023	Non - Current Assets as at 31 March 2023 (Refer Note 2 below)
India		
- Current Year	33,057.10	25,778.27
- Previous Year	27,033.95	21,919.59
Others		
- Current Year	79.36	-
- Previous Year	125.00	-

Note:

1) Also Refer Note 1.16

2) Non current assets excludes deferred tax assets and income tax assets.

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

46 Employee Stock Option Scheme

a) The details of the Employee stock option schemes approved by the shareholders are as below:

Option Plan	Number	Grant Date	Exercise price in Rs.	Fair value on the date of grant in Rs.
"CAESOS 2015" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2015]	240000	24-Mar-16	52.43	74.90
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	322000	29-Oct-20	97.83	139.75
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	24400	23-May-22	134.79	192.55

The options may be exercised within a period of 12 months from the date of vesting and the vesting plan of the stock option schemes are as below:

CAESOS 2015	CAESOS 2020
25% of the Options - Two years from the date of grant.	25% of the Options - One year from the date of grant.
25% of the Options - Three years from the date of grant.	25% of the Options - Two years from the date of grant.
50% of the Options - Four years from the date of grant.	25% of the Options - Three years from the date of grant.
	25% of the Options - Four years from the date of grant.

b) Employee stock options details as on the balance sheet date are as follows:

		he year ended March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022	
Particulars	Options (Numbers)	Weighted average exercise price per option (Rs.)	Options (Numbers)	Weighted average exercise price per option (Rs.)
"CAESOS 2015" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2015]	NA	NA	NA	NA
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	-	-	-	-
Option outstanding at the beginning of the year:	257500	97.83	322000	97.83
Add: Granted during the year:	24400	134.79	-	-
Less: Exercised during the year:	(58500)	97.83	(64500)	97.83
Less: Lapsed during the year:	-	-	-	0
Options outstanding at the end of the year:	223400	101.87	257500	97.83
The exercise price has been determined on the basis of the weighted average share price of Chemfab Alkalis Limited as at the grant date.	NA	101.87	NA	97.83

Weighted average remaining contractual life for options outstanding as at 31 March 2023 - 2 Years (As at 31 March 2022 - 3 Years)

* Out of the above, shares relating to 10,500 options are pending allotment as at 31 March 2023 (PY 200)

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

c) The assumptions used in this model for calculating fair value on date of grant are as below:

"CAESOS 2015" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2015] (Using Black-Scholes model)

Assumptions	25 % options	25 % options	50 % options
Risk Free Interest Rate	7.44%	7.49%	7.53%
Expected Life	3.5	4	4.5
Expected Annual Volatility of Shares	45%	44%	44%
Expected Dividend Yield	25%	25%	25%

46 Employee Stock Option Scheme (Cont...)

"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020] (Using Black-Scholes model)

Assumptions	25 % options	25 % options	25 % options	25 % options
Risk Free Interest Rate	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%
Expected Life	1	2	3	4
Expected Annual Volatility of Shares	64.78%	55.79	57.14%	55.92%
Expected Dividend Yield	12.50%	12.50	12.5%	12.50%

d) Stock Options exercised during the year

Option Plan	Number Exercised	Exercise date	Exercise price in Rs.
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	3000	20-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	2000	21-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	5-Apr-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	500	8-Apr-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	9-May-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	200	15-Jun-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	6-Sep-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	300	7-Sep-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	500	12-Sep-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	300	14-Sep-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	200	19-Sep-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	100	3-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	100	14-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	200	18-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	300	19-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	300	22-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	5000	14-Nov-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	5000	2-Dec-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	5000	23-Dec-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	5000	23-Jan-23	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	2000	24-Jan-23	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	3000	27-Jan-23	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	5000	31-Jan-23	97.83

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Option Plan	Number Exercised	Exercise date	Exercise price in Rs.
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	5500	23-Mar-23	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	2000	9-Jan-23	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	28-Nov-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	29-Nov-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	8-Dec-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	16-Dec-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	2000	24-Dec-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	2000	27-Jan-23	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	2000	30-Jan-23	97.83

e) Total expense accounted for by the Company on account of the above are given below:

(Amount Rs. in lakhs)			
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022	
ESOP cost accounted by the Company (Refer Note 34)	60.68	84.19	
Total	60.68	84.19	

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

47	RATIOS	Numerator	Denominator	2022-23	2021-22	Variance %	Reason for Variance
(a)	Current Ratio	Total Current Assets	Total Current	2.74	1.84	49%	Improved mainly due
	(in times)		Liabilities				to increase in current investments under the head current assets
(b)	Debt- equity Ratio (in times)	Debts consists of borrowings and lease liabilities	Total Equity	0.01	0.03	-79%	There is an improvement in debt equity ratio on account of decrease in borrowings due to repayment of term loan during the year and higher profitability
(c)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses + Interest + Other non-cash adjustments	Debt service = Interest and lease payments + Prin- cipal repayments	11.76	2.16	444%	There is an improvement in the ratio due to increase in profitability and reduc- tion in finance cost due to repayment of term loan
(d)	Return on Equi- ty Ratio (in %)	Profit for the year less Preference divi- dend (if any)	Average total equity	20.02%	10%	96%	There is improvement in ratio due to increase in profitability mainly due to increase in realisation of products
(e)	Inventory turn- over ratio (in times)	Revenue from Operations	Average Inventory	23.03	25.71	-10%	No major variance
(f)	Trade Receiv- ables turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from Operations	Average Trade Receivables	15.35	14.84	3%	No major variance
(g)	Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	Total Expenses - Finance Cost - Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	Average Trade Payables	9.17	10.87	-16%	No major variance
(h)	Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from Operations	Average working capital (i.e. Total current assets less Total current liabilities)	4.20	6.43	-35%	There is a decrease in the ratio mainly due to increase in current investments under the head current assets
(i)	Net profit ratio (in %)	Profit for the Year	Revenue from Operations	19.98%	10.62%	88%	There is improvement in ratio due to increase in profitability mainly due to increase in realisation of products
(j)	Return on Cap- ital employed (in %)	Profit before tax and finance costs	Capital employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability- Deferred Tax Asset	27.30%	15.04%	81%	There is improvement in ratio due to increase in profitability mainly due to increase in realisation of products
(k)	Return on investment (in %)	Income generated from Other invest- ments under Current	Average of Other investments under Current Financial	5.53%	2.36%	134%	Improved due to increase in yeild for Current Invest- ments leading to higher

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	(Amount Rs. in lal		
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22	
Employee Benefits expense	31.86	26.68	
Professional fees	3.20	2.51	
Consumption of Stores and spares	26.38	8.19	
Travelling expenses	-	0.01	
Depreciation	4.09	2.96	
Total	65.53	40.35	

49 Relationship with struck off companies

Name of the Struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck off company	Balance outstanding (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)	Relationship with the struck off company, if any, to be disclosed
Year ended 31 March 2023			
Nathanz Chemicals Pvt Ltd.	Receivables	0.27	NA
Year ended 31 March 2022			
Nathanz Chemicals Pvt Ltd.	Receivables	0.68	NA

50 The Board of Directors have recommended a final dividend of 12.50% (Rs. 1.25 per Equity Share of Rs. 10 each) for the financial year 2022-23 which is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company.

51 Additional Regulatory Information

- (i) The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets during the year.
- (ii) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at 31 March 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act,1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder
- (iii) The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- (iv) The Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year. The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (v) The quarterly returns or statements comprising (stock statements, book debt statements, credit monitoring arrangement reports, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors/other receivables, and other stipulated financial information filed by the Company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company of the respective quarters.
- (vi) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (vii) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (viii) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

- (ix) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- (x) The Company does not have any Scheme of Arrangements which have been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Act.
- (xi) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under of Section 2(87) of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- (xii) The Company has utilised the borrowing amount taken from financial institutions for the purpose as stated in the sanction letter.
- 52 The Code on Wages, 2019 and Code of Social Security, 2020 ("the Codes") relating to employee compensation and post employment benefits that received Presidential assent and the related rules thereof for quantifying the financial impact have not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Codes when the rules are notified and will record any related impact in the period the Codes become effective.
- 53 The Board of Directors of the Company has reviewed the realisable value of all the current assets and has confirmed that the value of such assets in the ordinary course of business will not be less than the value at which these are recognized in the financial statements. In addition, the Board has also confirmed the carrying value of the non-current assets in the financial statements. The Board, duly taking into account all the relevant disclosures made, has approved these standalone financial statements in its meeting held on 18 May 2023.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Chairman DIN: 00127809 Place : Chennai

B Vignesh Ram Company Secretary Place : Chennai

Date : 18 May 2023

V M Srinivasan Chief Executive Officer

Place : Chennai

S Prasath Chief Financial Officer Place : Chennai

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated financial statements of CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED ("the Parent Company") and its subsidiary, (the Parent Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group") which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ('Ind AS'), and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2023, their consolidated profit, their consolidated total comprehensive income, their consolidated cash flows and their consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143 (10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- The Parent Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's report including the Annexures to the Board Report and Corporate Governance but does not include the Consolidated financial statements, Standalone financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon. The Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's report including the Annexures to the Board Report and Corporate Governance are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.
- Our opinion on the Consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- In In connection with our audit of the Consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- When we read the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's report including the Annexures to the Board Report and Corporate Governance, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance as required under SA 720 'The Auditor's responsibilities Relating to Other Information'.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Parent Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated changes in equity of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of

preparation of the Consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Parent Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Consolidated financial statements, the respective management of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the respective entities to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate their respective entities or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Parent Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in place and the operating effective-ness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty

exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the Consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Parent Company and such other entities included in the Consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our report, we report, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements.

- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated financial statements.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Parent Company as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of the subsidiary company incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Parent and Subsidiary company incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A" which is based on the auditors' reports of the Parent company and the subsidiary company incorporated in India. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of those companies.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Parent Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group.
 - ii. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.

- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. (a) The respective Managements of the Parent Company and its subsidiary, have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 50 to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind aof funds) by the Parent Company or subsidiary to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Parent Company or subsidiary ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (b) The respective Managements of the Parent Company and its subsidiary, have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 50 to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Parent Company or subsidiary from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Parent Company or subsidiary shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

As stated in note 48 to the financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

- vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable w.e.f. April 1, 2023 to the Parent/ Holding Company and its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures which are companies incorporated in India, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.
- 2. With respect to the matters specified in clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 and paragraph 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("CARO"/ "the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us and the auditors of respective companies included in the consolidated financial statements to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the CARO reports of the said companies included in the consolidated financial statements except for the following:

Name of the company	CIN	Nature of relationship	Clause Number of CARO report with qualification or adverse remark
Chemfab Alkalis Limited	L24290TN2009PLC071563	Parent	Clause (iii)
Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited	U24100TN2019PLC133285	Subsidiary	Clause (xvii)

For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP** Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

> P Usha Parvathy (Partner) (Membership No. 207704)

Place: Chennai Date: 18 May 2023 Unique Document Identification Number: 23207704BGWLPQ6500

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDI-TOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended 31 March 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of **CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED** (hereinafter referred to as the Parent Company) and its subsidiary company, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Parent company and its subsidiary company, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on the internal control with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company, its subsidiary company, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference

to consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company/ Parent and its subsidiary company, which are companies incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to consolidated financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to consolidated financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial

control with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Parent Company, its subsidiary company, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on the criteria for internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

> For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP** Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

P Usha Parvathy

(Partner) (Membership No. 207704) Place: Chennai

Date: 18 May 2023 Unique Document Identification Number: 23207704BGWLPQ6500

Particulars	Note No	As at 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
I. ASSETS			
(1) Non - Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	18,466.44	18,731.68
(b) Right of Use Assets	3	705.84	658.91
(c) Capital Work-In-Progress	4	3,146.79	818.69
(d) Other Intangible Assets	2	4.25	9.34
(e) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	5	6.55	4.53
(ii) Other Financial Assets	6	150.10	143.98
(f) Tax Assets (Net)	7	15.27	64.82
(g) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	8	3,123.29	3,973.70
(h) Other Non - Current Assets	9	3,148.48	1,584.50
Total Non - Current Assets		28,767.01	25,990.15
(2) Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	10	1,693.99	1,183.92
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Other Investments	11	6,823.26	3,062.93
(ii) Trade Receivables	12	2,173.21	2,143.99
(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	13A	98.39	220.73
(iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above	13B	268.60	537.12
(v) Other Financial Assets	14	77.12	93.49
(c) Other Current Assets	15	792.33	995.76
		11,926.90	8,237.94
Asset Held for Sale	16	515.70	990.28
Total Current Assets		12,442.60	9,228.22
TOTAL ASSETS		41,209.61	35,218.37
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	17	1,418.20	1,413.38
(b) Other Equity	18	34,717.24	28,386.80
Equity attributable to Shareholders of the Company		36,135.44	29,800.18
Non-controlling interests		-	-
Total Equity		36,135.44	29,800.18

Particulars	Note No	As at 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
(2) Liabilities			
Non- current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings		-	-
(ii) Lease Liabilities		191.08	151.52
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	19	70.51	60.21
(b) Provisions	20	117.52	19.97
(c) Other Non - Current Liabilities	21	105.00	115.00
Total Non- current Liabilities		484.11	346.70
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	22	0.63	685.10
(ii) Lease Liabilities		43.97	28.04
(iii) Trade Payables	23		
- Total Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		23.57	33.72
- Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		2,745.36	1,986.74
(iv) Other Financial Liabilities	24	593.88	633.20
(b) Provisions	25	268.67	310.83
(c) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	26	260.89	146.84
(d) Other Current Liabilities	27	653.09	1,247.02
Total Current Liabilities		4,590.06	5,071.49
Total Liabilities		5,074.17	5,418.19
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		41,209.61	35,218.37

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

See accompanying notes forming part of the consolidated financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

P Usha Parvathy Partner Membership No. 207704 Place : Chennai Date : 18 May 2023 Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Chairman DIN: 00127809 Place : Chennai

B Vignesh Ram Company Secretary Place : Chennai

Date : 18 May 2023

V M Srinivasan Chief Executive Officer

Place : Chennai

S Prasath Chief Financial Officer Place : Chennai

	Particulars	Note No	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
I	Revenue from Operations	28	33,136.46	27,158.95
II	Other Income	29	552.52	570.24
III	Total Income (I+II)		33,688.98	27,729.19
IV	Expenses			
	Cost of Materials Consumed	30A	4,841.56	4,885.47
	Purchases of Stock - in - Trade	30B	2,485.70	3,249.27
	Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods and Work-in-Progress	31	(359.11)	(95.88)
	Other Direct Manufacturing Expenses	32	9,883.12	8,921.25
	Employee Benefits Expense	33	1,930.49	1,968.44
	Finance Costs	34	24.48	101.30
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	2 & 3	2,293.12	2,222.13
	Other Expenses	35	3,307.80	2,567.02
	Total Expenses (IV)		24,407.16	23,819.00
V	Profit before Exceptional Items (III - IV)		9,281.82	3,910.19
VI	Exceptional Items	32 (i)	(337.96)	-
V	Profit before tax (III - IV)		8,943.86	3,910.19
VI	Tax expense	8		
	- Current Tax		1,607.89	749.09
	- Deferred Tax		877.64	286.42
			2,485.53	1,035.51
VII	Profit for the Year (V - VI)		6,458.33	2,874.68
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income			
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
	- Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability		(93.52)	62.67
	- Fair value gain/(loss) on investments in equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI		2.02	1.27
	- Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	8	27.23	(18.25)
	Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)		(64.27)	45.69



	Particulars	Note No	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
IX	Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (VII + VIII)		6,394.06	2,920.37
	Profit/(Loss) for the year Attributable to:			
	Owners of the Company		6,458.33	2,874.68
	Non-Controlling Interests		-	-
	Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year Attributable to:			
	Owners of the Company		(64.27)	45.69
	Non-Controlling Interests		-	-
	Total Compehensive (Loss) / Income for the year Attributable to:			
	Owners of the Company		6,394.06	2,920.37
	Non-Controlling Interests		-	-
X	Earnings per Equity Share (Face Value of Rs 10 each)	38		
	-Basic		45.61	20.36
	-Diluted		45.14	20.20

See accompanying notes forming part of the standalone financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

P Usha Parvathy Partner Membership No. 207704

Place : Chennai Date : 18 May 2023 Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Chairman DIN: 00127809

Place : Chennai

B Vignesh Ram Company Secretary Place : Chennai

Date : 18 May 2023

V M Srinivasan Chief Executive Officer

Place : Chennai

S Prasath Chief Financial Officer Place : Chennai

Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	6,458.33 2,485.53 - 2,293.12 (233.82) 60.68 (23.74) (2.77) 24.48 - (21.53) 1.26 23.78 32.49 (3.38)	2,874.68 1,035.51 - 2,222.13 (58.53) 84.19 (25.07) (118.64) 101.30 - (18.20) 8.78
Adjustment for: Income Tax Expense Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Gain on redemption of investments Equity settled share-based payment expense Interest Income on fixed deposits with banks Interest Income on Income Tax Refund Finance Costs Gain on Sale of Investment Property Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Bad Receivables written off Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / Morking Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities <	2,485.53 2,293.12 (233.82) 60.68 (23.74) (2.77) 24.48 - (21.53) 1.26 23.78 32.49	1,035.51 2,222.13 (58.53) 84.19 (25.07) (118.64) 101.30 - (18.20)
Income Tax Expense Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Gain on redemption of investments Equity settled share-based payment expense Interest Income on fixed deposits with banks Interest Income on Income Tax Refund Finance Costs Gain on Sale of Investment Property Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Bad Receivables written off Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	- 2,293.12 (233.82) 60.68 (23.74) (2.77) 24.48 - (21.53) 1.26 23.78 32.49	- 2,222.13 (58.53) 84.19 (25.07) (118.64) 101.30 - (18.20)
Income Tax Expense Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Gain on redemption of investments Equity settled share-based payment expense Interest Income on fixed deposits with banks Interest Income on Income Tax Refund Finance Costs Gain on Sale of Investment Property Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Bad Receivables written off Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	- 2,293.12 (233.82) 60.68 (23.74) (2.77) 24.48 - (21.53) 1.26 23.78 32.49	- 2,222.13 (58.53) 84.19 (25.07) (118.64) 101.30 - (18.20)
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Gain on redemption of investments Equity settled share-based payment expense Interest Income on fixed deposits with banks Interest Income on Income Tax Refund Finance Costs Gain on Sale of Investment Property Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Bad Receivables written off Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current Financial assets on Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	- 2,293.12 (233.82) 60.68 (23.74) (2.77) 24.48 - (21.53) 1.26 23.78 32.49	- 2,222.13 (58.53) 84.19 (25.07) (118.64) 101.30 - (18.20)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Gain on redemption of investments Equity settled share-based payment expense Interest Income on fixed deposits with banks Interest Income on Income Tax Refund Finance Costs Gain on Sale of Investment Property Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Bad Receivables written off Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(233.82) 60.68 (23.74) (2.77) 24.48 - (21.53) 1.26 23.78 32.49	(58.53) 84.19 (25.07) (118.64) 101.30 - (18.20)
Gain on redemption of investments Equity settled share-based payment expense Interest Income on fixed deposits with banks Interest Income on Income Tax Refund Finance Costs Gain on Sale of Investment Property Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Bad Receivables written off Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(233.82) 60.68 (23.74) (2.77) 24.48 - (21.53) 1.26 23.78 32.49	(58.53) 84.19 (25.07) (118.64) 101.30 - (18.20)
Equity settled share-based payment expense Interest Income on fixed deposits with banks Interest Income on Income Tax Refund Finance Costs Gain on Sale of Investment Property Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Bad Receivables written off Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	60.68 (23.74) (2.77) 24.48 - (21.53) 1.26 23.78 32.49	84.19 (25.07) (118.64) 101.30 - (18.20)
Interest Income on fixed deposits with banks Interest Income on Income Tax Refund Finance Costs Gain on Sale of Investment Property Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Bad Receivables written off Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(23.74) (2.77) 24.48 - (21.53) 1.26 23.78 32.49	(25.07) (118.64) 101.30 - (18.20)
Interest Income on Income Tax Refund Finance Costs Gain on Sale of Investment Property Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Bad Receivables written off Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(2.77) 24.48 - (21.53) 1.26 23.78 32.49	(118.64) 101.30 - (18.20)
Gain on Sale of Investment Property Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Bad Receivables written off Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	24.48 - (21.53) 1.26 23.78 32.49	101.30 - (18.20)
Gain on Sale of Investment Property Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Bad Receivables written off Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	- (21.53) 1.26 23.78 32.49	(18.20)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Bad Receivables written off Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	1.26 23.78 32.49	
Bad Receivables written off Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities (A) . Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	1.26 23.78 32.49	
Provision for impairment on assets held for sale Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities (A) . Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	23.78 32.49	
 Provision for Expected credit loss (Net) Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities (A) Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment 	32.49	121.84
Liabilities no longer required written back Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities (A) . Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		114.54
Unrealised Exchange Variation (Net) Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities (A) Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	N (1	(12.46)
 (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities (A) Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment 	1.65	(15.48)
 (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current and Current Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities (A) Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment 	11,096.08	6,314.59
 Financial assets and Non current and Current assets (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities (A) Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment 	(61.92)	(750.54)
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Other Current liabilities and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities (A) Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	77.50	(21.26)
and Non-Current Liabilities and Provisions Changes in Working Capital and Other changes Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities (A) . Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(510.07)	(255.06)
 Cash generated by operations Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities (A) Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment 	99.41	808.28
Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities (A) . Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(395.08)	(218.58)
Income Taxes (Paid) / Refund and Interest Income Received Net cash from Operating Activities (A) . Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	10,701.00	6,096.01
 Net cash from Operating Activities (A) Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment 	(1,441.53)	(604.99)
Cash flow from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	9,259.47	5,491.02
	(5,761.22)	(2,019.67)
Proceeds from Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment and Invest- ment Property	496.11	62.28
Redemption/(Investment) in Mutual Funds (Net)	1.01	44.48
Net movement in Bank balances not considered as Cash and cash equivalents	267.85	(271.32)
Dividend Received from Non-current and Current Investments	-	-
Interest Income	245.10	81.69

	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
C.	Cash flow from Financing Activities		
	Dividend Paid, including movement from unpaid dividend account	(177.34)	(1.76)
	Issue of Equity Shares	46.96	62.90
	Money received towards allotment of equity shares	10.27	0.20
	Payment of lease liabilities	(43.97)	(30.31)
	Finance Cost on Lease Liabilities	(17.18)	(6.13)
	Repayment of Term Loan made during the year	- '	(2,185.99)
	Short term Borrowings (repaid)/taken (net)	(690.24)	(210.50)
	Finance Costs paid on Borrowings	(17.73)	(85.74)
	Net Cash from/(used in) Financing Activities (C)	(889.23)	(2,457.33)
D.	Net (Decrease) / Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A) + (B) + (C)	3,619.09	931.15
E.	Cash and Cash Equivalents (Opening)	3,275.64	2,344.49
F.	Cash and Cash Equivalents (Closing)	6,894.73	3,275.64
Not	ies:	1	
(i)	Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents	1	
	Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Balance Sheet	98.39	220.73
	Add: Current investments considered as part of Cash and cash equivalents (as defined in INDAS 7 Cash Flow Statements)	6,796.34	3,054.91
1	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the Year	6,894.73	3,275.64

(ii) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

			A	Amount Rs. In Lakhs
Particulars	As at 01 April 2022	Cash Flows	Others	As at 31 March 2023
Current Borrowings (Note 22)	685.10	(690.24)	5.77	0.63
Non Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	179.56	(43.97)	99.46	235.05
Accrued Interest (Note 24)	10.43	(10.43)	-	-

			A	mount Rs. In Lakhs
Particulars	As at 01 April 2021	Cash Flows	Others	As at 31 March 2022
Current Borrowings (Note 22)	744.31	(210.50)	151.29	685.10
Non Current Borrowings	2,337.52	(2,185.99)	(151.53)	-
Lease Liabilities	72.75	(30.31)	137.12	179.56
Accrued Interest (Note 24)	2.19	(2.19)	10.43	10.43

See accompanying notes forming part of the consolidated financial statements

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In terms of our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

P Usha Parvathy Partner Membership No. 207704

Place : Chennai Date : 18 May 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Chairman DIN: 00127809 Place : Chennai V M Srinivasan Chief Executive Officer

Place : Chennai

B Vignesh Ram Company Secretary Place : Chennai **S Prasath Chief Financial Officer** Place : Chennai

Date : 18 May 2023

Particulars		As at 31 M	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	t 31 March 2022			
			0000	1 407.05				
Balance as at beginning of the Year		1,41	1,413.38	1,400.00				
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors Restated Balance as at the beginning of the current reporting period	po	1,41	1,413.38	-1.406.05				
Changes in equity share capital during the year Issue of equity shares under share option plan (Refer Note 43)			4.82	7.33				
Closing Balance		1,41	1,418.20	1,413.38				
B. Other Equity							Amo	Amount Rs. In lakhs
	Share							
	Application Money Pending	Canital	Capital Redemntion	Securities Premium	Share Based Pavment	Retained	Other Comprehensive	Total Other
Particulars	Allotment	Reserve	Reserve	Account	Reserve	Earnings	Income	Equity
Balance at 1 April 2021	4.72	15.67	960.00	34,745.53	52.67	(10,455.05)	2.93	25,326.47
(Loss) / Profit for the year		ı	·	ı		2,874.68	ı	2,874.68
Recognition of Employee stock based compensation Share Annlication Money Received	- 63 10				04.1 <i>9</i> -			63.10
Shares Allotted	(67.62)	ı		1	(42.85)		ı	(110.47)
Securities Premium on issue of Equity Shares		ı	ı	103.14	1	ı	I	103.14
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income (net of taxes) Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans (net of taxes)						- 44.42	1.27 -	1.27 44.42
Balance at 31 March 2022	0.20	15.67	960.00	34,848.67	94.01	(7,535.95)	4.20	28,386.80
Profit / (Loss) for the year						6,458.33		6,458.33
Recognition of Employee stock based compensation	ı	ı	·	ı	60.68	I	ı	60.68
Share Application Money Received	57.23	ı		1	ı	·	ı	57.23
Shares Allotted	(47.16)	ı	·	ı	(31.91)	·	ı	(79.07)
Securities Premium on issue of Equity Shares		ı		74.25	ı	I	ı	74.25
Payment of Dividend on equity shares	ı	I	ı	I	I	(176.71)	1 0	(176.71)
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income (net of taxes) Remeasurement of Defined Renefit Plans (net of taxes)					1 1	-	2.02	2072
		E) U 7	00.00	000000	02 001	(67:00)		
Balance at 31 March 2023	10.27	15.67	960.00	34,922.92	122.78	(1, 320.62)	6.22	34,717.24
See accompanying notes forming part of the consolidated financial statements In terms of our report attached	sments							
For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants	For and on	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors	ard of Directors					
(Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)								
P Usha Parvathy	Suresh Kris	Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao		V M Srinivasan				
Partner Membership No. 207704	Chairman DIN: 00127809	809		Chief Executive Officer	e Officer			
Place : Chennai Date : 18 May 2023	Place : Chennai	nai		Place : Chennai				
	B Vignesh Ram Company Secretary Place : Chennai	tam ecretary nai		S Prasath Chief Financial Officer Place : Chennai	l Officer			
	Date : 18 M ²	18 May 2023						
		,						

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

A. Equity Share Capital

CCAL CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

1 General Information

Chemfab Alkalis Limited ("the Parent Company") and Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited ("the Subsidiary") (together "the Group") is in the business of manufacturing of basic inorganic chemicals and PVCO pipes.

The name of the Parent Company was changed from Teamec Chlorates Limited to Chemfab Alkalis Limited on July 21, 2017, vide revised certificate of incorporation issued by the Registrar of Companies pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation ('scheme') approved by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) Chennai vide its order dated 30 March 2017. Erstwhile Chemfab Alkalis Limited a listed entity, had merged with the Parent Company pursuant to the scheme and consequently the Parent Company's equity shares have been listed on the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) and BSE Limited (BSE) with effect from 25 April 2018.

Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited ('CAKL ') is yet to commence operations.

Significant Accounting Policies

Impact of the initial application of new and amended Ind ASs that are effective for the current year:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 to further amend the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015; makes amendments to several Ind AS viz.- Ind AS 101 (First-time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards), Ind AS 102 (Share based payment), Ind AS 103 (Business Combinations), Ind AS 107 (Financial Instruments: Disclosures), Ind AS 109 (Financial Instruments), Ind AS 115 (Revenue from Contracts with Customers), Ind AS 1 (Presentation of Financial Statements), Ind AS 8 (Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors), Ind AS 12 (Income Taxes) & Ind AS 34 (Interim Financial Reporting). The Parent company does not expect these amendments to have any significant impact in its Consolidat3ed Financial Statements.

1.1 Principles of Consolidation:

The Consolidated financial statements relate to the Parent Company and its Subsidiary. The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:

The financial statements of the Parent Company and its Subsidiary have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, after eliminating material intra-group balances, intragroup transactions and resulting unrealised profits or losses, unless cost cannot be recovered.

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances are presented to the extent possible, in the same manner as the Parent Company's standalone financial statements.

The details of the companies considered in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are given below:

Name : Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited; Country of Incorporation : India; Relationship: Wholly Owned Subsidiary; Effective Ownership Interest as at 31 March 2023 : 100% (As at 31 March 2022 - 100%)

1.2 Basis Of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Section 133 of the 2013 Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 and other relevant provisions of the 2013 Act.

These Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, The Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Going concern

The directors have, at the time of approving the financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Basis of preparation of financial statements

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

1.4 Use of Estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as of the date of the financial statements and the reported income and expenses during the reporting period. Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results may vary from these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialize. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively in the year in which the estimate is revised and / or in future years, as applicable.

1.5 Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products/activities of the Group and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Group has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

1.6 Revenue recognition

(I) Sale of Goods/Services:

The Group derives revenues primarily from sale of manufactuing of inorganic chemicals viz Caustic Soda Lye, Chlorine, Hydrogen, Hydrochloric acid, Sodium Hypo and Sodium Chlorate and also from PVC-O pipes. Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be received in exchange for those products or services. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances. Accordingly, the revenue is recognised on point in time basis.

a) Sale of products:

Revenues and costs relating to sale of products are recognized as the related goods are delivered, and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied-:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to The Group ; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Revenue is measured at the amount of transaction price which is net of discounts offered by the Parent Company as part of the contract with the customer.

Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

b) Income from service activities is accounted for on rendering the service in accordance with the contractual terms and when there is no uncertainty in receiving the same.

(II) Other Income:

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition. Dividend Income is accounted when the right to receive is established.

1.7 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes cost of purchase, cost of conversion, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition and is net of taxes where applicable. The methods of determination of cost of various categories of inventory are as follows:

- Raw Materials, Fuel and Stores and Spares - On weighted average basis.

- Finished goods and Work in Progress at lower of Cost, which includes appropriate production overheads and Net Realizable Value, the cost being determined on weighted average basis.

Due allowance is estimated and made by the Management for slow moving / non-moving items of inventory, where ever necessary, based on the technical assessment and such allowances are adjusted against the closing inventory value. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and cost necessary to make the sale.

1.8 Cash and Cash Equivalent (For the purpose of Cash Flow Statement)

Cash comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash Equivalents are short term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank balances other than the balance included in cash and cash equivalents represents balance on account of unpaid dividend and margin money deposit with banks.

1.9 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) after tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated based on the available information.

1.10 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) and Depreciation on Property Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE's) are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss (if any). The Group capitalizes all costs relating to acquisition and installation of Property, Plant and Equipment. The cost of Property, Plant and Equipment comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying Property, Plant and Equipment up to the date the Propery, Plant and Equipment is ready for its intended use.

Cost of spares relating to specific item of Property, Plant and Equipment is capitalized. Cost of modifications that enhance the operating performance or extend the useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment are also capitalized, where there is a certainty of deriving future economic benefits from the use of such assets.

Any part or components of Property, Plant and Equipment which are separately identifiable and expected to have a useful life which is different from that of the main assets are capitalized separately, based on the technical assessment of the Management.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date are disclosed as "Capital Advances" under Other Non Current Assets and cost of Property, Plant and Equipment not ready to use before such date are disclosed under "Capital Work- in- Progress".

Depreciation:

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset less its estimated residual value.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment has been provided on the straight-line method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in respect of Continuous Process Plant, in whose case the life of the assets has been assessed as 18 years based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support, etc.

Depreciation is also accelerated on Property,Plant & Equipment, based on their condition, usability etc. as per the technical estimates of the Management, where necessary.

Intangible Assets:

Intangible fixed assets acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses(If any). Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life of intangible assets and the amortisation period are reviewed at the end of each financial year and the amortisation period is revised to reflect the changed pattern.

Research and Development:

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditures on an individual project are recognised as an intangible asset when The Group can demonstrate:

- The technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that the asset will be available for use or sale
- Its intention to complete and its ability and intention to use or sell the asset
- How the asset will generate future economic benefits
- The availability of resources to complete the asset
- The ability to measure reliably the expenditure during development

Following initial recognition of the development expenditure as an asset, the asset is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation of the asset begins when development is complete and the asset is available for use. It is amortised over the period of expected future benefit. Amortisation expense is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. During the period of development, the asset is tested for impairment annually.

Derecognition of Property, Plant and Equipment:

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

1.11 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs include interest, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Costs in connection with the borrowing of funds to the extent not directly related to the acquisition of qualifying assets are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss over the tenure of the loan. Borrowing costs, allocated to and utilised for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset upto the date of capitalisation of such asset are added to the cost of the assets. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted.

1.12 Government Grants, Subsidies and Export Incentives

Government grants and subsidies are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and the grants / subsidies will be received. Government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire capital assets are presented by deducting them from the carrying value of the assets. The grant is recognised as income over the life of a depreciable asset by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

Export benefits, if any, are accounted for in the year of exports based on eligibility and when there is no uncertainty in receiving the same.

Government grants in the nature of promoters' contribution like investment subsidy, where no repayment is ordinarily expected in respect thereof, are accounted in Reserves and Surplus in Other Equity. Government grants in the form

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

of non-monetary assets, given at a concessional rate, are recorded on the basis of their acquisition cost. In case the non-monetary asset is given free of cost, the grant is recorded at a nominal value.

Other government grants and subsidies are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the costs for which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis.

1.13 Foreign Currency Transactions

Initial Recognition:

On initial recognition, all foreign currency transactions are recorded by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Subsequent Recognition:

As at the reporting date, non monetary assets and liabilities which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate prevalent at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are reported using the exchange rate prevalent at the date of the balance sheet.

Treatment of Exchange Differences:

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement/restatement of monetary assets and liabilities of The Group are recognised as income or expense in the statement of profit and loss.

1.14 Employee Benefits

Retirement benefit costs and termination benefits:

i) Defined Benefit Plans:

Employee defined benefit plans include gratuity.

For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in the Statement of profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:

- Service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- Net interest expense or income; and
- Remeasurement comprising actuarial gains or losses and return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability)

The Group presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in The Group's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the entity recognises any related restructuring costs.

The Group makes contribution to a scheme administered by the insurer to discharge gratuity liabilities to the employees.

Short-term employee benefits:

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

ii) Defined Contribution Plans

Employee defined contribution plans include Provident Fund, Employee state insurance and Super Annuation Fund.

Provident Fund and Employee State Insurance :

All employees of the Group receive benefits from Provident Fund and Employee's State Insurance (where applicable), which are defined contribution plans. Both, the employee and The Group make monthly contributions to the plan, each equalling to a specified percentage of employee's basic salary. The Group has no further obligations under the plan beyond its monthly contributions. The Group contributes to the Employee Provident Fund and Employee's State Insurance (where applicable) scheme maintained by the Central Government of India and the contribution thereof is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which the services are rendered by the employees.

Super Annuation Fund :

The Group makes contribution to a scheme administered by the insurer to discharge its liabilities towards super annuation to the eligible employees. The Group has no other liability other than its annual contribution.

1.15 Employee Share Based Payments

Employees of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions).

Equity-settled transactions:

The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model.

That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and The Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The statement of profit and loss expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognised in employee benefits expense Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of The Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vested irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognised is the expense had the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an award is cancelled by the entity or by the counterparty, any remaining element of the fair value of the award is expensed immediately through profit or loss.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

1.16 Taxation

Income taxes comprise Current and deferred tax. Income tax expense/credit is recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the income taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current Tax and Prior Period Tax:

Current income tax liability/ (asset) for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for the period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the current tax amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and applicable

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

for the period. The Group offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously.

Deferred Tax:

Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized on deductible and taxable temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Ind AS financial statements and the corresponding tax bases of such assets and liabilities. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which The Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT):

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid as current tax expense in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as tax credit and recognised as deferred tax asset when there is reasonable certainty that the Parent Company will pay normal income tax in the future years and future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Parent Company. The carrying amount is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

1.17 Segment Reporting

Operating segments reflect the Group's management structure and the way the financial information is regularly reviewed by The Group's Chief operating decision maker (CODM). The CEO of the Group has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) as defined by Ind AS 108, Operating Segments. The CODM considers the business from both business and product perspective based on the dominant source, nature of risks and returns and the internal organisation and management structure. The operating segments are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit / (loss) amounts are evaluated regularly by the CODM in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with the accounting policies of the Group. Segment revenue, segment expenses, segment assets and segment liabilities have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment.

Inter-segment revenue, where applicable, is accounted on the basis of transactions which are primarily determined based on market / fair value factors.

Revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities which relate to the Group as a whole and are not allocable to segments on reasonable basis have been included under "unallocated revenue / expenses / assets / liabilities".

1.18 Leases

The Group assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether: (1) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (2) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (3) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Group recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. Right of use assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of the leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if The Group changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

1.19 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits and bonus shares, as appropriate.

1.20 Provisions and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date and measured using the present value of cash flows estimated to settle the present obligations (when the effect of time value of money is material). These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liability is disclosed for (i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group or (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made. The Group does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the Financial Statements. Contingent assets are only disclosed when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the entity.

1.21 Provision for warranty

The estimated liability for product warranties is recorded when products are sold. These estimates are established using historical information on the nature, frequency and average cost of warranty claims and management estimates regarding possible future incidence based on corrective actions on product failures. The timing of outflows will vary as and when warranty claim will arise - being typically upto three years.

1.22 Insurance Claims

Insurance claims are accounted for on the basis of claims admitted / expected to be admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

1.23 Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except in respect of Trade receivables that do not have a significant financial component which are measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss.

1.24 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification of financial assets:

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

By default, all other financial assets are measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

Despite the foregoing, The Group may make the following irrevocable election / designation at initial recognition of a financial asset:

- The Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if certain criteria are met (see (iii) below); and
- The Group may irrevocably designate a debt investment that meets the amortised cost or FVTOCI criteria as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch (see (iv) below). All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value.
- (i) <u>Amortised cost and effective interest method:</u>

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial assets other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets (i.e. assets that are credit-impaired on initial recognition), the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition. For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, a credit-adjusted effective interest rate is calculated by discounting the estimated future cash flows, including expected credit losses, to the amortised cost of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost and at FVTOCI. For financial assets other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If, in subsequent reporting periods, the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, The Group recognises interest income by applying the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from initial recognition. The calculation does not revert to the gross basis even if the credit risk of the financial asset subsequently improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired.

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the 'Other income' line item.

(ii) Debt instruments classified as at FVTOCI:

The debt instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs.

Subsequently, changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments as a result of foreign exchange gains and losses (see below), impairment gains or losses (see below), and interest income calculated using the effective interest method (see (i) above) are recognised in profit or loss. The amounts that are recognised in profit or loss are the same as the amounts that would have been recognised in profit or loss if these debt instruments had been measured at amortised cost. All other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity. When these debt instruments are derecognised, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

(iii) Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI:

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading:

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs.

Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, instead, it is transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss in accordance with Ind AS 109, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the 'Other income' line item in profit or loss.

The Group designates all investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading as at FVTOCI on initial recognition.

- A financial asset is held for trading if:
- It has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- On initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that The Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking;
- (iv) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI (see (i) to (iii) above) are measured at FVTPL. Specifically:

• Investments in equity instruments are classified as at FVTPL, unless The Group designates an equity investment that is neither held for trading (see (iii) above).

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

• Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria (see (i) and (ii) above) are classified as at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet either the amortised cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (so called 'accounting mismatch') that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases. The Group has not designated any debt instruments as at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'other income' line item.

Foreign exchange gains and losses:

The carrying amount of financial assets that are denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of each reporting period. Specifically:

- for financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the 'other income' line item ;
- for debt instruments measured at FVTOCI that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences
 on the amortised cost of the debt instrument are recognised in profit or loss in the 'other income' line item. As the
 foreign currency element recognised in profit or loss is the same as if it was measured at amortised cost, the residual
 foreign currency element based on the translation of the carrying amount (at fair value) is recognised in other comprehensive income in a separate component of equity;
- for financial assets measured at FVTPL that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the 'other income' line item as part of the fair value gain or loss; and
- for equity instruments measured at FVTOCI, exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income in a separate component of equity.

Impairment of financial assets:

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI, lease receivables, trade receivables and contract assets, financial guarantee contracts, and certain other financial assets measured at amortised cost such as deferred consideration receivable on disposal of subsidiaries. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate (or credit-adjusted effective interest rate for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets). The Group estimates cash flows by considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) through the expected life of that financial instrument.

The Group measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. 12-month expected credit losses are portion of the life-time expected credit losses and represent the lifetime cash shortfalls that will result if default occurs within the 12 months after the reporting date and thus, are not cash shortfalls that are predicted over the next 12 months.

For trade receivables, the Group always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables, the Group has used a practical expedient method as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

De-recognition of financial assets:

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralized borrowing for the proceeds received.

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in a separate component of equity is reclassified to profit or loss. In contrast, on derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in a separate component of equity is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to retained earnings.

1.25 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity:

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments:

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Repurchase of the Group's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

All financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

However, financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies, and financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group, are measured in accordance with the specific accounting policies set out below.

Financial Liabilities at FVTPL:

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is (i) held for trading or (ii) it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking;

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis;

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'other income' line item in profit or loss.

However, for financial liabilities that are designated as at FVTPL, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognised in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. The remaining amount of change in the fair value of liability is recognised in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk that are recognised in other comprehensive income are recognised in retained earnings. Gains or losses on financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group that are designated by The Group as at FVTPL are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost:

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading or designated as at FVTPL, are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

Foreign exchange gains and losses:

For financial liabilities that are denominated in a foreign currency and are measured at amortised cost at the end of each reporting period, the foreign exchange gains and losses are determined based on the amortised cost of the instruments. These foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the 'other income' line item in profit or loss for financial liabilities.

The fair value of financial liabilities denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period. For financial liabilities that are measured as at FVTPL, the foreign exchange component forms part of the fair value gains or losses and is recognised in profit or loss for financial liabilities.

Derecognition of financial liabilities:

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

When the Group exchanges with the existing lender one debt instrument into another one with the substantially different terms, such exchange is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, the Group accounts for substantial modification of terms of an existing liability or part of it as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new liability. It is assumed that the terms are substantially different if the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid net of any fees received and discounted using the original effective rate is at least 10 per cent different from the discounted present value of the original financial liability. If the modification is not substantial, the difference between: (1) the carrying amount of the liability before the modification; and (2) the present value of the cash flows after modification is recognised in profit or loss as the modification gain or loss within 'other income'.

1.26 Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets or cash generating units to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, or whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

1.27 Dividend

Final dividends on shares are recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders and interim dividends are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Board of Directors of the companies in the Group. The Group declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees and are subject to applicable taxes.

1.28 Asset held for sale

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether The Group will retain a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

1.29 Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about the assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying value of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in Financial Statements is included in the following notes:

- (i) Useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment.
- (ii) Carrying values of Property, Plant and Equipment
- (iii) Employee Benefits
- (iv) Employee Share Based Payments
- (v) Taxation
- (vi) Asset held for sale

Determination of functional currency:

Currency of the primary economic environment in which The Group operates ("the functional currency") is Indian Rupee (INR) in which the Group primarily generates and expends cash. Accordingly, the Management has assessed its functional currency to be Indian Rupee (INR).



(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

2. Property Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets

I - Current year ended 31 March 2023

					Accum	ulated Deprec	Accumulated Depreciation / Amortisation/	isation/	
		Gross	ross Block			Impai	Impairment		Net Block
			Deletions/						
		Additions	Adjustment	As at			Deletions	As at	As at
	As at 01	during the	during the	31 March	As at 01	For the	during the	31 March	31 March
Particulars	April 2022	year	year	2023	April 2022	year	year	2023	2023
A. Property Plant and Equipment									
Land - Freehold	2,162.07	36.47	ı	2,198.54	ı		ı	·	2,198.54
Buildings	2,183.34	153.65	ı	2,336.99	507.92	88.03	ı	595.95	1,741.04
Plant and Equipment	22,041.77	1,713.67	722.44	23,033.00	7,320.65	2,097.49	722.41	8,695.73	14,337.27
Furniture and Fixtures	63.97	15.31	0.07	79.21	30.46	5.97	0.07	36.36	42.85
Vehicles	102.24	0.07	ı	102.31	35.79	13.04	ı	48.83	53.48
Office Equipments	201.55	49.31	52.03	198.83	128.44	29.16	52.03	105.57	93.26
TOTAL (A)	26,754.94	1,968.48	774.54	27,948.88	8,023.26	2,233.69	774.51	9,482.44	18,466.44
B. Other Intangible Assets									
Computer Software	173.16	1.82	ı	174.98	163.82	6.91	ı	170.73	4.25
TOTAL (B)	173.16	1.82	ı	174.98	163.82	6.91		170.73	4.25
TOTAL $(A + B)$	26.928.10	1.970.30	774.54	28.123.86	8.187.08	2.240.60	774.51	9.653.17	18.470.69



(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

2. Property Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets

II - Previous year ended 31 March 2022

		Gross	Gross Block		Accum	Accumulated Depreciation / Amortisation/ Impairment	epreciation / Amort Impairment	isation/	Net Block
		Additions	Deletions/ Adiustment				Deletions		
Particulars	As at 01 April 2021	during the vear	during the vear	As at 31 March 2022	As at 01 April 2021	For the vear	during the vear	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2022
A. Property Plant and Equipment	-	•	,			•	,		
Land - Freehold	2,162.07	I	I	2,162.07	I	I	ı	I	2,162.07
Buildings	2,151.32	32.02	1	2,183.34	414.79	93.13	ı	507.92	1,675.42
Plant and Equipment	22,043.24	1,160.48	1,161.95	22,041.77	6,400.89	2,045.28	1,125.52	7,320.65	14,721.12
Furniture and Fixtures	61.99	1.98	1	63.97	24.98	5.48	ı	30.46	33.51
Vehicles	111.97	0.67	10.40	102.24	25.12	13.42	2.75	35.79	66.45
Office Equipments	187.89	14.27	0.61	201.55	105.20	23.85	0.61	128.44	73.11
TOTAL (A)	26,718.48	1,209.42	1,172.96	26,754.94	6,970.98	2,181.16	1,128.88	8,023.26	18,731.68
B. Other Intangible Assets									
Computer Software	171.78	1.38	1	173.16	156.47	7.35	ı	163.82	9.34
TOTAL (B)	171.78	1.38	1	173.16	156.47	7.35	•	163.82	9.34
TOTAL $(A + B)$	26.890.26	1.210.80	1.172.96	26.928.10	7.127.45	2.188.51	1.128.88	8.187.08	18.741.02

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

3 Leases

Right of Use Assets :

Particulars	Land Amount Rs. In lakhs	Equipment Amount Rs. In lakhs
		Amount KS. In Jakus
Cost		
As at 01 April 2021	473.39	35.16
Additions	121.00	113.36
As at 31 March 2022	594.39	148.52
Add: Additions	57.05	42.40
Less: Deletion	(33.71)	(35.16)
As at 31 March 2023	617.73	155.76
Accumulated Amortisation		
As at 01 April 2021	29.80	20.58
Charge for the Year	23.25	10.37
As at 31 March 2022	53.05	30.95
Charge for the Year	34.50	18.02
Less: Deletion	(33.71)	(35.16)
As at 31 March 2023	53.84	13.81
Carrying Amount		
As at 31 March 2022	541.34	117.57
As at 31 March 2023	563.89	141.95

The Group has considered the OCC interest rate at the time of adoption of lease for the purpose of determination of discount rate for leases. The Group has leases for Land and certain equipment. The leases have remaining lease terms of 1 year upto 25 years with option to terminate or extend the lease.

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
Amounts recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss were as follows:		
Amortisation Expense on right-of-use assets	52.52	33.62
Interest Expense on lease Liabilities	17.18	6.13
Expense relating to short-term lease	4.62	3.30
Expense relating to variable lease payments not included in the measurement of the lease liability	-	-
Supplemental cash flow information related to leases was as follows:		
Total cash outflow for leases	(43.97)	(30.31)
Additions to right of use assets	99.45	234.36
Maturities of Lease Liabilities were as follows		
Undiscounted Lease Payments to be made	344.12	291.21
Not later than 1 year	60.90	41.54
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	129.33	80.28
Later than 5 years	153.89	169.39

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

		Pa	rticulars				As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 202 Amount Rs. In lakhs
1	Capital Work-In-Pro	ogress						
		Total					3146.79	818.69
)	CWIP Ageing Schedule							
		As at	31 March 2	2023 (Amou	nt Rs. In Lak	hs)		
[CWIP Ageing	Less than			More than]	
	schedule	1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3 years	Total		
	Projects in Progress	2,782.26	352.19	6.17	6.17	3,146.79		
	Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-		
		As at	31 March 2	2022 (Amou	nt Rs. In Lak	hs)		
	CWIP Ageing	Less than			More than			
	schedule	1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3 years	Total	-	
				0.00	10.01	010 (0		
	Projects in Progress	773.91	25.34	9.23	10.21	818.69	_	
)		- on is overdue	- or exceed its	- s cost	-	-		
)	Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended	- on is overdue	- or exceed its	- s cost	nt Rs. In Lak More than 3 years	-		
)	Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended CWIP whose completion	- on is overdue As at Less than	- or exceed its 31 March 2	- s cost 2 023 (Amou	- nt Rs. In Lak More than	- hs)		
	Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended CWIP whose completion CWIP Completion Schedule	- on is overdue As at Less than	- or exceed its 31 March 2	- s cost 2 023 (Amou	- nt Rs. In Lak More than	- hs)		
	Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended CWIP whose completion CWIP Completion Schedule Projects in Progress Projects temporarily	- on is overdue As at Less than 1 year	- or exceed its 31 March 2	- s cost 2 023 (Amou	- nt Rs. In Lak More than	- hs)		
	Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended CWIP whose completion Schedule Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended Total	- As at Less than 1 year - -	- or exceed its 31 March 2 1-2 years 31 March 2	- s cost 2023 (Amou 2-3 years	- nt Rs. In Lak More than 3 years - - nt Rs. In Lak	- hs) Total -		
	Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended CWIP whose completion Schedule Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended Total CWIP Completion Schedule	- As at Less than 1 year - -	- or exceed its 31 March 2 1-2 years - -	- s cost 2023 (Amou 2-3 years	- nt Rs. In Lak More than 3 years - -	- hs) Total -		
	Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended CWIP whose completion Schedule Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended Total CWIP Completion Schedule Projects in Progress	- On is overdue As at Less than 1 year As at Less than	- or exceed its 31 March 2 1-2 years - - 31 March 2 1-2 years	- cost cost cost cost cost cost cost cost	- nt Rs. In Lak More than 3 years - - nt Rs. In Lak More than	- Total - - hs) Total		
	Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended CWIP whose completion Schedule Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended Total CWIP Completion Schedule Projects in Progress Salt Division 2 field development work	- On is overdue As at Less than 1 year As at Less than	- or exceed its 31 March 2 1-2 years 31 March 2	- cost cost cost cost cost cost cost cost	- nt Rs. In Lak More than 3 years - - nt Rs. In Lak More than	- hs) Total - - hs)		
	Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended CWIP whose completion Schedule Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended Total CWIP Completion Schedule Projects in Progress Projects temporarily suspended Total CWIP Completion Schedule Projects in Progress Salt Division 2 field	- on is overdue As at Less than 1 year As at Less than 1 year	- or exceed its 31 March 2 1-2 years - - 31 March 2 1-2 years	- s cost 2-3 years - - - 2-2 (Amou 2-3 years	- nt Rs. In Lak More than 3 years - - nt Rs. In Lak More than 3 years	- Total - - hs) Total		

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
5	Investments - Non Current		
	Investment carried at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income		
	Quoted Investments (fully paid)		
	Investment in Equity Instruments of Other entities		
	281 (P.Y. 281) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each of Summit Securities Limited	1.52	1.67
	500 (P.Y. 500) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each of De Nora India Limited	4.26	2.00
	300 (P.Y. 300) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each of TGV SRAAC Limited (formerly known as Sree Rayalaseema Alkalis & Allied Chemicals Limited)	0.29	0.24
	450 (P.Y. 450) Equity Shares of Rs.5/- each of Kanoria Chemicals Limited	0.48	0.62
	Total	6.55	4.53
	Aggregate Book value of Quoted Investment	6.55	4.53
	Aggregate Market value of Quoted Investment	6.55	4.53
	Financial Assets carried at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)	6.55	4.53
6	Other Financial Assets - Non Current		
	Deposits with others	104.58	99.13
	Receivable from Government	-	-
	Balances held as margin money (Refer Note 6.1 below)	45.52	44.85
	Total (Gross)	150.10	143.98
	Less: Provision for Expected Credit Loss		-
	Total (Net)	150.10	143.98
	Note :		
6.1	Represents balances with banks that are restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for more than 12 months from the Balance Sheet date.		
7	Tax Assets (Net) - Non-Current		
	Income Tax paid / TDS Receivable (Net of provision for tax of Rs. 2,986.50 Lakhs (PY Rs. 2,986.50 Lakhs))	15.27	64.82
	Total	15.27	64.82
9	Other Non-Current Assets		
	Capital Advances (Refer Note below)	2,879.63	1,342.07
	Balance with Government Authorities	267.33	20.73
	Prepaid Rent	1.52	0.35
	Advances to Vendors	-	221.35

Note: The Subsidiary has paid an amount of Rs.1,391.16 lakhs (PY Rs. 723.40 lakhs) (100% advance) to Pondicherry Industrial Promotion Development and Investment Corporation Limited (PIPDIC) towards allotment of leasehold land, for setting up of unit for the manufacture of basic inorganic chemicals and is in the process of registering the leasehold land

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 3 31 March 202 Amount Rs. In lakhs
10	Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)		
	(a) Raw Materials (including Goods in Transit amounting to Rs. 5.08 Lakhs (PY - Rs. Nil))	433.73	358.09
	(b) Work in Progress	87.31	120.71
	(c) Finished Goods (other than those acquired for trading)	815.63	422.47
	(d) Fuel	17.81	21.49
	(e) Stores and Spares (including Goods in Transit amounting to Rs. 9.75 Lakhs (PY - Rs. Nil))	193.19	168.41
	(f) Traded Goods (including Goods in Transit amounting to Rs. 14.71 Lakhs (PY - Rs. Nil))	146.32	92.75
	Total	1,693.99	1,183.92
	Notes:		
1.	The cost of inventories recognised as an expenses during the year	7,557.75	8,479.53
2.	The cost of inventories recognised as an expense in respect of write downs of inventory to net realisable value.	37.60	36.87
3.	The method of valuation of inventories has been stated in Note 1.7		
11	Other Investments - Current		
	Investments carried at Fair Value through Profit & Loss		
	Investments in Mutual Funds (quoted)		
	SBI Liquid Fund Direct Growth - 764.111 units of Rs. 3,523.3030 each (PY - 240.470 units of Rs. 3,333.0896 each)	26.92	8.02
	LIC Liquid Fund - 162801.516 units of Rs. 4087.6439 each (P.Y. 75496.909 units of Rs. 3866.8023 each)	6,654.75	2,919.32
	LIC BPSU Fund - 451438.425 units of Rs.31.3638 each (P.Y. 451438.425 units of Rs. 30.0342 each)	141.59	135.59
	Total	6,823.26	3,062.93
12	Trade Receivables		
	(a) Considered good, Secured (Refer Note 12.01)	594.87	523.75
	(b) Considered good, Unsecured	1,578.34	1,620.24
	(c) Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	227.05	194.56
	-	2,400.26	2,338.55
	Less: Provision for Expected Credit Loss (Refer Note 12.05)	(227.05)	(194.56)

12.01 Secured Trade Receivables are secured by way of irrevocable Letter of Credits and Bank Guarantees

12.02 Trade Receivables includes receivables outstanding from customers constituing individually 5% or more of the total trade receivables as at 31 March 2023 of Rs. 1659.87 lakhs (PY : Rs. 861.06 lakhs)

12.03 The Parent Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected loss allowance for trade receivables based on provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account the historical credit loss experience and adjustments for forward looking information. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of upto 90 days.

12.04 Trade Receivables ageing schedule - Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	As at 31 March 2023 (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)							
	Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Not Due	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	710.22	4.39	-	-	-	1,458.60	2,173.21
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	149.64	25.82	20.72	8.63	7.34	14.90	227.05
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v)	Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi)	Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
l		859.86	30.21	20.72	8.63	7.34	1,473.50	2,400.26

As at 31 March 2022 (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

	Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Not Due	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - consid- ered good	557.24	4.11	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	1,503.45	2,064.80
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	122.81	35.39	15.44	0.93	6.41	13.58	194.56
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables - consid- ered good	79.19	-	-	-	-	-	79.19
(v)	Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi)	Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		759.24	39.50	15.44	0.93	6.41	1,517.03	2,338.55

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

12.05	Movement in Expected credit loss	Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakh
	Balance at the beginning of the year	194.56	80.02
	Movement in expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables	32.49	114.54
	Balance at the end of the year	227.05	194.56
13A	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
	Balance with Banks - Current Accounts	57.00	220.17
	Cash on hand	1.37	0.56
	Others - Fixed Deposits maturing within 3 months	40.02	-
	Total	98.39	220.73
13B	Bank balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents		
	In Earmarked accounts		
	- Margin Money Accounts for bank guarantees and letters of credit (Refer Note below)	253.83	521.72
	- Unpaid Dividend Accounts (Refer Note 24 (i))	14.77	15.40
	Total	268.60	537.12
	Note: Out of the above Margin money, Rs. 250.92 Lakhs is restricted fro	om being exchanged or us	sed to settle a liability
14	Other Financial Assets - Current		
	Deposits	23.76	22.90
	Advance to employees	1.73	0.64
	Interest accrued on Deposits	5.09	12.54
	Receivables against sale of raw materials	46.54	57.41
	Total	77.12	93.49
15	Other Current Assets		
	Advances to Vendors	404.15	338.27
	Advances to Related Parties (Refer Note 37)	-	3.93
	Balance with Government Authorities	191.23	443.32
	Durance with Government Authornies	106.01	205.62
	Prepaid expenses	196.21	
		0.74	4.62

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

8 Current Taxes and Deferred Taxes

	Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
4.1			
(i)	Current Tax:		740.00
ļ	- in respect of current year	1,607.89	749.09
	Total (A)	1,607.89	749.09
(ii)	Deferred Tax:		2011/10
ļ	- in respect of current year	877.64	286.42
ļ	Total (B)	877.64	286.42
	Total income tax expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)	2,485.53	1,035.51
A.2	Income tax recognised in other Comprehensive income		
	Deferred tax related to items recognised in other comprehensive income during the year:		
ļ	- Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations & Others	27.23	(18.25)
ļ	Total	27.23	(18.25)
	Classification of income tax recognised in other comprehensive income		
	- Income taxes related to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	27.23	(18.25)
	Total	27.23	(18.25)
A.3	profit multiplied by Company's domestic tax rate:		
ļ	Profit before tax	8,943.86	3,910.19
ļ	Income Tax using the Company's domestic Tax rate	2,604.45	1,138.65
ļ	Tax Effect of :		
	- Effect of expenses that are non-deductible in determining taxable profit	15.07	23.46
ļ	- Deductible allowances	-	-
ļ	- Gain on sale of Investment Property	-	-
ļ	- Changes in recognised temporary differences	(148.28)	(109.10)
	- Changes on account of change in tax laws (Refer note D Below)	-	-
ļ	- Others	14.29	(17.49)
	Income Tax expense recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss	2,485.53	1,035.52

The tax rate used for the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 reconciliations above is the corporate tax rate of 29.12% payable by corporate entities in India on taxable profits under Indian Income Tax Laws. The above amount excludes tax expense / (reversal) relating to prior years.



Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

B1 Movement in Deferred Tax Balances

(Amount Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	Recognised in profit and loss account	Recognised in OCI	As at March 31, 2023
Tax effect of items constituting (deferred tax liabilities)/deferred tax assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets (Refer note D below)	(2687.47)	(27.66)	-	(2,659.81)
Financial assets at amortised cost	205.42	(7.16)	-	212.58
Employee Benefits	91.10	35.52	-	55.58
Provisions for Expenses, impairment and Doubtful trade receivables	877.96	(18.31)	-	896.27
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	(1.35)	(2.14)	27.23	28.02
Carryforward of Tax Loss	1772.74	1,772.74	-	-
Others	(15.19)	(14.99)	-	(0.20)
	243.21	1,738.00	27.23	(1,467.56)
MAT	3,730.49	860.36	-	4,590.85
Net Tax Asset /(Liabilities)	3,973.70	877.64	27.23	3,123.29

B2 Movement in Deferred Tax Balances

(Amount Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	Recognised in profit and loss account	Recognised in OCI	As at March 31, 2022
Tax effect of items constituting (deferred tax liabilities)/deferred tax assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets	(2596.99)	90.48	-	(2,687.47)
Financial assets at amortised cost	205.81	0.39	-	205.42
Employee Benefits	64.26	(26.84)	-	91.10
Provisions for Expenses, impairment and Doubtful trade receivables	800.79	(77.17)	-	877.96
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	46.56	29.66	(18.25)	(1.35)
Carryforward of Tax Loss	2,774.67	1,001.93	-	1,772.74
Others	1.87	17.06	-	(15.19)
	1,296.97	1,035.51	(18.25)	243.21
MAT	2,981.40	749.09	-	3,730.49
Net Tax Asset /(Liabilities)	4,278.37	286.42	(18.25)	3,973.70

C The Parent Company has carried out necessary adjustments to the deferred tax balances as at 31 March 2023 based on applicable tax laws.

D Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions. The provision for taxation for the current year has been determined by the Management based on the tax positon to be considered for tax filing and its assessment of the probability of acceptance of the same by the taxation authorities.



Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

16 Asset Held for Sale

(Also refer accounting policy in note 1.29 and 1.30)

		Rs. In Lakhs
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Property Plant and Equipment	515.70	966.50
Stores and Spares	-	23.78
Assets held for sale	515.70	990.28

During the year the Parent Company completed the disposal of plant and machinery and stores and spares. The Parent Company is active on the sale of the remaining assets (land, building and other assets). The Parent Company has assessed and concluded that no further adjustments are required to the carrying value of assets held for sale.

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars	As at 31 M	As at 31 March 2023		Iarch 2022
		Number of shares	Amount Rs. In lakhs	Number of shares	Amount Rs. In lakhs
17	Share Capital				
(a)	Authorised Share Capital				
	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each (with voting rights)	2,85,00,000	2,850.00	2,85,00,000	2,850.00
	11% Redeemable Cumulative Preference shares of Rs. 100 each	2,64,000	264.00	2,64,000	264.00
	12% Redeemable Cumulative Preference shares of Rs. 100 each	8,00,000	800.00	8,00,000	800.00
			3,914.00		3,914.00
(b)	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up [refer (a) to (e) below]				
	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each (with voting rights) fully paid up	1,41,82,002	1,418.20	1,41,33,802	1,413.38
	Total		1,418.20		1,413.38

(a) Reconciliation of the number of equity shares issued and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:

	Equity Share Capital			
	As at 31 M	larch 2023	As at 31 N	Iarch 2022
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount Rs. In lakhs	Number of shares	Amount Rs. In lakhs
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up equity shares				
Shares and Share Capital outstanding at the begin- ning of the year	1,41,33,802	1,413.38	1,40,60,502	1,406.05
Add: Shares and Share Capital issued during the year (Refer Note 43)	48,200	4.82	73,300	7.33
Shares and Share Capital outstanding at the end of the year	1,41,82,002	1,418.20	1,41,33,802	1,413.38

(b) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to the equity shareholders

The Parent Company has one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per equity share held. The Parent Company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by Board of directors is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Parent Company, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Parent Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(c) The details of equity shareholders holding more than 5 % of the aggregate equity Shares:

		Equity Share Capital				
	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 202			
Particulars	Number of shares	% held	Number of shares	% held		
Dr. Rao Holdings Pte Ltd	67,61,068	47.67%	67,61,068	47.84%		
Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	10,72,182	7.56%	10,72,182	7.59%		
Shrimati K.M. Padma	11,10,712	7.83%	11,10,712	7.86%		
Shri Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	14,24,423	10.04%	14,24,423	10.08%		

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Equity Share Capital			
Particulars	Year	Number of shares	Amount	%
Shares allotted pursuant to the scheme of amalgama- tions during last 5 years	31 March 2023			
	31 March 2022			
	31 March 2021	NA	NA	NA
	31 March 2020			
	31 March 2019			

(e) Refer Note 43 for details regarding employee stock option scheme.

(f) Shares held by Promoter at the end of the year

	No. of shares		% of to	% Change during the	
Promoter Name	Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year	Year
Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	14,24,423	14,24,423	10.04%	10.08%	-0.04%
Padma KM	11,10,712	11,10,712	7.83%	7.86%	-0.03%
Ramachandran N	192	192	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	10,72,182	10,72,182	7.56%	7.59%	-0.03%
Dr. Rao Holdings Pte Ltd	67,61,068	67,61,068	47.67%	47.84%	-0.17%

(g) Pursuant to section 126(2) of the Companies Act 2013, the Parent Company had transferred (Nil) (PY 76,100) Equity Shares to Investor Education and Protection Fund during the year ended 31 March 2023.

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
19	Other Equity		
(a)	Share Application Money Pending Allotment (Refer Note 1 below)		
	Opening Balance	0.20	4.72
	Share Application Money Received	57.23	63.10
	Less: Shares Allotted during the year	(47.16)	(67.62)
	Closing balance	10.27	0.20
(b)	Capital Reserve (Refer Note 2 below)	15.67	15.67
(c)	Capital Redemption Reserve (Refer Note 3 below)		
	Opening Balance	960.00	960.00
	Add: On account of Redemption of Preference Shares	-	-
	Closing balance	960.00	960.00
(d)	Securities Premium Reserve (Refer Note 4 below)		
	Opening Balance	34,848.67	34,745.53
	Add: Securities Premium on issue of Equity Shares	74.25	103.14
	Closing balance	34,922.92	34,848.67
(e)	Share Based Payment Reserve (Refer Note 5 below)		
()	Opening Balance	94.01	52.67
	Add: Employee compensation expense for the year	60.68	84.19
	Less: Transfer to Securities Premium for the shares allotted dur- ing the year	(31.91)	(42.85)
	Closing balance	122.78	94.01
(f)	Retained Earnings (Refer Note 6 below)		
. /	Opening Balance	(7,535.95)	(10,455.05)
	Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	6,458.33	2,874.68
	Add: Other Comprehensive income for the year (Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans, net of taxes)	(66.29)	44.42
		(1,143.91)	(7,535.95)
	Less: Appropriations		
	- Dividend on Equity Shares	(176.71)	_
	Closing Balance	(1,320.62)	(7,535.95)
(g)	Other Comprehensive Income (Refer Note 7 below)		
	Opening Balance	4.20	2.93
	Add/(Less): Current Year	2.02	1.27
	Closing Balance	6.22	4.20
	Total	34,717.24	28,386.80

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Notes

- This represents Share Application Money received from employees under the ESOP scheme titled "CAESOS 2015" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2015] and "CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]. Also Refer Note 43.
- 2. Capital reserve represents reserve recognised on amalgamation being the difference between consideration amount and net assets of the transferor company and profit on reissue of shares.
- 3. Capital redemption reserve has been created pursuant to Section 55 of the Companies Act, 2013 on account of redemption of preference shares out of the profits of the Parent Company.
- 4. Securities premium reserve represents amount of premium recognised on issue of shares to shareholders at a price more than its face value. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013
- 5. Shares based payment reserve relates to the share options granted by the Parent company to its employees under its share option plan. Refer Note 43 for further details.
- 6. Retained earnings refer to net earnings not paid out as dividends, but retained by the Parent company to be reinvested in its core business. This amount is available for distribution of dividends to its equity shareholders.
- 7. Other comprehensive income represents the cumulative gain and losses arising on the revaluation of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of taxes.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars		As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
19	Other Financial Liabilities - Non Current			
	Trade/security deposits received		70.51	60.21
		Total	70.51	60.21
20	Provisions - Non Current			
	Provision for Gratuity (Refer Note 39) Provision for compensated absences		117.52	19.97
	PTOVISION for compensated absences	Total	117.52	19.97
21	Other Non - Current Liabilities			
	Advance from Customers		105.00	115.00
		Total	105.00	115.00
22	Borrowings - Current			
	From Banks			
l	- Cash Credit - Secured (Note (i) and (ii) below)	I.	0.63	-
l	- Current maturities of long-term debt			685.10
	- Buyer's Credit (Refer Note (iii) below)		- 1	ļ
1		Total	0.63	685.10

Note:

Details in respect of Current Borrowings are as under :-

- (i) Cash Credit facilities are secured by way of first charge over the entire current assets of the Parent Company. The cash credits are repayable on demand.
- (ii) The Cash Credit facilities are sanctioned by HDFC Bank upto Rs. 1,000 Lakhs (PY 1,000 Lakhs) and by Axis Bank upto Rs. 1,000 Lakhs (PY Rs. 1,500 Lakhs).
- (iii) The Parent Company has prepaid entire Buyers Credit loan and there is no loan payable as on 31 March 2023
- (iv) quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Parent Company with banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts

23 Trade Payables - Current (Refer Note 37)

es and small enterprises		enterprises Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterpris- 2.745.36 1.986.74
Total 2,768.93 2,020.46	as and small antomnisas	Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterpris-2,745.361,986.74

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs							
The age of the Trade Payables is as under:Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment							
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Not Due	Total	
(i) MSME	19.78	-	-	-	3.74	23.52	
(ii) Others	497.22	41.38	1.59	1.80	369.90	911.89	
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	0.05	-	-	-	0.05	
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	517.00	41.43	1.59	1.80	373.64	935.46	

The above is excluding unbilled dues of Rs. 1833.47 Lakhs

As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakhs						
The age of the Trade Payables is as under:	Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment					
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Not Due	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	21.06	21.06
(ii) Others	127.05	3.45	4.35	8.78	342.91	486.54
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	12.31	0.07	0.26	0.02	-	12.66
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
	139.36	3.52	4.61	8.80	363.97	520.26

The above is excluding unbilled dues of Rs. 1500.20 Lakhs

24 Other Financial Liabilities - Current

	As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
Creditors for Capital Goods	579.11	607.37
Unpaid Dividends (Refer Note (i) and (ii) below)	14.77	15.40
Interest accrued but not due	-	10.43
Total	593.88	633.20
Note:		
(i) Amounts remitted to Investor Education and Protection Fund during the year	1.67	1.63
(ii) The Company had transferred the underlying shares, relevant to the amounts transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund during the previous year.	-	-

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

25 Provisions - Current		As at 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In lakhs
Provision for compensated abse	ences	161.22	244.12
Provision for Warranty (Refer N	Jote 1.21 and Note below)	35.24	28.62
Provision for Gratuity (Refer No	,	72.21	38.09
	Total	268.67	310.83
Note:			<u> </u>
The Parent Company carries a p of which are as under :	provision for warranty, the details		
Opening Balance		28.62	23.88
Provision made during the year		6.62	4.74
Amounts Utilised / Paid during	the year		
Closing Balance		35.24	28.62
26 Current tax liabilities (Net)			
Provision for Tax (Net of Incom lakhs)	ne Tax paid / TDS of Rs. 2178.85	260.89	146.84
(As at 31 March 2022 of Rs. 70	7.60 lakhs)		
	Total	260.89	146.84
27 Other Current Liabilities			
Statutory liabilities		326.92	302.05
Advance received for Assets hel	ld for sale	-	45.00
Advance from Customers		326.17	899.97
	Total	653.09	1,247.02

28 Revenue from operations

Particulars		For the Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakhs
a Sales of Products (Refer Note below)		33,112.26	27,126.92
b Other operating revenues			
- Testing charges		24.20	32.03
	Total	33,136.46	27,158.95

Note:

Revenue for sale of products is net of rebates/incentives/discounts for the year ended 31 March 2023 amounting to Rs. 100.31 Lakhs (previous year Rs. 52.43 Lakhs).

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

28.1 Disaggregation of the revenue Information

The table below presents disaggregated revenues from contracts with customers by geography, offerings and contract-type for each of our business segments.

As per the management, the below disaggregation best depicts the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues and cash flows are affected by industry, market and other economic factors.

Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakhs
Revenue by Geography		
India	33,057.10	27,033.95
Outside India	79.36	125.00
Total revenue from contracts with customers	33,136.46	27,158.95
Revenue by offerings		
Manufactured goods		
Chemicals & Related Products / Services		
- Caustic Soda Lye	23,247.46	14,517.95
- Caustic Soda Flakes	2,068.34	1,239.35
- Chlorine	292.93	1,651.38
- Hydrogen	1,064.98	917.02
- Others	1,259.01	2,272.21
PVCO-Pipes		
- PVC-O Pipes	2,367.81	3,082.78
- Others	77.52	88.41
Traded Goods		
Chemicals & Related Products / Services		
- Caustic Soda Lye	1,338.14	1,944.94
PVCO-Pipes		
- PVC-O Pipes	1,396.07	908.79
- Resin	-	504.09
Other Operating Income		
Chemicals & Related Products / Services		
- Testing Charges	24.20	32.03
Total revenue from contracts with customers	33,136.46	27,158.95
Timing of recognition		
Goods & Services transferred at a point in time	33,136.46	27,158.95
Total revenue from contracts with customers	33,136.46	27,158.95

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

28.2 Trade Receivables and Contract Balances

The Group classifies the right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as receivable. A receivable is a right to consideration that is unconditional upon passage of time. Revenue is recognized as and when the related goods are delivered to the customer. Trade receivable are presented net of impairment in the Balance Sheet.

Contract liabilities include payments received in advance of performance under the contract, and are realized with the associated revenue recognized under the contract.

28.3 Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakhs
Contract Balances		
Gross Trade Receivables	2,400.26	2,338.55
Advance received from customers	431.17	1,014.97

The Group has applied practical expedient and has not disclosed information about remaining performance obligations in contracts where the original contract duration is one year or less or where the entity has the right to consideration that corresponds directly with the value of entity's performance completed to date.

28.4 Information about major customers

The Group is a manufacturer of caustic soda lye, flakes, liquid chlorine, hydrogen gas, pvco pipes and other products.

Revenues arising from direct sales above includes revenues of approximately Rs. 4,117.89 lakhs which arose from sales to the parent company's single large customer (Previous Year Rs. 4,512.71 Lakhs). Revenue from second largest customer which also contributed more than 10% of revenue was Rs. 3,891.21 Lakhs. (Previous Year - NA). No other single customers contributed 10% or more to the parent Company's revenue during the current and previous financial year

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakhs
29	Other Income		
(a)	Interest Income:		
	- Interest on fixed deposits with banks	23.74	25.07
	- Interest income on Income Tax refund	2.77	118.64
	- Other Interest income	35.77	28.32
(b)	Other Non Operating Income:		
	- Other Financial Assets (at Fair Value through Profit & Loss) (Refer note (i) below)		
	- Profit on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment (Net)	292.36	64.77
	- Liabilities no longer required written back	21.53	18.20
	- Miscellaneous Income	3.38	12.46
		172.97	302.78
	Total	552.52	570.24

(i) Note :

The amount represents a net gain on investments in Mutual Funds (Refer Note 11) comprising of an increase in fair value of Rs. 58.77 Lakhs (PY Rs. 6.25 Lakhs) and gain on redemption of investments of Rs. 233.51 Lakhs received during the year (PY Rs. 57.52 Lakhs)

30A Cost of Materials Consumed

Opening Stock		358.09	237.77
Add: Purchases		5,087.13	5,455.53
		5,445.22	5,693.30
Less: Sale of Raw Materials		169.93	449.74
Less: Closing Stock		433.73	358.09
Cost of Materials consumed		4,841.56	4,885.47
Materials Consumed Comprises of:			
Salt		3,048.96	2,580.38
Soda Ash		0.43	38.78
PVC Resin		1,457.80	1,891.77
Others (Refer Note (i) below)		334.37	374.54
	Total	4,841.56	4,885.47

Note:

(i) Others include raw materials none of which individually accounts for more than 10 % of the total consumption.



CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars		For the Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakhs
30B	Purchase of Stock in Trade			
	- Caustic Soda Lye		1,299.89	1,928.76
	- PVCO-Pipes		1,185.81	820.92
	- PVC Resin		-	499.59
			2,485.70	3,249.27
31	Changes in Inventories of Finished Goo	ds and Work in Progres	š\$	
	Opening Stock			
	Finished goods		422.47	334.80
	Work-in-Progress	_	121.36	113.15
			543.83	447.95
	Closing Stock			
	Finished goods		815.63	422.47
	Work-in-Progress	_	87.31	121.36
			902.94	543.83
	Net (Incre	ase)/decrease	(359.11)	(95.88)
32	Other Direct Manufacturing Expenses			
	Power and Fuel		9,530.83	8,719.45
	Labour Charges		352.29	201.80
	-	Total	9,883.12	8,921.25
32(i)	Exceptional Items			
	Provision towards true up charges (Refer note below)		337.96	
		Total	337.96	-
33	Note : During the year, the parent company receiv As per order Andhra Pradesh Central Power recover true up charges for power units com- per unit in 36 instalments commencing fro amount chargeable and disclosed Rs. 337.5 Employee Benefits Expense Salaries and Wages Contribution to Provident and other Funds	rer Distribution Corporationsumed for the period FY om 01.08.2022. According 96 Lakhs under Exceptions s (Refer Note 39)	ion Limited (APCPDCL) Y 2014-15 to FY 2018-19 agly the parent company l onal Items. 1,548.67 198.18	1,520.02 228.37
	Expense on employee stock based compens	sation (Refer Note 43)	60.68	84.19
	Expense on employee slock based compen-			
	Staff Welfare Expenses		122.96	135.86

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2023 Amount Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year ended 31 March 2022 Amount Rs. In Lakhs
34	Finance Cost		
	Interest on Borrowings	7.30	95.17
	Interest on Lease Liability (Refer Note 3)	17.18	6.13
	Total	24.48	101.30
35	Other Expenses		
	Stores and Spare parts consumed	589.60	440.67
	Rent	4.62	3.30
	Repairs and Maintenance - Plant and Equipment	196.05	299.03
	- Buildings	43.52	36.88
	Insurance	191.59	140.10
	Rates and Taxes	171.57	84.37
	Travelling Expenses	227.27	129.94
	Auditor's Remuneration (net of GST input credit)		
	- Statutory Audit	24.50	24.50
	- Limited Review	4.50	4.50
	- Other Certificates	-	1.75
	- Out of Pocket Expenses	0.83	0.83
	Commission to Directors (Refer Note 37)	600.00	420.00
	Sitting Fees (Refer Note 37)	13.88	10.93
	Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility	51.21	56.06
	Legal and Professional Fees	135.01	68.75
	Freight (Net)	422.86	136.94
	Advertisement	12.46	14.43
	Exchange variation (Net)	(6.71)	(4.21)
	Bad receivables / Other Deposits written off	1.26	8.78
	Provision for Impairment on Assets Held for sale	23.78	121.84
	Provision for Expected credit Loss on Trade Receivables	32.49	114.54
	Bank Charges	27.31	10.91
	Miscellaneous Expenses	540.20	442.18
		3,307.80	2,567.02

Note:

(i) Miscellaneous Expenses includes:

- Donations

24.50

1.07

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Amount Rs. In la				
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022		
36 a. Commitments				
(i) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed and not pro- vided for in these accounts (net of advances) in respect of purchase of :				
- Tangible assets	45,036.31	3,520.39		
b. Contingent liabilities in respect of				
(i) Claims against the Group not Acknowledged as debt	110.60	-		
(ii) Sales tax, Excise, Service Tax, Customs Duty and other demands against which the Parent Company has filed appeals and for which no provision is considered required as the Parent Company is hopeful of successful outcome in the appeals.	135.08	125.59		

Sl No.	Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues (Including Interest)	Disputed Amount (Net of Provision) Rs. In lakhs	Period (F.Y)	Forum where dispute is pending
1	The Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	7.09 (6.73)	June 2005 to January 2008	Commissioner (Appeals), Chennai
2	The Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	2.10 (1.97)	October 2011 to June 2012	Commissioner of Central Excise, Puducherry
3	The Customs Act, 1962	Customs Duty	82.06 (75.26)	F.Y. 2013-14	CESTAT
4	The Income Act, 1961	Income Tax	36.38 (28.64)	F.Y. 2002-03	The High Court of Madras
5	The Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017 The State Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017	GST	7.45 (12.99)	July 2017 to March 2020	Commissioner Appeals

Notes:

- (i) The amounts shown above represent best possible estimate carried on the basis of the available information. The uncertainties and possible reimbursement are dependent on the outcome of the various case proceedings which have been initiated by the Parent Company or the claimants, as the case may be, and therefore cannot be predicted accurately.
- (ii) Figures in bracket indicate previous year figures.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

37	Related party disclosuresa) List of Related parties and description of relationship	
	(i) Individuals exercising Significant influence	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao - Chairman
	(ii) Relatives of above	Mrs. K.M. Padma (Mother of Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao)
	(iii) Entities exercising significant influence over the Group	Dr Rao Holdings Pte Ltd
	(iv) Entities in which persons listed in (i) and (ii) above exercise significant influence	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited (TEAM)
	(v) Key Management Personnel (KMP) of the Group	Mr. V.M. Srinivasan - Chief Executive Officer Mr. S Prasath - Chief Financial Officer Mr. Nitin Cowlagi Seshgiri - Non Executive Director Mr. C.S.Ramesh - Non Executive Director Mrs. Drushti Desai - Non Executive Director Mr. Janakiraman A - Non Executive Director Mr. Mahendran R - Non Executive Director Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan - Non Executive Director Mr. T.Ramabadran - Non Executive Director
	(vii) Other related party	Chemfab Alkalis Limited Employee's Group Gratuity Trust

Note 1: The list above includes only parties with transactions during the year.

b) Transactions with related parties :

Nature of Transaction	Related Party	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
1. Transactions during the year			
a) Income			
Sale of Products	Titanium Equipment and Anode	21.60	-
b) Expenditure	Manufacturing Company Private Limited		
Purchase of Goods and Services	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	0.24	6.98
Services	Manufacturing Company Private Linned		
Lease Rent	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	3.29	10.83
Salaries, Perquisites and post employment benefits	Mr. V.M. Srinivasan	191.81	142.82
	Mr. S Prasath	46.03	40.00



Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Nature of Transaction	Related Party	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
c) Others			
Commission (paid out of the provision made during the previous year)	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	371.00	1.00
Commission (paid out of	Mr. C.S.Ramesh	9.63	4.88
the provision made during	Mrs. Drushti Desai	9.08	4.80
the previous year) and Sitting Fees (accrued during	Mr. Janakiraman A	8.88	4.65
the year)	Mr. Mahendran R	8.55	3.95
,	Mrs. Sujatha Jayarajan	8.95	4.43
	Mr. T.Ramabadran	9.63	4.88
	Mr. Nitin Cowlagi Seshgiri	8.18	4.35
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manu- facturing Company Private Limited	18.16	239.30
Contractually reimbursable expenses	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manu- facturing Company Private Limited	12.96	10.55
Contribution to employees post employment benefit plans	Chemfab Alkalis Limited Employee's Group Gratuity Trust	3.00	10.00
Dividend paid (Including	Mr. Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao	17.81	-
TDS)	Mrs. K.M. Padma	13.88	-
	Dr Rao Holdings Pte Ltd	84.51	-
	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manu- facturing Company Private Limited	13.40	-
	Mr. V.M. Srinivasan	2.23	-
	Mr. Prasath S	0.13	-
	Mr. Nitin Cowlagi Seshgiri	0.70	-

Note:

1) Purchases, Sales and Services above are inclusive of taxes

2) The above excludes Provision for Commission to Directors of Rs.600 lakhs (PY - Rs. 420 lakhs) made during the year.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Nature of Transaction	Related Party	As at 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
II. Balances Outstanding at the end	of the year		
Payables	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	136.47	120.53
Other Current Assets	Titanium Equipment and Anode Manufacturing Company Private Limited	-	3.93
Other employment benefits payable	Mr. V.M. Srinivasan	34.95	49.10
	Mr. Prasath S	12.16	10.02
Contribution to employees post employment benefit plans	Chemfab Alkalis Limited Employee's Group Gratuity Trust	474.25	373.88

Benefits included in Compensation of key management personnel of the Company are as below:

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
Mr. V.M. Srinivasan		
Salary and perquisite	139.26	112.34
Share-based payment transactions perquisite	44.92	22.98
Post employment benefits	7.63	7.50
Total	191.81	142.82
Mr. Prasath S		
Salary and perquisite	29.51	27.91
Share-based payment transactions perquisite	9.31	5.60
Post employment benefits	7.21	6.49
Total	46.03	40.00

38 Earnings Per Share

Net Profit for the year has been used as the numerator and number of shares has been used as denominator for calculating the basic and diluted earnings per share.

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 Rs. In Lakhs	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022 Rs. In Lakhs
Face Value Per Share - Rs.	10	10
Net Profit / (Loss) attributable to the Equity shareholders (A) - Rs. In Lakhs	6,458.33	2,874.68
Weighted average Number of Shares (B)	14160974	14122397
Add: Effects of ESOP which are dilutive in nature	144948	108086
Weighted average Number of Shares for Diluted EPS (C)	14305922	14230483
Basic Earnings per Share (A/B) - Rs.	45.61	20.36
Diluted Earnings per Share (A/C)- Rs.	45.14	20.20

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

39 Employee benefit plans

I Defined contribution plans

The Parent Company makes Provident Fund, Superannuation Fund which are defined contribution plans, for qualifying employees. During the year, the Group has recognised the following amounts under Defined Contribution Plan in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

Amount De In Jalaha

	All	ount Ks. In lakits	
	For the Y	For the Year Ended	
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund/Pension Scheme	125.75	112.32	
Employer's Contribution to Superannuation Fund	20.86	21.71	
Employer's Contribution to Employee Deposit Linked Insurance scheme	1.65	1.61	
	148.26	135.64	

II Defined benefit plans

The Parent Company operates a gratuity plan covering qualifying employees. The benefit payable is calculated as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 and the benefit vests upon completion of five years of continuous service and once vested it is payable to employees on retirement or on termination of employment. In case of death while in service, the gratuity is payable irrespective of vesting. The Parent Company makes annual contribution to the group gratuity scheme administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India and Aditya Birla Sun Life Insurance Company Limited. Gratuity has been accrued based on actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date, carried out by an independent actuary.

There were no employees in the rolls of the Chemfab Alkalis Karaikal Limited as at 31 March 2022.

(a) Amount recognised in the statement of profit & loss in respect of the defined benefit plan are as follows :

	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	
	Amount	Amount	
Particulars	Rs. In lakhs	Rs. In lakhs	
Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss			
Current service cost	46.19	87.49	
Net interest expense	3.73	5.24	
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	49.92	92.73	
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability:			
Return on plan assets (excluding amount included in net interest expense)	(6.07)	2.00	
Actuarial gains and loss arising from changes in financial assumptions	99.59	(64.67)	
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	93.52	(62.67)	
Total defined benefit cost recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	143.44	30.06	

(i) The current service cost and interest expense for the year are included in the "Employee Benefit Expenses" in the statement of profit & loss under the line item "Contribution to Provident and Other Funds"

(ii) The remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability is included in other comprehensive income.

(b) The amount included in the balance sheet arising from the entity's obligation in respect of defined benefit plan is as follows :

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Particulars	Amount Rs. In lakhs	Amount Rs. In lakhs
Net asset / (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet		
1. Present value of defined benefit obligation	(663.98)	(495.62)
2. Fair value of plan assets	474.25	437.56
Net asset / (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet	(189.73)	(58.06)
Current portion of the liability included under Note 25	72.21	38.09
Non-Current portion of the liability included under Note 20	117.52	19.97
	189.73	58.06

(c) Movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows :

	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	
Particulars	Amount Rs. In lakhs	Amount Rs. In lakhs	
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	495.62	488.63	
Expenses Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss:			
-Current service cost	46.19	87.49	
-Interest cost	34.57	32.71	
Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income:			
Remeasurement gains / (losses):			
-Actuarial gains and loss arising from changes in financial assumptions	99.59	(64.67)	
Benefits paid	(11.99)	(48.54)	
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	663.98	495.62	

(d) Movement in fair value of plan assets are as follows :

	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	
Particulars	Amount Rs. In lakhs	Amount Rs. In lakhs	
Change in fair value of assets during the year			
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	437.56	402.09	
Expenses Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss:			
Expected return on plan assets	30.84	27.48	
Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income:			
Return on plan assets (excluding amount included in net interest expense)	6.07	(2.00)	
Contributions by employer	11.77	58.53	
Benefits paid	(11.99)	(48.54)	
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	474.25	437.56	

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(e) The fair value of plan assets plan at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Investment Funds with Insurance Company		
-Aditya Birla Sun Life Insurance Company Limited	12.35%	12.49%
-Life Insurance Corporation of India	87.65%	87.51%

The plan assets comprise insurer managed funds. None of the assets carry a quoted market price in active market or represent the entity's own transferable financial instruments or property occupied by the entity

(f) The principal assumptions used for the purpose of actuarial valuation were as follows :

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Discount rate	7.16%	7.05%
Expected return on plan assets	7.05%	6.83%
Salary escalation	10%	7%
Attrition	7%	6%
Mortality tables	India Assured Life (2012-14)	India Assured Life (2012-14)

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of defined obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase rate and mortality. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period while holding all other assumptions constant:

		Amount Rs. In lakhs
	Increase	Increase
Impact on the Defined benefit Obligation	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Change in the discount rate by 50 basis point	17.28	13.18
Change in Attrition rate by 50 basis point	(2.09)	(0.13)
Change in Expected rate of salary increase by 50 basis point	(18.28)	(14.29)

	Decrease	Decrease	
Impact on the Defined benefit Obligation	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
Change in the discount rate by 50 basis point	(17.28)	(13.88)	
Change in Attrition rate by 50 basis point	2.09	0.14	
Change in Expected rate of salary by 50 basis point	18.28	13.70	

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligations as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore in presenting the above sensitivity analysis the present value of defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the balance sheet.

There is no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from the prior years.

(g) Effect of plan on Entity's future cash flows

(i) Funding arrangements and funding policy

The Parent Company has a gratuity fund to provide for payment of gratuity to the employees. Every year, the insurance Company carries out a funding valuation based on the latest employee data provided by the company. The deficit in the assets in funded by the company

(ii) The Parent Company expects to make a contribution of Rs. 10 Lakhs during the next financial year

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

- (iii) The weighted average duration of the benefit obligation as at 31 March 2023 is 6.0 years (6.1 years as at 31 March 2022)
- (iv) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation:

Expected cash flows (valued on undiscounted basis):	Amount Rs. In lakhs
within 1 year	72.21
2 to 5 years	404.98
6 to 10 years	272.67

Experience adjustments

Gratuity	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
Present value of DBO	663.98	495.62
Fair value of plan assets	474.25	437.56
Experience gain / (loss) adjustments on plan liabilities	(99.59)	64.67
Experience gain / (loss) adjustments on plan assets	6.07	(2.00)

Details relating to the experience adjustments are provided to the extent information is available.

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

40 Financial Instruments

(I) Capital Management

The Group manages capital risk in order to maximize shareholders' profit by maintaining sound/optimal capital structure. For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes equity share Capital and Other Equity and Debt includes Borrowings and Current Maturities of Long term Debt net of Cash and bank balances and short term investments. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the following gearing ratio. There is no change in the overall capital risk management strategy of the Group compared to last year.

Gearing Ratio :

		(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Borrowings	0.63	685.10
Short Term Investments	(6,823.26)	(3,062.93)
Cash and Bank Balances	(366.99)	(757.85)
Net Debt (A)	(7,189.62)	(3,135.68)
Total Equity (B)	36,135.44	29,800.18
Net Debt to equity ratio (A/B)	-0.20	-0.11

(II) Categories of Financial Instruments

(a) Financial Assets

		(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income	e (FVTOCI)	
- Investments	6.55	4.53
Measured at fair value through P&L (FVTPL)		
- Investments	6,823.26	3,062.93
Measured at amortised cost		
- Trade receivables	2,173.21	2,143.99
- Cash and Cash Equivalents	98.39	220.73
- Bank Balances other than above	268.60	537.12
- Other Financial Assets	227.22	237.47
Total	9597.23	6206.77

(b) Financial Liabilities :

		(Amount Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Measured at amortised cost		
- Borrowings	0.63	685.10
- Trade Payables	2,768.91	2,020.10
- Lease Liabilities	235.05	179.56
- Other financial liabilities	664.39	693.41
Total	3669.00	3578.53

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(III) Financial Risk Management Framework

The Group manages financial risk relating to the operations through internal risk reports which analyse exposure by degree and magnitude of risk. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group does not enter into or trade financial instruments including derivative financial instruments for speculative purpose.

(IV) Foreign Currency Risk Management :

The Group undertakes transactions denominated in foreign currencies and consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arises. The Group has not entered into any derivate contracts during the year ended 31 March 2023 and there are no outstanding contracts as at 31 March 2023.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of each reporting period are as follows :

		As at 31 March 2023		As at 31	March 2022
Particulars	Currency	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount - Rs. In lakhs	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount - Rs. In lakhs
Capital Creditors	EURO	185000	165.77	214927.08	181.96
Trade Payables	USD	108570	87.99	-	-
Trade Receivables	USD	35237.27	30.07	40096.49	27.86
Borrowings	EURO	-	-	816054.9	685.10

All of the above exposures have not been hedged

(V) Foreign Currency sensitivity analysis:

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in INR against the relevant foreign currencies. 5% is the rate used in order to determine the sensitivity analysis considering the past trends and expectation of the management for changes in the foreign currency exchange rate. The sensitivity analysis includes the outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates a increase in profit / decrease in loss and increase in equity where the INR strengthens 5% against the relevant currency. For a 5% weakening of the INR against the relevant currency, there would be a comparable impact on the profit or loss and equity and balance below would be negative.

Impact on Profit and loss for the reporting period

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2022
	Increase by 5%	Decrease by 5%	Increase by 5%	Decrease by 5%
USD	(0.04)	0.04	0.02	(0.02)
EURO	(0.09)	0.09	(0.52)	0.52

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Impact on total equity as at the end of the reporting period			(Amo	ount Rs. In Lakhs)
	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2022		
Particulars	Increase by 5%	Decrease by 5%	Increase by 5%	Decrease by 5%
USD	(0.04)	0.04	0.02	(0.02)
EURO	(0.09)	0.09	(0.52)	0.52

Note :

This is mainly attributable to the exposure of receivable and payable outstanding in the above mentioned currencies to the Group at the end of the reporting period.

(VI) Forward foreign exchange contracts : There are no forward foreign exchange contracts outstanding as at 31 March 2023

(VII) Liquidity Risk Management :

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Group cannot meet its financial obligations. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and banking facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching maturing profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities in accordance with the approved risk management policy of the Group.

Liquidity and Interest Risk Tables :

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Group may be required to pay.

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Upto 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	5 years and above	Total
	Ital	1-5 Teals	5-5 Tears	above	IUtal
March 31, 2023					
Interest bearing	72.43	36.24	19.55	107.46	235.68
Non-interest bearing	3,297.17	74.38	1.80	59.97	3,433.32
Total	3,369.60	110.62	21.35	167.43	3,669.00
March 31, 2022					
Interest bearing	723.57	27.90	12.47	111.15	875.09
Non-interest bearing	2,488.58	156.18	8.80	49.96	2,703.52
Total	3212.15	184.08	21.27	161.11	3,578.61

Interest Rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for term loan at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A change (decrease/increase) of 100 basis points in interest rates for term loan at the reporting date would increase/(decrease) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Impact on Profit and Loss for the re	eporting period		(Am	ount Rs. In Lakhs)	
	As at 31	March 2023	As at 31 March 2022		
	Increase by	Decrease by	Increase by	Decrease by	
Particulars	100 bps	100 bps	100 bps	100 bps	
Impact on Profit and Loss for the reporting period	-	-	-	-	

Impact on Total Equity as at end of the reporting period

	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 Ma	rch 2022
	Increase by Decrease by		Increase by	Decrease by
Particulars	100 bps	100 bps	100 bps	100 bps
Impact on Total Equity as at end of the reporting period	-	-	-	-

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial Assets with agreed repayment periods. The Group does not hold any derivative financial instrument.

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

	Upto				Total
Particulars	1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	5 years and above	
March 31, 2023					
Interest bearing	7,096.95	53.77	-	84.71	7,235.43
Non-interest bearing	2319.87	20.23	1.22	20.49	2,361.80
Total	9416.82	74.00	1.22	105.20	9,597.23
March 31, 2022					
Interest bearing	3612.59	53.10	-	85.26	3,750.95
Non-interest bearing	2418.60	23.47	1.22	12.54	2,455.82
Total	6031.19	76.57	1.22	97.80	6,206.77

Non-interest rate bearing financial assets disclosed above includes Trade Receivable, Cash, Balances with banks held in current accounts and Other Financial Assets.

Fixed interest rate instruments disclosed above represents balances with banks held in deposit accounts and discounted financial assets.

(VIII) Credit Risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a customer or a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The carrying amount of the financial assets recorded in these financial statements, grossed up for any allowance for losses, represents the maximum exposures to credit risk.

(IX) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required)

The Management considers that the carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

(X) Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group has not offset financial assets and financial liabilities.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

41 Fair Value Hierarchy

This note provides information about how the Group determines fair value of various financial assets and liabilities

(I) Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Amount Rs. In lakhs)

	Fair Value as at		Fair Value	Valuation techniques and
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	Hierarchy	key inputs
Financial Assets				
- Investment in quoted Equity Instruments at FVTOCI	6.55	4.53	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market
- Other Investments at FVTPL	6,823.26	3,062.93	Level 1	Based on fund statement
Total	6,829.81	3,067.46	-	-

(II) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (Non-recurring) : (Amount Rs. In lakhs)

			(Allo	unt Ks. In lakns)
	As at 31 M	arch 2023	As at 31 M	arch 2022
Particulars	Carrying Value Fair Value		Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial assets at amortised cost:				
- Trade receivables	2,173.21	2173.21	2143.99	2,143.99
- Cash and Cash Equivalents	98.39	98.39	220.73	220.73
- Bank Balances other than above	268.60	268.6	537.12	537.12
- Other financial assets	227.22	227.22	237.47	237.47
Total	2767.42	2767.42	3,139.31	3,139.31
Financial liabilities held at amortised cost	•			
- Borrowings	0.63	0.63	685.10	685.10
- Trade Payables	2,768.93	2,768.93	2,020.46	2,020.46
- Lease Liabilities	235.05	235.05	179.56	179.56
- Other financial liabilities	664.39	664.39	693.41	693.41
Total	3,669.00	3669.00	3578.53	3578.53

Fair value hierarchy as at 31 March 2023

			(Am	ount Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at amortised cost:				
- Cash and Cash Equivalents	98.39	-	-	98.39
- Bank Balances other than above	268.60	-	-	268.60
- Trade receivables		-	2,173.21	2,173.21
- Other financial assets	45.52	-	181.70	227.22
	412.51	-	2,354.91	2,767.42

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Financial liabilities held at amortised cost :						
			(Am	ount Rs. In lakhs)		
Particulars Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total						
- Trade Payables	-	-	2,768.93	2,768.93		
- Lease Liabilities	-	-	235.05	235.05		
- Other financial liabilities	-	-	664.39	664.39		
	-	-	3,669.00	3,669.00		

Fair value hierarchy as at 31 March 2022

			(Am	ount Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at amortised cost:				
- Cash and Cash Equivalents	220.73	-	-	220.73
- Bank Balances other than above	537.12	-	-	537.12
- Trade receivables		-	2,143.99	2,143.99
- Other financial assets	44.85	-	192.62	237.47
-	802.70	-	2,336.61	3,139.31
Financial liabilities held at amortised cost :				
- Borrowings	-	-	685.10	685.10
- Trade Payables	-	-	2,020.46	2,020.46
- Lease Liabilities	-	-	179.56	179.56
- Other financial liabilities	-	-	693.41	693.41
	-	-	3,578.53	3,578.53

42 Segment Information

Description of segments and principal activities

The Group identifies its operating segment based on the nature and class of product and services, nature of production process and assessment of differential risks and returns and financial reporting results reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of performance. Operating segments have been identified on the basis of the nature of products/ services and have been identified as per the quantitative criteria specified in the Ind AS. For financial statements presentation purposes, individual operating segments have been aggregated into a single operating segment after taking into consideration the similar nature of the products, production processes and other risk factors.

Specifically, the Group's reportable segments under Ind AS are as follows:

1) Chemicals and related Products/Services

2) PVC-O Pipes

Geographical segments

The geographical segments considered for disclosure are based on markets, broadly as India and Others

Segment accounting policies

In addition to the significant accounting policies applicable to the business segment as set out in note 1.17, the accounting policies in relation to segment accounting are as under:

Operating revenues and expenses related to both third party and inter-segment transactions are included in determining the segment results of each respective segment. Inter segment sales are eliminated in consolidation

Other income earned and finance expense incurred are not allocated to individual segment and the same has been reflected at the Group level for segment reporting.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

The total assets disclosed for each segment include all operating assets used by each segment, and primarily include receivables, property, plant and equipment, intangibles, inventories, operating cash and bank balances, inter-segment assets and exclude, deferred tax assets and income tax etc.

Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities and exclude external borrowings, provision for taxes, deferred tax liabilities etc.

(Amount Rs. In lakhs)

I. Segment revenues and results

	Business segments					
	Chemicals and related					
Particulars	Products/Services	PVC-O Pipes	Total			
Revenue						
- Current Year	29,295.06	3,856.18	33,151.24			
- Previous Year	22,574.88	4,584.07	27,158.95			
Less: Inter-segment revenue						
- Current Year		14.78	14.78			
- Previous Year						
Total						
- Current Year	29,295.06	3,841.40	33,136.46			
- Previous Year	22,574.88	4,584.07	27,158.95			
Segment result before exceptional item						
- Current Year	8,720.69	33.09	8,753.78			
- Previous Year	3,762.45	(321.22)	3,441.23			
Less: Exceptional Item						
- Current Year	(337.04)	(0.92)	(337.96)			
- Previous Year						
Segment result after exceptional item						
- Current Year	8,383.65	32.17	8,415.82			
- Previous Year	3,762.45	(321.22)	3,441.23			
Finance Cost						
- Current Year			24.48			
- Previous Year			101.30			
Operating income						
- Current Year			8,391.34			
- Previous Year			3,339.95			
Other income						
- Current Year			552.52			
- Previous Year			570.24			
Profit before taxes						
- Current Year			8943.86			
- Previous Year			3,910.19			
Tax expense						
- Current Year			2485.53			
- Previous Year			1,035.51			
Profit for the year						
- Current Year			6,458.33			
- Current Year			2,874.68			

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Business se	egments		
Particulars	Chemicals and related Products/Services	PVC-O Pipes	Total	
Segment assets				
- Current Year	23,081.48	8,042.35	31,123.83	
- Previous Year	20,121.27	7,745.65	27,866.92	
Unallocable assets				
- Current Year			10,085.78	
- Previous Year			7,351.45	
Total assets				
- Current Year			41,209.61	
- Previous Year			35,218.37	
Segment liabilities				
- Current Year	4,116.47	681.41	4,797.88	
- Previous Year	3,440.75	1,119.67	4,560.42	
Unallocable liabilities				
- Current Year			276.29	
- Previous Year			857.77	
Total liabilities				
- Current Year			5,074.17	
- Previous Year			5,418.19	
Other information				
Capital expenditure				
- Current Year	4,992.97	768.25	5,761.22	
- Previous Year	1,768.37	251.30	2,019.67	
Depreciation and amortisation				
- Current Year	1,614.93	678.19	2,293.12	
- Previous Year	1497.52	724.61	2222.13	

Information on geographic segments:

(Amount Rs. In lakhs)

Geographical Segment	Revenues for the year ended 31 March 2023	Non - Current Assets as at 31 March 2023 (Refer Note 2 below)
India		
- Current Year	33057.10	25,628.45
- Previous Year	27033.95	21,951.63
Others		
- Current Year	79.36	-
- Previous Year	125.00	-

Note:

1) Also Refer Note 1.17.

2) Non current assets excludes deferred tax assets and income tax assets.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

43 Employee Stock Option Scheme

a) The details of the Employee stock option schemes approved by the shareholders are as below:

Option Plan	Number	Grant Date	Exercise price in Rs.	Fair value on the date of grant in Rs.
"CAESOS 2015" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock OptionScheme 2015]	240000	24-Mar-16	52.43	74.90
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock OptionScheme 2020]	322000	29-Oct-20	97.83	139.75
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock OptionScheme 2020]	24400	23-May-22	134.79	192.55

The options may be exercised within a period of 12 months from the date of vesting and the vesting plan of the stock option schemes are as below:

CAESOS 2015

25% of the Options - Two years from the date of grant.25% of the Options - Three years from the date of grant.50% of the Options - Four years from the date of grant.

CAESOS 2020

25% of the Options - One year from the date of grant.25% of the Options - Two years from the date of grant.25% of the Options - Three years from the date of grant.25% of the Options - Four years from the date of grant.

b) Employee stock options details as on the balance sheet date are as follows:

		he year ended March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022	
Particulars	Options (Numbers)	Weighted average exercise price per option (Rs.)	Options (Numbers)	Weighted average exercise price per option (Rs.)
"CAESOS 2015" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2015]	NA	NA	NA	NA
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]				
Option outstanding at the beginning of the year:	257500	97.83	322000	97.83
Add: Granted during the year:	24400	134.79	-	-
Less: Exercised during the year:	(58,500)	97.83	(64500)	97.83
Less: Lapsed during the year:	-	-	-	-
Options outstanding at the end of the year:	2,23,400	101.87	2,57,500	97.83
The exercise price has been determined on the basis of the weighted average share price of Chemfab Alkalis Limited as at the grant date.	NA	101.87	NA	97.83

Weighted average remaining contractual life for options outstanding as at 31 March 2023 - 2 Years (As at 31 March 2022 - 3 Years)

* Out of the above, shares relating to 10,500 options are pending allotment as at 31 March 2023 (PY 200)

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

c) The assumptions used in this model for calculating fair value on date of grant are as below:

"CAESOS 2015" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2015] (Using Black-Scholes model)

Assumptions	25 % options	25 % options	50 % options
Risk Free Interest Rate	7.44%	7.49%	7.53%
Expected Life	3.5	4	4.5
Expected Annual Volatility of Shares	45%	44%	44%
Expected Dividend Yield	25%	25%	25%

43 Employee Stock Option Scheme (Cont..)

"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020] (Using Black-Scholes model)

Assumptions	25 % options	25 % options	25 % options	25 % options
Risk Free Interest Rate	7.5%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Expected Life	1	2	3	4
Expected Annual Volatility of Shares	64.78%	55.79%	57.14%	55.92%
Expected Dividend Yield	12.50%	12.50%	12.50%	12.50%

d) Stock Options exercised during the year

	Number	Exercise	Exercise
Option Plan	Exercised	date	price in Rs.
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	3000	20-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	2000	21-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	5-Apr-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	500	8-Apr-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	9-May-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	200	15-Jun-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	6-Sep-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	300	7-Sep-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	500	12-Sep-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	300	14-Sep-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	200	19-Sep-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	100	3-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	100	14-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	200	18-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	300	19-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	300	22-Oct-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	5000	14-Nov-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	5000	2-Dec-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	5000	23-Dec-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	5000	23-Jan-23	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	2000	24-Jan-23	97.83

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Option Plan	Number Exercised	Exercise date	Exercise price in Rs.
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	3000	27-Jan-23	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	5000	31-Jan-23	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	5500	23-Mar-23	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	2000	9-Jan-23	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	28-Nov-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	29-Nov-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	8-Dec-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	1000	16-Dec-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	2000	24-Dec-22	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	2000	27-Jan-23	97.83
"CAESOS 2020" [Chemfab Alkalis Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020]	2000	30-Jan-23	97.83

e) Total expense accounted for by the Parent Company on account of the above are given below:

	(At	mount Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
ESOP cost accounted by the Company (Refer Note 33)	60.68	84.19
Total	60.68	84.19

	Net Assets (Total Assets minus Total Liabilities) as at 31 March 2023	otal Assets iabilities) as ch 2023	Share in Profit or (Loss) for the year ended 31 March 2023	.oss) for the year arch 2023	Share in Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 March 2023	Other ensive the year rrch 2023	Share in Total Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 March 2023	orehensive Income 31 March 2023
Name of the Entities in the group	As a % of consolidated	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	As a % of consolidated	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	As a % of consolidated	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	As a % of consolidated	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)
A. Parent Chemfab Alkalis Limited	88.83%	32099.54	102.53%	6621.74	100%	(64.27)	102.56%	6557.47
B. Wholly Owned Subsidiary Chemfab Alkalis 11.17° Karaikal Limited	Subsidiary 11.17%	4035.90	(2.53%)	(163.41)	ı	ı	(2.56%)	(163.41)
Total	100%	36135.44	100%	6458.33	100%	(64.27)	100%	6394.06
	Net Assets (Total Assets minus Total Liabilities) as at 31 March 2022	otal Assets 1s 5011 (1992) 1111 (1992) 111 (1992)	Share in Profit or (Loss) for the year ended 31 March 2022	.oss) for the year d	Share in Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 March 2022	Other ensive the year d	Share in Total Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 March 2022	omprehensive e year ended h 2022
Name of the Entities in the group	As a % of consolidated	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	As a % of consolidated	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	As a % of consolidated	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	As a % of consolidated	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)
A. Parent Chemfab Alkalis Limited	96.37%	28717.87	100.32%	2883.84	100%	45.69	100.31%	2929.52
B. Wholly Owned Subsidiary Chemfab Alkalis 3.63% Karaikal Limited	Subsidiary 3.63%	1082.31	(0.32%)	(9.16)	0.00%	ı	(0.31%)	(9.16)
Total	100%	JA0AA 10	1000/	07.1800				

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

CHEMFAB ALKALIS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

45	RATIOS	Numerator	Denominator	2022-23	2021-22	Variance %	Reason for Variance
(a)	Current Ratio (in	Total Current Assets	Total Current	2.71	1.82	49%	Improved mainly due to
	times)		Liabilities				increase in current invest- ments under the head current assets
(b)	Debt- equity Ratio (in times)	Debts consists of borrowings and lease liabilities	Total Equity	0.01	0.03	-78%	There is an improvement in debt equity ratio on account of decrease in borrowings due to repayment of term loan during the year and higher profitability
(c)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses + Interest + Other non- cash adjustments	Debt service = Interest and lease payments + Princi- pal repayments	11.66	2.16	440%	There is an improvement in the ratio due to increase in profitability and reduction in finance cost due to repay- ment of term loan
(d)	Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Profit for the year less Preference dividend (if any)	Average total equity	19.59%	10.17%	93%	There is improvement in ratio due to increase in profitability mainly due to increase in realisation of products
(e)	Inventory turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from Operations	Average Inventory	23.03	25.71	-10%	No major variance
(f)	Trade Receivables turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from Operations	Average Trade Receivables	15.35	14.84	3%	No major variance
(g)	Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	Total Expenses - Finance Cost - Depre- ciation and Amortisa- tion Expenses	Average Trade Payables	9.22	11.18	-17%	No major variance
(h)	Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from Operations	Average working capital (i.e. Total current assets less Total current liabilities)	4.22	6.53	-35%	There is a decrease in the ratio mainly due to increase in current investments under the head current assets
(i)	Net profit ratio (in %)	Profit for the Year	Revenue from Operations	19.49%	10.58%	84%	There is improvement in ratio due to increase in profitability mainly due to increase in realisation of products
(j)	Return on Capital employed (in %)	Profit before tax and finance costs	Capital employed =Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability- Deferred Tax Asset	26.97%	15.03%	79%	There is improvement in ratio due to increase in profitability mainly due to increase in realisation of products
(k)	Return on invest- ment (in %)	Income generated from Other invest- ments under Current Financial Assets	Average of Other investments under Current Financial Assets	5.91%	2.37%	149%	Improved due to increase in yeild for Current Investments leading to higher income

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

		(Amount Rs. in lak
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Employee Benefits expense	31.86	26.68
Professional fees	3.20	2.51
Consumption of Stores and spares	26.38	8.19
Travelling expenses	_	0.01
Depreciation	4.09	2.96
Total	65.53	40.35

47 Relationship with struck off companies

Name of the Struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck off company	Balance outstanding (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)	Relationship with the struck off company, if any, to be disclosed
Year ended 31 March 2023			
Nathanz Chemicals Pvt Ltd.	Receivables	0.27	NA
Year ended 31 March 2022			
Nathanz Chemicals Pvt Ltd.	Receivables	0.68	NA

- 48 The Board of Directors of the Parent company have recommended a final dividend of 12.50% (Rs. 1.25 per Equity Share of Rs. 10 each) for the financial year 2022-23 which is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Parent Company.
- 50 Additional Regulatory Information
- (i) The Group has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets during the year.
- (ii) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Group as at 31 March 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act,1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder
- (iii) The Group does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- (iv) The Group has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year. The Group has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (v) The quarterly returns or statements comprising (stock statements, book debt statements, credit monitoring arrangement reports, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors/other receivables, and other stipulated financial information filed by the Group with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Group of the respective quarters.
- (vi) The Group does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (vii) The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (viii) The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (ix) The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,

Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

- (x) The Group does not have any Scheme of Arrangements which have been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Act.
- (xi) The Group has complied with the the number of layers prescribed under of Section 2(87) of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- (xii) The Group has utilised the borrowing amount taken from financial institutions for the purpose as stated in the sanction letter.
- 51 The Code on Wages, 2019 and Code of Social Security, 2020 ("the Codes") relating to employee compensation and post employment benefits that received Presidential assent and the related rules thereof for quantifying the financial impact have not been notified. The Group will assess the impact of the Codes when the rules are notified and will record any related impact in the period the Codes become effective.
- 52 The Board of Directors of the Parent Company has reviewed the realisable value of all the current assets and has confirmed that the value of such assets in the ordinary course of business will not be less than the value at which these are recognized in the financial statements. In addition, the Board has also confirmed the carrying value of the non-current assets in the financial statements. The Board, duly taking into account all the relevant disclosures made, has approved these consolidated financial statements in its meeting held on 18 May 2023.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Suresh Krishnamurthi Rao Chairman DIN: 00127809 Place : Chennai

B Vignesh Ram Company Secretary Place : Chennai

Date : 18 May 2023

V M Srinivasan Chief Executive Officer

Place : Chennai

S Prasath Chief Financial Officer Place : Chennai



BOOKS TO SCHOOL ON PARENTING



CHEMFAB CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS MEDICAL ASSISTANCE TO SRILANKA THROUGH CII сп **GLMF POND** HERIT СП ROUND TA CII СП CII CII 1 CII



LIFT IRRIGATION PROJECT, BELGAUM



LIFT IRRIGATION PROJECT, NAMAKKAL



LIFT IRRIGATION PROJECT, COIMBATORE



LIFT IRRIGATION PROJECT, TIRUCHENGODE



LIFT IRRIGATION PROJECT, ERODE





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